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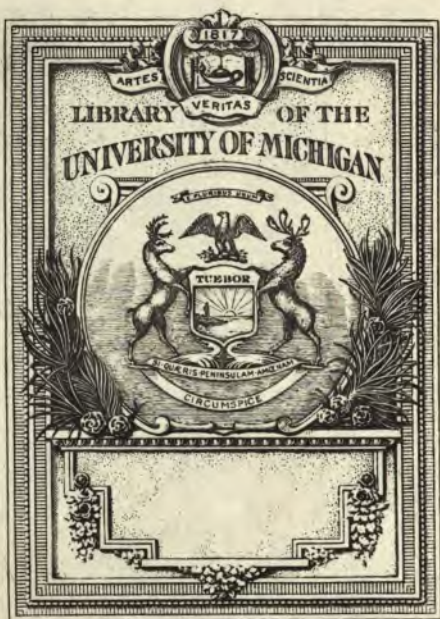
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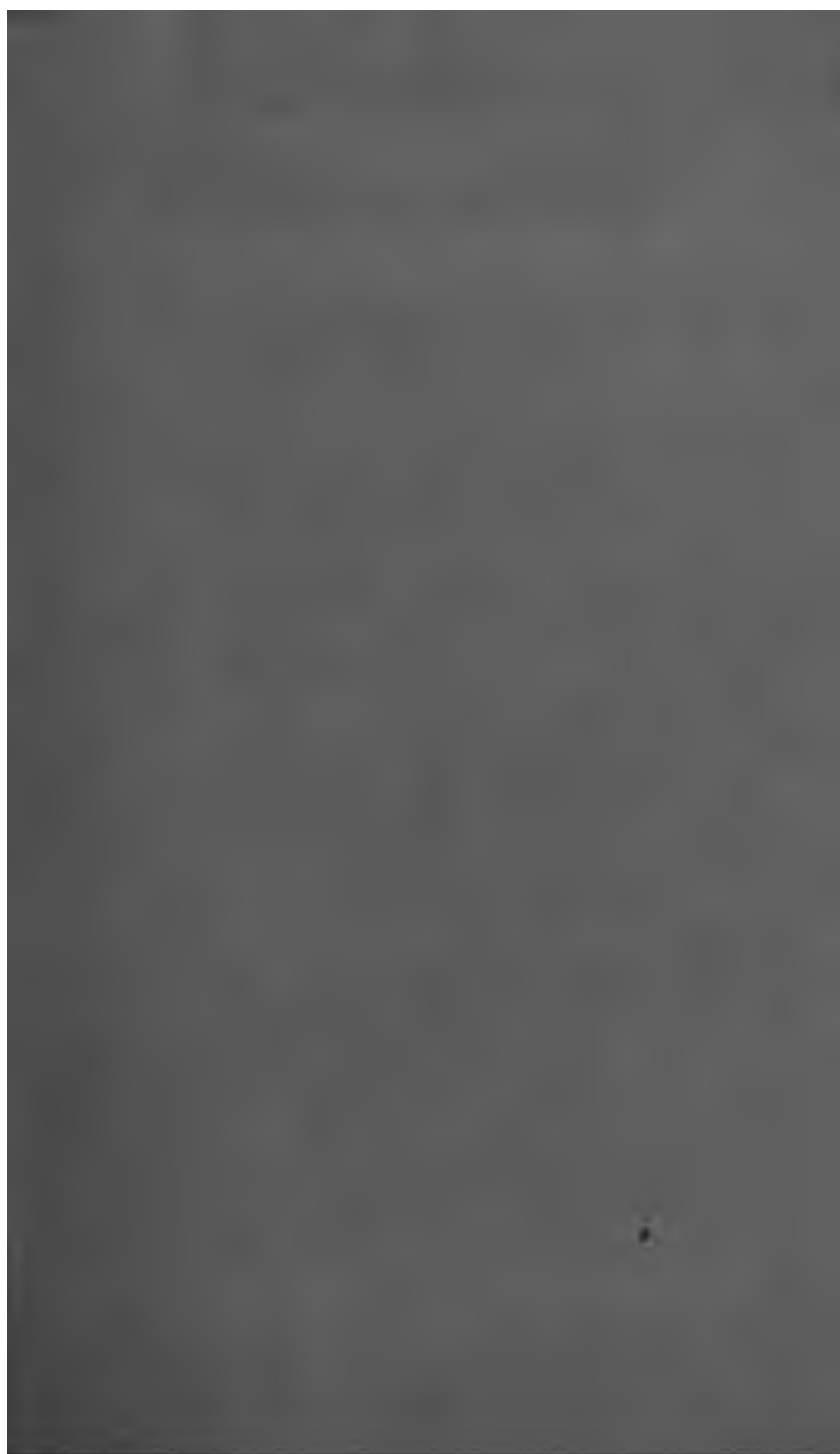
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James Stratton



A
CHRONOLOGICAL
REGISTER
OF BOTH
HOUSES
OF THE
British Parliament,
FROM THE UNION IN 1708,
TO THE
THIRD PARLIAMENT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT
BRITAIN AND IRELAND,
IN 1807.

BY
ROBERT BEATSON, LL.D.

IN THREE VOLUMES.

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GENERAL CONTENTS OF THE WORK.

- I. *A LIST of all the PARLIAMENTS, with the several Alterations which have happened by Deaths, Preferments, and undue Elections, from the UNION in 1708, to the First Session of the Third PARLIAMENT of the UNITED KINGDOM of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND in 1807.*
- II. *An Alphabetical LIST of all the COUNTIES, CITIES, and BOROUGHS, shewing the Time they first began to send Members, and their Rights of Election, as decided by the House.*
- III. *An Account of all the CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS, with the several Determinations concerning them, from the 29th of ELIZABETH, to the present Time.*
- IV. *An Alphabetical LIST of all the MEMBERS, and their Country Seats, shewing the several Counties, Cities, or Boroughs, which they have represented.*
- V. *The Heads of the STATUTES now in Force, concerning Elections.*
- VI. *A LIST of the PEERS of ENGLAND, who have sat in Parliament, from the UNION with SCOTLAND in 1708, to 1807.*
- VII. *A LIST of the SCOTS PEERS, who have been returned to all the Parliaments since the UNION with SCOTLAND in 1707.*
- VIII. *A LIST of the IRISH PEERS who have been returned to the United Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND, since the UNION in 1800.*

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James H. H. H.



No.		No.	
251	Cardigan county, <i>Wales.</i>	280	Dumbarton shire, <i>Scotland.</i>
252	Cardigan town, <i>Wales.</i>	21	Dunhivid, or Launceston, <i>Cornwall.</i>
235	Carlisle, <i>Cumberland.</i>		
253	Carmarthen county, <i>Wales.</i>	174	Dunwich, <i>Suffolk.</i>
254	Carmarthen town, <i>Wales.</i>	70	Durham county.
255	Carnarvon county, <i>Wales.</i>	71	Durham city.
256	Carnarvon town, <i>Wales.</i>	308	Dysart, Kirkcaldy, &c. <i>Scotland.</i>
119	Castlerising, <i>Norfolk.</i>		
276	Caithness and Bute shires, <i>Scotl.</i>	E.	
18	Chester county.	31	EASTLOW, <i>Cornwall.</i>
19	Chester city.	281	Edinburgh shire, <i>Scotl.</i>
188	Chichester, <i>Sussex.</i>	301	Edinburgh city, <i>Scotl.</i>
211	Chippenham, <i>Wilts.</i>	179	Edmond's Bury, St. <i>Suffolk.</i>
163	Christchurch, <i>Southam.</i>	282	Elgin shire, <i>Scotl.</i>
239	to 246 Cinque-Ports.	304	Elgin, Banff, &c. <i>Scotl.</i>
78	Cirencester, <i>Gloucester.</i>	72	Essex county.
277	Clackmannan and Kinross shires, <i>Scotland.</i>	222	Evesham, <i>Worcester.</i>
57	Clifton Dartm. Hard. <i>Devon.</i>	48	Exeter, <i>Devon.</i>
99	Clithero, <i>Lancaster.</i>	178	Eye, <i>Suffolk.</i>
44	Cockermouth, <i>Cumberland.</i>	F.	
73	Colchester, <i>Essex.</i>	283	FIFE shire, <i>Scotland.</i>
69	Corf-Castle, <i>Dorset.</i>	259	Flint county, <i>Wales.</i>
20	Cornwall county.	260	Flint town, <i>Wales.</i>
198	Coventry, <i>Warwick.</i>	284	Forfar shire, <i>Scotland.</i>
213	Cricklade, <i>Wilts.</i>	36	Fowey, <i>Cornwall.</i>
278	Cromarty and Nairn shires, <i>Scotland.</i>	G.	
42	Cumberland.	185	GATTON, <i>Surrey.</i>
D.		37	Germans, St. <i>Cornwall.</i>
57	DARTMOUTH, <i>Devon.</i>	261	Glamorgan county, <i>Wales.</i>
257	Denbigh county, <i>Wales.</i>	310	Glasgow, Dumbarton, &c. <i>Scotland.</i>
258	Denbigh town, <i>Wales.</i>	76	Gloucester county.
45	Derby county.	77	Gloucester city.
46	Derby town.	30	Grampound, <i>Cornwall.</i>
210	Devizes, <i>Wilts.</i>	108	Grantham, <i>Lincoln.</i>
47	Devon county.	106	Grimsby, Great <i>Lincoln.</i>
62	Dorchester, <i>Dorset.</i>	195	Grinstead, East <i>Sussex.</i>
60	Dorset county.	184	Guilford, <i>Surrey.</i>
240	Dover, Kent, <i>Cinque-Port.</i>	H.	
205	Downton, <i>Wilts.</i>		
221	Droitwich, <i>Worcester.</i>	285	HADDINGTON shire, <i>Scotl.</i>
279	Dumfries shire, <i>Scotland.</i>	312	Haddington, Jedburgh, &c. <i>Scotl.</i>
313	Dumfries, Kirkcudbright, &c. <i>Scotland.</i>	75	Harwich, <i>Essex.</i>
		186	Hasle-

No.		No.	
186	Haslemere, Surrey.	23	Lestwithiel, Cornwall.
239	Hastings, Sussex, Cinque-Port.	100	Liverpool, Lancaster.
268	Haverford-West, Wales.	191	Lewes, Sussex.
231	Hedon, York.	103	Lincoln county.
26	Hellstone, Cornwall.	104	Lincoln city.
80	Hereford county.	290	Linlithgow shire, Scott.
81	Hereford city.	311	Linlithgow, Selkirk, &c. Scott.
84	Hertford county.		
86	Hertford town.	168	Litchfield, Stafford.
207	Heytesbury, Wilts.	111	London, Middlesex.
124	Higham-Ferrers, Northam.	142	Ludlow, Salop.
206	Hindon, Wilts.	215	Ludgershall, Wilts.
54	Honiton, Devon.	63	Lyme-Regis, Dorset.
189	Horsham, Sussex.	164	Lymington, Southampton.
87	Huntingdon county.	116	Lynn-Regis, Norfolk.
88	Huntingdon town.		
242	Hythe, Kent, Cinque-Port.		M.
	I.	92	MAIDSTONE, Kent.
		274	Malden, Essex.
152	ILCHESTER, Somerset.	212	Malmsbury, Wilts.
286	Inverness shire, Scotland.	233	Malton, York.
303	Inverness, Nairn, &c. Scott.	218	Marlborough, Wilts.
173	Ipswich, Suffolk.	14	Marlow, Great, Bucks.
35	Ives, St. Cornwall.	40	Mawes, St. Cornwall.
	K.	65	Melcom-Regis, Dorset.
89	KENT county.	263	Merioneth county, Wales.
287	Kincardine shire, Scott.	38	Michael, St. Cornwall.
226	Kingston-upon-Hull, York.	109	Middlesex county.
277	Kinross and Clackmannan shires, Scott.	190	Midhurst, Sussex.
288	Kirkcudbright stewartry, Scott.	153	Milburn-Port, Somerset.
		151	Minthead, Somerset.
302	Kirkwall, &c. Scott.	112	Monmouth county.
227	Knaresborough, York.	113	Monmouth town.
	L.	264	Montgomery county, Wales.
94	LANCASTER county.	265	Montgomery town, Wales.
96	Lancaster town.	117	Morpeth, Northum.
289	Lanark shire, Scott.		N.
21	Launceston, Cornwall.	278	NAIRN and Cromarty shires, Scott.
101	Leicester county.	132	Newark-upon-Trent, Notting.
102	Leicester town.	170	Newcastle-under-Line, Staff.
82	Lempster, or Leominster, Heref.	126	Newcastle-upon-Tyne, North.
22	Leskeard, Cornwall.	39	Newport, Cornwall.
		160	Newport alias Medena, Southam.
			97 New,

No.		No.		
97	Newton,	131	Retford, East,	Notting.
162	Newtown,	230	Richmond,	York.
114	Norfolk county.	229	Rippon,	York.
237	Northallerton,	91	Rochester,	Kent.
120	Northampton county.	243	Romney N. Kent,	Cinque mort
122	Northampton Town.	295	Ross shire,	Scotl.
125	Northumberland county.	295	Roxburgh shire,	Scotl.
115	Norwich,	138	Rutland county.	
129	Nottingham county.	244	Rye,	Cinque-Port.
130	Nottingham town.	183	Ryegate,	Surrey.

O.

S.

51	OAKHAMPTON,	Devon.	139	SALOP county.	
175	Orford,	Suffolk.	143	Salop town.	
291	Orkney and Zetland	shire,	27	Saltash,	Cornwall.
		Scotl.	241	Sandwich.	Kent, Cinque-wort
133	Oxford county.		203	Sarum, New,	Wilt.
134	Oxford University.		216	Sarum Old,	Wilt.
135	Oxford city.		228	Scarborough,	York.
			271	Scotland.	

P.

292	PEEBLES shire,	Scotl.	297	Selkirk shire,	Scotl.
266	Pembroke county,	Wales.	311	Selkirk, Peebles, &c.	Scotl.
267	Pembroke town,	Wales.	67	Shafton or Shaftsbury,	Dorset.
32	Penryn,	Cornwall.	192	Shoreham, New,	Sussex.
293	Perth shire,	Scotl.	145	Somerset county.	
206	Perth, Dundee, &c.	Scotl.	154	Southampton county.	
321	Peterborough,	Northamp.	156	Southampton town.	
159	Petersfield,	Southamp.	181	Southwark,	Surrey.
150	Plymouth,	Devon.	167	Stafford county.	
53	Plympton,	Devon.	169	Stafford town.	
38	Pontefract,	York.	107	Stamford,	Lincoln.
261	Poole,	Dorset.	298	Stirling shire,	Scotland.
29	Portpigham or Westlow,	Corn.	309	Stirling, Inverkeithing, &c.	Scotland.

157	Portsmouth,	Southamp.	194	Steyning,	Sussex.
95	Preston,	Lancaster.	161	Stockbridge,	Southamp.
			177	Sudbury,	Suffolk.

Q.

93	QUEENBOROUGH,	Kent.	172	Suffolk county.	
			180	Surrey county.	
			187	Sussex county.	
			299	Sutherland shire,	Scotland.

R.

269	RADNOR county,	Wales.			
270	Radnor New Town,	Wales.			
5	Reading,	Berks.	302	TAIN, Dingwall, &c.	Scotl.
294	Renfrew shire,	Scotl.	171	Tamworth,	Stafford

T.

No.		No.	
55	Tavistock,	Devon. 10	Wicombe, Bucks.
149	Taunton,	Somerset. 98	Wigan, Lancaster.
79	Tewksbury,	Gloucester. 300	Wigtoun shire, Scotland.
118	Thetford,	Norfolk. 314	Wigtoun, New Galloway, Scotland.
234	Thirsk,	York. &c.	Scotland.
59	Tiverton,	Devon. 204	Wilton, Wilts.
49	Totness,	Devon. 202	Wilts county.
33	Tregony,	Cornwall. 245	Winchelsea, Sussex, Cinque- Port.
24	Truro,	Cornwall.	
W.		155	Winchester, Southam.
		4	Windsor, New, Berks.
247	WALES.	136	Woodstock, New, Oxon.
6	Wallingford,	Berks. 217	Wotton-Basset, Wilts.
68	Wareham,	Dorset. 219	Worcester county.
197	Warwick county.	220	Worcester city.
199	Warwick Town.	Y.	
148	Wells,	Somerset.	
13	Wendover,	Bucks. 117	YARMOUTH, Great, Norf.
143	Wenlock, Great,	Salop. 158	Yarmouth, Southamp.
83	Weobley,	Hereford. 224	York county.
208	Westbury,	Wilts. 225	York city.
29	Westlow,	Cornwall.	
110	Westminster,	Middlesex.	Z.
200	Westmoreland county.	291	ZETLAND and Orkney shire, Scotland.
64	Wymouth,	Dorset.	
165	Witchurch,	Southamp.	

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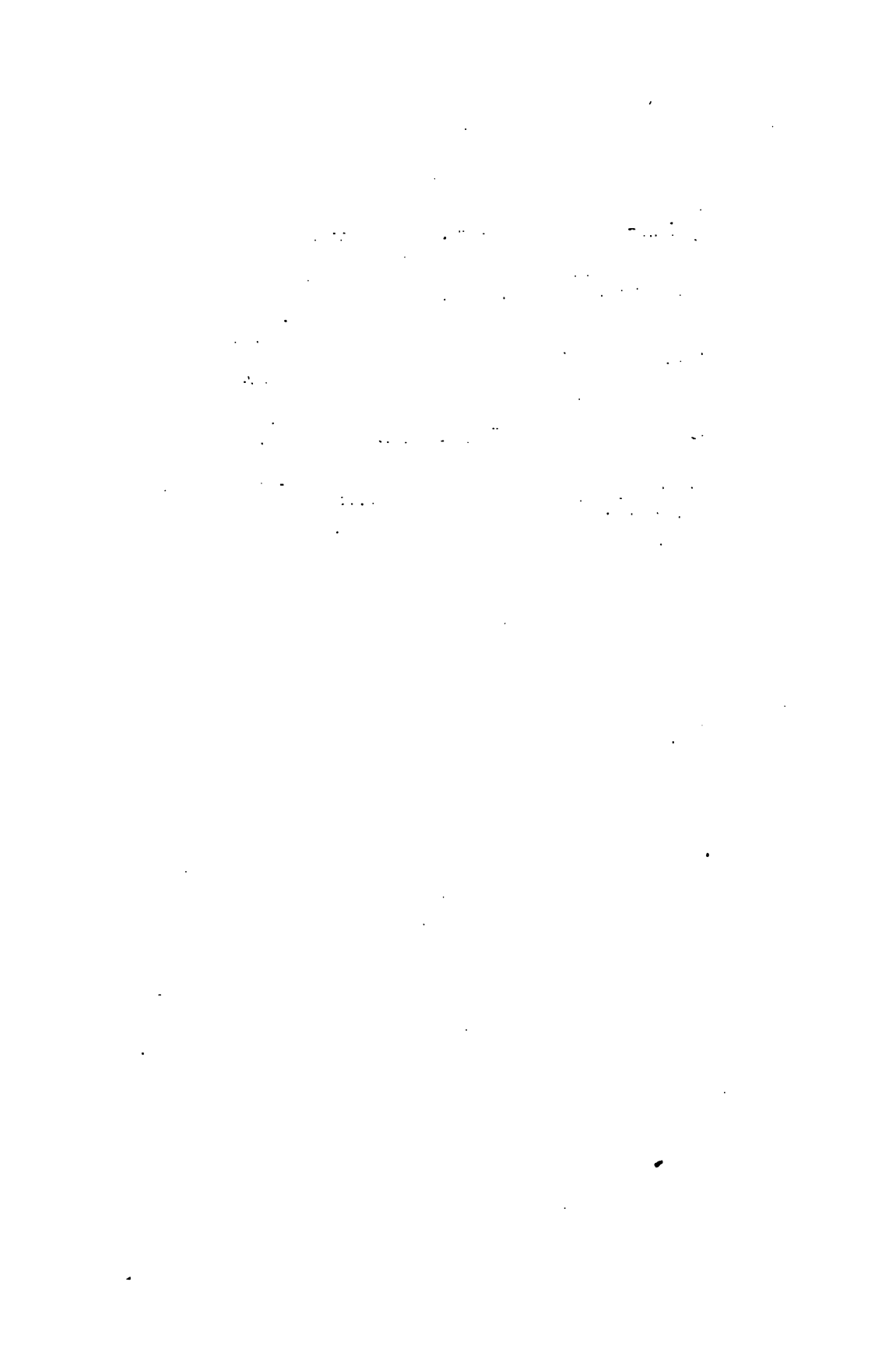
OF ALL THE

Counties, Cities, Boroughs, &c. of Ireland.

No.	A.	No.	E.
316	ANTRIM <i>county.</i>	326	ENNIS, <i>Clare.</i>
320	Armagh <i>county.</i>	342	Enniskillen, <i>Fermanagh.</i>
321	Armagh <i>town.</i>		
377	Athlone, <i>Westmeath.</i>		F.
		341	FERMANAGH <i>county.</i>
	B.		
330	BANDON BRIDGE, <i>Cork.</i>		G.
318	Belfast, <i>Antrim.</i>	343	GALWAY <i>county.</i>
		344	Galway <i>town.</i>
	C.		
319	CARRICKFERGUS.		K.
369	Cashell <i>city, Tipperary.</i>	345	KERRY <i>county.</i>
322	Catherlough <i>county.</i>	347	Kildare <i>county.</i>
323	Catherlough <i>town.</i>	348	Kilkenny <i>county.</i>
324	Cavan <i>county.</i>	349	Kilkenny <i>city.</i>
325	Clare <i>county.</i>	350	King's <i>county.</i>
370	Clonmell, <i>Tipperary.</i>	331	Kinsale, <i>Cork.</i>
356	Coleraine, <i>Londonderry.</i>		
327	Cork <i>county.</i>		L.
328	Cork <i>city.</i>	351	LEITRIM <i>county.</i>
		352	Limerick <i>county.</i>
	D.	353	Limerick <i>city.</i>
333	DONEGAL <i>county.</i>	317	Lisburne, <i>Antrim.</i>
334	Down <i>county.</i>	354	Londonderry <i>county.</i>
336	Downpatrick	355	Londonderry <i>city.</i>
337	Drogheda, <i>Down.</i>	357	Longford <i>county.</i>
338	Dublin <i>county.</i>	358	Lowth <i>county.</i>
339	Dublin <i>city.</i>		
340	Dublin <i>University.</i>		M.
359	Dundalk, <i>Lowth.</i>	332	MALLOW, <i>Cork.</i>
372	Dungannon, <i>Tipperary.</i>	360	Mayo <i>county.</i>
375	Dungarvan, <i>Waterford.</i>	361	Meath <i>county.</i>
		362	Monaghan <i>county.</i>

N.

No.	N.	No.	T.
335	NEWRY,	<i>Down.</i> 368	TIPPERARY county.
		346	Tralee, <i>Kerry.</i>
	P.	371	Tyngoe county.
364	PORTARLINGTON,		<i>Queen's coun.</i>
	Q.		W.
363	QUEEN's county.	373	WATERFORD county.
		374	Waterford city.
	R.	376	Westmeath county.
365	ROSSCOMMON county.	378	Wexford county.
380	Ross, (New)	379	Wexford town.
		381	Wicklow county.
	S.		Y.
366	Sligo county.	329	YOUGHALL, <i>Cork.</i>
367	Sligo town.		



THE
BRITISH
PARLIAMENTARY REGISTER.

LIST OF BRITISH PEERS.

Creation.

1790 **ABERCORN**, Marquis of; John James Hamilton, second Viscount Hamilton; 1789, James, Earl of Abercorn, created Viscount Hamilton.

1801 **ABERCROMBY**, Mary Anne Abercromby;—Baroness Abercromby of Tullibody, May 28, (widow of the late Rt. Hon. Sir Ralph Abercromby, K.B.)

1295 **ABERGAVENNY**, Baron; William, 14th Lord Abergavenny in 1701; his son George, 15th Lord in 1744; created in

1784 **ABERGAVENNY**, Earl of; his son George 2d Earl in 1785.

1682 **ABINGDON**, Earl of; Montagu Venables Bertie, 2d Earl in 1699; his nephew Willoughby, 3d Earl in 1743; his son Willoughby, 4th Earl in 1760, a minor, of age in January 1761; succeeded by his son Montagu, 5th Earl, in October 1799.

Creation.

1806 AILSA, Baron ; Archibald Kennedy, (Earl of Cassilis in Scotland.)

1696 ALBEMARLE, Earl of ; Arnold Joust Van Kessel, 1st Earl ; his son William Anne, 2d Earl in 1718 ; his son George 3d Earl in 1755 ; his son George 4th Earl in 1772, a minor ; of age in May 1793.

1801 ALVANLEY, Baron ; of Alvanley, in the county of Chester ; Richard Pepper Arden, Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, died in 1804. William, his son, 2d Lord Alvanley.

1776 AMHERST, Baron, of Holmesdale ; Sir Jeffery Amherst, K.B. In 1788, created Baron Amherst of Montreal, in Kent.

1788 AMHERST, Baron, of Montreal. On the death of Jeffery, Lord Amherst of Holmesdale, in 1797, (which Barony then became extinct) his nephew, William Pitt Amherst, succeeded as Lord Amherst of Montreal.

1715 ANCASTER and Kesteven, Duke of ; Robert Bertie, 1st Marquis of Lindsey, created Duke ; his son Peregrine, 2d Duke in 1741 ; his son Robert, 4th Duke in 1788 ; his uncle Brownlow, 4th Duke in 1779.

1661 ANGLESEA, Earl of ; John Annesley, 4th Earl in 1701 ; Arthur, 5th Earl in 1710 ; his cousin Richard, 6th Earl in 1737. Extinct in 1761.

Creation.

1747 ANSON, Baron; George Anson. Extinct in 1762.

1806 ANSON, Viscount; Thomas Anson of Shugborough and Orgrave, in the county of Stafford.

1771 APSLEY, Baron; Hon. Henry Bathurst. Merged in Bathurst in 1775.

1747 ARCHER, Baron; Thomas Archer, his son Andrew 2d Lord in 1768. Extinct in 1778.

1802 ARDEN, Charles George Percival, (Lord Arden in Ireland) Baron Arden of Arden, in the county of Warwick.

1806 ARDROSSAN, Baron; Hugh Montgomery, (Earl of Eglintoun) of Ardrossan, in the county of Ayr.

1605 ARUNDEL of Wardour; Baron Henry Arundel, 5th Lord in 1712; his son Henry, 6th Lord in 1726; his son Henry, 7th Lord in 1746; his son Henry, 8th Lord in 1756.

1605 ARUNDEL, Baron, of Trerice; John Arundel. His son John, 2d Lord in 1687; John, 3d Lord in 1700; John, 4th Lord in 1706. Extinct in 1768.

1689 ASHBURNHAM, Baron; John Ashburnham, 1st Lord; his son William, 2d Lord in 1709; his brother John, 3d Lord in 1710, created

Creation.

1730 ASHBURNHAM, Earl of, in 1730; his son John, 2d Earl in 1736, a minor; of age in October 1745.

1698 ASHBURNHAM, Baron; George, Viscount St Asaph, eldest son of John Earl of Ashburnham, by summons.

1782 ASHBURTON, Baron; John Dunning, created Lord Ashburton in 1782; his son, 2d Lord in 1783, a minor, born in Sept. 1782.

1793 AUCKLAND, Baron; William Eden, (Lord Auckland of Ireland).

1296 AUDLEY, Baron, of Heleigh; James Touchet, (Earl of Castlehaven in Ireland); James, 12th Lord in 1700; his son James, 13th Lord, in 1740; his brother John, 14th Lord, in 1760; succeeded by his sister's son, Philip Thicknesse, esq., 15th Lord, in 1777, a minor; of age in Feb. 1778.

1664 AYLESBURY, Earl of; Thomas Bruce (Earl of Elgin in Scotland) 2d Earl in 1685, his son Charles, 3d Earl in 1741. He was in 1746 created Baron Bruce of Tottenham, with remainder to his nephew, the Hon. Thomas Brudenell. The earldom extinct in 1747. (See Bruce.)

1776 AYLESBURY, Earl of; Thomas Lord Bruce, aforesaid, created Earl

1714 AYLESFORD, Earl of; Heneage Finch, first Lord Guernsey, his son Heneage, 2d Earl in 1719;

Creation.

- 1719; his son Heneage, 3d Earl in 1757; his son Heneage, 4th Earl in 1777.
- 1805 **BARHAM**, Baron; Sir Charles Middleton, bart. April 27.
- 1780 **BAGOT**, Baron; Sir William Bagot, bt. his son William, 2d Lord in 1798.
- 1661 **BATH**, Earl of; Charles Henry Granville, 3d Earl in 1701. Extinct in 1711.
- 1742 **BATH**, Earl of; William Pulteney. Extinct in 1764.
- 1792 **BATH**, Baroness; Henrietta Laura Pulteney, grand-niece of the last Earl, created Countess of Bath, October 4, 1803.
- 1789 **BATH**, Marquis of; Thomas Thynne, 3d Visc. Weymouth, his son Thomas, 2d Marquis in Nov. 1796.
- 1711 **BATHURST**, Baron; Allen Bathurst, created Earl of
- 1772 **BATHURST** in 1772; his son Henry, Lord Apsley, 2d Earl in 1775; his son Henry, 3d Earl in 1794.
- 1797 **BAYNING**, Baron; Charles Townshend. So created in October 1797.
- 1806 **BEAUCHAMP**, Baron, of Powyke, in Worcestershire; William Lygon, esq.

Creation.

- 1682 BEAUFORT, Duke of; Henry Somerset, 2d Duke in 1699; his son Henry, 2d Duke in 1714; his brother Charles Noel, 3d Duke in 1745; his only son Henry, 4th Duke in 1756; a minor, of age in October 1765. Died in 1803, succeeded by his eldest son Henry Charles.
- 1762 BEAULIEU, Baron; Sir Edward Hussey Montagu, K.B. created
- 1784 BEAULIEU, Earl, in 1784. Extinct in 1802.
- 1694 BEDFORD, Duke of; Wriothesley Russell, 2d Duke in 1700; his son Wriothesley, 3d Duke in 1729; his brother John, 4th Duke in 1732; his grandson Francis, 5th Duke in 1770, a minor, of age in Aug. 1786. Died in 1801, succeeded by his brother John.
- 1679 BERKELEY, Earl of; Charles Berkeley, 2d Earl in 1689; his son James 3d Earl in 1710; his son Augustus, 4th Earl in 1736; his son Frederick Augustus, 5th Earl in 1755; a minor, of age in May 1756.
- 1658 BERKELEY, Baron, of Stratton; 3d Lord John, succeeded his brother in 1682; his son William 4th Lord in 1696; his son John, 5th Lord in 1741. Extinct in 1773.
- 1625 BERKSHIRE, Earl of; Thomas Howard, 3d Earl in 1679; his grand-nephew Henry Bowes, 4th Earl in 1706. In 1745 he became eleventh Earl of Suffolk. (Which see.)

Creation.

1413 BERNERS, Baron. This barony fell into abeyance in the reign of Henry VIII. and lay dormant until 1720, when it was claimed and allowed to Catharine Knyvet, the wife of Richard Bokenham. Extinct in 1773.

1687 BERWICK, James Fitzjames (natural son of King James II.) Duke and Earl of Doncaster. Attainted in 1695.

1784 BERWICK, Baron; Noël Hill. His son Thomas Noel, 2d Lord in January 1789, a minor; of age in October 1795.

1790 BEVERLEY, Earl of; Algernoon Percy, Lord Lovaine.

1705 BINDON, Earl of; Henry Howard, Lord Waldon, eldest son of the Earl of Suffolk, created Earl of Bindon in 1705. This title merged in the earldom of Suffolk in 1709, and became extinct on the death of Charles William, 2d Earl of Bindon, in 1721.

1713 BINGLEY, Baron; Robert Benson. Extinct in 1730.

1762 BINGLEY, Baron; George Fox Lane. Extinct in 1773.

1624 BOLINGBROKE, Earl of; Powlet St John, 3d Earl in 1688. The earldom extinct in 1712.

Creation.

1712 BOLINGBROKE, Viscount; Henry St John, created Viscount; attainted in 1714. The attainder partly reversed in 1723. His nephew Frederick, 2d Viscount in 1751, a minor; of age in 1755; his son George Richard, 3d Viscount in 1787.

1689 BOLTON, Duke of; Charles Powlet, 2d Duke in 1699; his son Charles, 3d Duke in 1721; his brother Harry, 4th Duke in 1754; his eldest son Charles, 5th Duke in 1759; his brother Harry, 6th Duke in 1765. The dukedom extinct in 1794. (See Winchester).

1797 BOLTON, Baron; Thomas Orde Powlett. So created October 20, 1797.

1784 BORINGDON, Baron; John Parker. His son John, 2d Lord Borringdon in 1788, a minor; of age in 1791.

1761 BOSTON, Baron, Sir William Irby, bt.; his son Frederick 2d Lord in 1775.

1307 BOTTETOURT, Baron, of Weyley Castle. This Barony was claimed in 1764 by Norborne Berkeley, he being descended from Sir Maurice Berkeley, who married Catharine, the daughter and heiress of John, Lord Bottetourt, and the same was allowed and confirmed by the House of Peers. Elizabeth, Duchess Dowager of Beaufort Baroness Bottetourt in 1776, and on her death in 1799, it merged in the dukedom of Beaufort.

Creation.

1711 **BOYLE**, Baron, of Marston; Charles Boyle, (Earl of Orrery in Ireland). His son John, 2d Lord in 1737; in 1753 he succeeded to the earldom of Cork, &c. His eldest son Hamilton, 3d Lord in 1763; his brother Edmund, 4th Lord in 1764.

1694 **BRADFORD**, Earl; Francis Newport, Viscount Newport, created Earl; his son Richard, 2d Earl in 1708; his son Henry, 2d Earl in 1723; his brother Richard, 4th Earl in 1734; his brother Thomas, 5th Earl. Extinct in 1762.

1794 **BRADFORD**, Baron; Sir Henry Bridgman, bt. created 13th August 1794.

1711 **BRANDON**, Duke of; James Hamilton (Duke of Hamilton in Scotland) 1st Duke in 1711; his son James Hamilton, 2d Duke in 1712; his son James, 3d Duke in 1742; his son James George, 4th Duke in 1758. He died a minor in 1769.—None of the above were allowed to take their seats as Dukes of Brandon, it being alledged that they could not be created Peers of Great Britain, if they had been Peers of Scotland prior to such creation. Douglas, brother of the 4th Duke, became the 5th Duke in 1769; he came of age in July 1777, and giving in his claim for a summons to Parliament, as Duke of Brandon, the twelve Judges giving their opinion, that his Grace was not precluded therefrom by the treaty of Union, it was adjudged to him in 1780, and he took his seat June 14th 1782. Died in 1799. Succeeded by his uncle Lord Archibald Hamilton.

1788

Creation.

- 1788 BRAYBROOKE, Baron, of Braybrooke; Richard Aldworth Neville, esq. succeeded to this Barony on the death of John Lord Howard of Walden in 1797.
- 1806 BREADALBANE, Baron; John Campbell, (Earl of Breadalbane in Scotland.)
- 1796 BRIDPORT, Baron; Alexander Hood, (Baron Bridport in Ireland) created Viscount Bridport in June 1800.
- 1617 BRIDGEWATER, Earl of; Scroop Egerton, 5th Earl, created in 1720 Duke of
- 1720 BRIDGEWATER; his son John 2d Duke in 1744, dying a minor, his brother Francis 3d Duke in 1747, a minor, came of age in May 1757; died in 1803. Dukedom extinct. Succeeded by his cousin John William as Earl of Bridgewater.
- 1714 BRISTOL, Earl of; John Hervey, Lord Hervey, 1st Earl of Bristol; his grandson George William 2d Earl in 1751; his brother Augustus John, 3d Earl in 1775; his brother Frederick, 4th Earl in 1779; he was also Bishop of Londonderry in Ireland. Died. Succeeded by his son Frederick William in 1803.
- 1796 BRODRICK, Baron; George Brodrick (Viscount Middleton in Ireland).
- 1620 BROOKE, Baron; Fulk Greville, 5th Lord Brooke in 1677; his grandson Fulk Greville, 6th

Creation.

- 6th Lord in 1710; his brother William, 7th Lord in 1711; Francis Greville, 8th Lord in 1727, created Earl
- 1746 BROOKE, and Earl of Warwick in 1759; his son George 2d Earl in 1773.
- 1776 BROWNLOW, Baron; Sir Brownlow Cust, bt.
- 1746 BRUCE, Baron, Thomas Earl of Aylesbury, created Baron Bruce of Tottenham, with remainder to the Honble. Thomas Brudenell his nephew, who succeeded to the title in 1747.—(See Aylesbury.)
- 1747 BRUCE, Baron; Charles, 3d Earl of Aylesbury; the Honble. Thomas Brudenell, 4th son of George 3d Earl of Cardigan, succeeded his uncle Charles 3d Earl of Aylesbury as Lord Bruce in 1747, and was created Earl of Aylesbury in 1776.
- 1780 BRUDENELL, Baron; Honble. James Brudenell, 2d son of George, 3d Earl of Cardigan. Succeeded as Earl of Cardigan in 1791.
- 1702 BUCKINGHAM and NORMANBY, Duke of; John Sheffield, 1st Duke; his son Edmund, 2d Duke in 1720. He died under age in 1735. His titles extinct.
- 1784 BUCKINGHAM, Marquis of; George Nugent Grenville Temple, 2d Earl Temple; created Marquis in 1784.

Creation.

1746 BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, Earl of; John Hobart, Lord Hobart; his son John, 2d Earl in 1756; his brother George, 3d Earl in 1793. Died in 1804. Succeeded by his eldest son Robert.

1702 BUCKINGHAM, John Sheffield, Marquis of Normanby, created Duke; his son Edmund, 2d Duke in 1720. Extinct in 1735.

1784 BULKELEY, Baron; Thomas James Bulkeley, Viscount Bulkeley of Ireland.

1664 BURLINGTON, Earl of; Richard Boyle, Earl of Corke in Ireland, 3d Earl of Burlington in 1704. Extinct in 1753.

1711 BURTON, Baron; the Honble. Henry Paget, son of William Lord Paget, created Lord Burton; succeeded as Lord Paget in 1712.

1796 BUTE, Marquis of; John Stuart, Earl of Bute in Scotland; Baron Mountstuart and Cardiff; created Marquis of Bute, and Earl of Windsor,

1633 BUTLER Baron, of Weston; Charles Butler, Earl of Arran in Ireland. Extinct in 1758.

1801 BUTLER, Baron, of Lantony, Walter Butler, Earl of Ormond and Ossory in Ireland.

1643 BYRON, Baron; John Byron, 4th Lord in 1694; his son William, 5th Lord in 1736; a minor, of age in November 1748. Succeeded by his grand-nephew George in 1798.

Creation.

1716 CADOGAN, Baron ; William Cadogan, created in

1718 CADOGAN, Earl ; Viscount Caversham and Baron Cadogan of Oakley, with remainder of this last title to his brother Charles, who in 1726 became 2d Lord Cadogan ; his son Charles Sloan, 3d Lord in 1776. Created Earl Cadogan and Viscount Chelsea, December 27, 1801 ; his son Charles Henry, 2d Earl in 1807.

1796 CALTHORPE, Baron ; Sir Henry Gough Calthorpe, bart. Succeeded by his son Charles in 1798.

1706 CAMBRIDGE, Duke of, George Augustus, Prince Elector of Brunswick Lunenburg, afterwards King George II. of Great Britain.

1801 CAMBRIDGE, Duke of, His Royal Highness Prince Augustus Frederick, his Majesty's 6th son, Earl of Inverness and Baron Arklow.

1765 CAMDEN, Baron ; Sir Charles Pratt, knt. created in

1786 CAMDEN, Earl of, and Visct. Bayham ; his son John Jefferies 2d Earl in 1794.

1784 CAMELFORD, Baron ; Thomas Pitt ; his son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1793, a minor, of age in February 1796. Extinct in 1804.

1661 CARDIGAN, Earl of ; George Brudenell, 3d Earl in 1703 ; his son George, 4th Earl in 1732 ; created Duke of Montagu in 1766—(see Montagu). His brother James Lord Brudenell, 5th Earl in 1791.

Creation.

1776 **CARDIFF**, Baron ; John Stuart, eldest son of the Earl of Bute, which title merged in that of Mountstuart in 1749, and both in that of Bute in 1796.

1714 **CARLETON**, Baron ; Henry Boyle, son of the Earl of Corke in Ireland. Extinct in 1725.

1786 **CARLETON**, Baron ; Richard Boyle, Earl of Shannon in Ireland, Baron Carleton.

1801 **CARYSFORT**, Baron ; John Joshua Proby, Earl Carysfort in Ireland, so created June 21, 1801.

1661 **CARLISLE**, Earl of ; Charles Howard, 3d Earl in 1792 ; his son Henry, 4th Earl in 1738 ; his son Frederick, 5th Earl in 1758, a minor ; of age in May 1769.

1628 **CARNARVON**, Earl of ; Charles Dormer, 2d Earl in 1643. The Earldom extinct in 1709. The Barony of Dormer went to a collateral branch of this family. (See Dormer.)

1714 **CARNARVON**, Earl of ; James Bridges, 9th Lord Chandos. (See Chandos.)

1793 **CARNARVON**, Earl of ; Henry Herbert, 1st Lord Porchester.

1797 **CARRINGTON**, Baron, Lord Carrington in Ireland, Robert Smith. So created October 1797.

Creation.

- 1681 CARTERET, Baron; Sir George Carteret, 1st Lord; his son John, 2d Lord in 1695, a minor. Succeeded on the death of his mother in 1744 to the earldom of Granville—(which see)
- 1784 CARTERET, Baron; the Honble. Henry Frederick Carteret, brother to the present Marquis of Bath.
- 1716 CASTLETON, Viscount; James Saunderson, Viscount Castleton in Ireland, Baron Saunderson; in 1720 created Earl of
- 1720 CASTLETON. Extinct in 1723,
- 1554 CHANDOS, Baron; James, 9th Lord Chandos of Sudley Castle in 1714. Created Earl of Carnarvon, and in
- 1719 CHANDOS, Duke of; his son Henry, 2d Duke in 1744; his son James, 3d Duke in 1772. He died in 1789, when all his titles, except the Barony of Chandos, became extinct in
- 1761 CHATHAM, Baroness; the Honble. Hester Pitt, wife of the Right Honble. William Pitt, afterwards Earl of Chatham. Merged in the earldom of Chatham in 1803.
- 1766 CHATHAM, Earl of; William Pitt, August 4, 1766; his son John 2d Earl, May 11, 1778.
- 1628 CHESTERFIELD, Earl of; Philip Stanhope, 2d Earl in 1656; his son Philip, 3d Earl in 1713; his

Creation.

- his son Philip Dormer, 4th Earl in 1725; his cousin Philip, 5th Earl in 1773, a minor, of age in 1776.
- 1741 CHEDWORTH, Baron; John Howe; his son John Thynne, 2d Lord in 1742; his brother Frederick Henry, 3d Lord in 1762; his nephew John, 4th Lord in 1781. Extinct in 1804.
- 1801 CHICHESTER, Earl of; Thomas Lord Pelham of Stanmer, June 23, 1801; succeeded by his son Thomas Lord Pelham, 1804.
- 1706 CHOLMONDELEY, Earl of; Hugh Lord Cholmondeley; his brother George, 2d Earl in 1723; his son George, 3d Earl in 1733; his grandson George James, 4th Earl in 1770.
- 1789 CLARENCE, Duke of; His Royal Highness Prince William Henry, his Majesty's 3d son.
- 1661 CLARENDON, Earl of; Henry Hyde, 2d Earl in 1674; his only son Edward, 3d Earl in 1709; his cousin Henry Hyde, 2d Earl of Rochester, 4th Earl in 1723. On his death in December 1753, his titles became extinct.
- 1776 CLARENDON, Earl of; Thomas Villiers, Lord Hyde; Thomas Hyde his eldest son, 2d Earl in 1786.
- 1670 CLEVELAND, Duke of; Charles Fitzroy, Duke of Southampton. On the death of his mother in 1709

Creation.

1709, became Duke of Cleveland; his only son William, Duke in 1730. On his death in 1773, his titles became extinct.

1269 CLIFFORD, Baron. This ancient Barony, after having been enjoyed by several noble families, descended in right of his mother to Edward Southwell, esq. who in 1775 received summons to Parliament. He was succeeded by his son Edward Southwell Clifford in 1777.

1608 CLIFTON, Baron. This Barony, after being enjoyed by several noble families, came in 1722 in right of his mother to John Lord Clifton of Rathmore in Ireland, afterwards Earl of Darnley in that kingdom; Edward his eldest son, 2d Lord in 1728; John his brother 3d Lord in 1747; John his eldest son, 4th Lord in 1781, a minor, of age in June 1788.

1298 CLINTON, Baron. This Barony was claimed and allowed to Hugh Fortescue, esq. in right of his mother Lady Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Theophilus, 4th Earl of Lincoln. In 1746 he was created Earl of

1746 CLINTON, and Baron Fortescue. The Earldom became extinct on his death in 1751. The Barony of Clinton went to George, 3d Earl of Orford.

1298 CLINTON, Baron. On the death of George, 3d Earl of Orford, this Barony was claimed by Robert George William Trefusis, esq. and in 1794, the same was adjudged to him by the House of Peers.

Creation.

1796 CLIVE, Baron; Edmund Clive, Lord Clive in Ireland.—(See Powis.)

—14 COBHAM, Baron; Sir Richard Temple, bart. who was created Viscount

—18 COBHAM in 1718, with divers remainders. On his death in 1749, his titles went to his sister Hester, afterwards Countess Temple—(which see.)

1644 COLEPEPPER of Thoresby, Baron; John Colepepper 3d Lord in , his brother Cheney 4th Lord in . Extinct in 1719.

1805 COLLINGWOOD, Cuthbert; Baron Collingwood of Coldburn and Hethpool in Northumberland.

1502 CONIERS, Baron; George William Frederick Osborne, Marquis of Carmarthen, eldest son of the Duke of Leeds, Lord Coniers on the death of his mother Amelia, Baroness Coniers, who was daughter and heir to Robert D'Arcy, 3d Earl of Holderness in 1784, a minor. Merged in Leeds Dukedom in 1799.

1716 CONINGSBY, Baron; Thomas Coningsby, Lord Clanbrassil in Ireland; created in

—19 CONINGSBY, Earl; both these Peerages with limitation to his daughter Margaret; he died in 1729, and his daughter in 1761, when they became extinct.

—03 CONWAY, Baron; Francis Seymour Conway,
1st

Creation.

1st Lord, his son Francis 2d Lord in 1731. He was created Earl of Hertford in 1750—(which see.)

1337 CORNWALL, Edward the Black Prince, first Duke of; George, Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall in 1714. His eldest son, Prince Frederick Lewis in 1727. His eldest son his present Majesty in 1751. His eldest son, George Augustus Prince of Wales in 1762.

1661 CORNWALLIS, Baron; Charles, 4th Lord in ; his son Charles, 5th Lord in 1722; created in 1753 Earl

—53 CORNWALLIS; his son Charles, 2d Earl in 1762; created August 15, 1792, Marquis

—92 CORNWALLIS; his son, 2d Marquis in 1805.

1697 COVENTRY, Earl of; Thomas Coventry, 2d Earl in 1699; his son Thomas, 3d Earl in 1710; his uncle Gilbert, 4th Earl in 1711; his cousin William, 5th Earl in 1719; his son George William, 6th Earl in 1750.

1762 COURTENAY, Viscount; Sir William Courtenay, bart. 1st Viscount; his son William, 2d Viscount in 1762, a minor, of age in 1763; his son William, 3d Viscount in 1788, a minor, of age in July 1789.

—06 COWPER, Baron; Sir William Cowper, bart. 1st Baron; created Viscount Fordwich and Earl

—18 COWPER; his son William, 2d Earl in 1723; his son George Clavering, 3d Earl in 1764;

Creation.

his eldest son George Augustus, 4th Earl in December 1789, a minor, of age in Aug. 1797; succeeded by his brother Peter Leopold in January 1799.

1776 CRANLEY, Baron; George Onslow; this title merged in Onslow in October 1796. (See Onslow.)

1668 CRAVEN, Baron; William Craven, 2d Lord in 1687; his eldest son William, 3d Lord in 1711; his brother Fulwar, 4th Lord in 1739; his cousin William, 5th Lord in 1764; his nephew William, 6th Lord in 1769; his eldest son William, 7th Lord in 1791; created Viscount Uffington and Earl of

1801 CRAVEN, June 18, 1801.

1672 CREWE, Baron; Nathaniel Crewe, Bishop of Durham, 3d Lord in . Extinct in 1722.

1806 CREWE, John; Baron Crewe in the county of Cheshire, February 25, 1806.

1689 CUMBERLAND, Duke of, His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark. Extinct in 1708.

1726 CUMBERLAND, Duke of, His Royal Highness Prince William Augustus, 2d son of his Majesty King George II. Extinct in 1765.

—66 CUMBERLAND, Duke of, His Royal Highness Prince Henry Frederick, third brother to his present Majesty. Extinct in 1790.

1799

Creation.

1799 CUMBERLAND, Duke of, His Royal Highness Prince Ernest, created Duke of Cumberland and Tiviotdale.

—94 CURZON, Baron; Asheton Curzon; created Viscount Curzon, February 27, 1802.

1307 DACRE, Baron. This ancient Barony, after having been in several noble families, came by an heir female to John Lennard, whose son Henry on the death of his mother in 1611, was Lord Dacre. Thomas, 4th Lord Dacre of this family, was created Earl of Sussex—(which see). In 1715, the Barony fell in abeyance between his daughters, until 1740, when Anne the youngest became Baroness Dacre. Her son Thomas Barret Lennard, Lord Dacre in 1755. His nephew Charles Trevor Roper, son of Anne by a second marriage, Lord Dacre in 1786. Succeeded by his sister Gertrude, relict of Thomas Brand of Hoo in Herts, esq. in 1794.

1754 DARLINGTON, Earl of, Henry Vane, 3d Lord Barnard, 1st Earl; his eldest son Henry, 2d Earl in 1758: his only son William Harry, 3d Earl in 1792.

1682 DARTMOUTH, Baron, William Legge, 2d Lord in 1791; created Earl of

1711 DARTMOUTH in 1711. His grandson William, 2d Earl in 1750; George his son, 3d Earl in 1801.

—96 DAWNEY, Baron; John Christopher Dawney, Viscount Downe in Ireland.

Creation.

1661 DELAMER, Baron ; Nathaniel Booth succeeded to this barony in 1758, on the death of George, 2d Earl of Warrington : extinct on his death in 1770.

1786 DELAVAL, Baron ; John Hussey Delaval (Lord Delaval in Ireland.)

1294 DELAWAR, Baron ; Charles West, 11th Lord in 1677 ; his brother John, 12th Lord in 1687 ; his son John, 13th Lord in 1723. In 1761 created Earl

1761 DELAWAR and Viscount Cantalupe ; his son John, 2d Earl in 1766 ; his son William Augustus, 3d Earl in 1777 ; his brother John Richard, 4th Earl in 1783 ; his son John Richard, 5th Earl in 1795, a minor, born in October 1792.

1622 DENBIGH, Earl of ; Basil Fielding, 4th Earl in 1685 ; his son William, 5th Earl in 1716 ; his only son Basil, 6th Earl in 1755. Succeeded his grandson Basil in 1800.

1686 DERBY, Earl of ; James Stanley, 10th Earl in 1702 ; Sir Thomas Stanley, bart descended from Thomas the 1st Earl of this family, 11th Earl in 1735 ; his grandson Edward Smith, 12th Earl in 1776.

1688 DERWENTWATER, Earl of ; James Ratcliffe, 3d Earl in 1705. Attainted and beheaded in 1715.

1618 DEVONSHIRE, Earl of ; William Cavendish, 4th Earl in 1684 ; created in 1694 Duke of

1694

Creation.

- 1694 **DEVONSHIRE** ; his son William, 2d Duke in 1707 ; his son William, 3d Duke in 1729 ; his son William, 4th Duke in 1755 ; his son William, 5th Duke in 1764.
- 1765 **DIGBY**, Baron ; Henry Digby (Lord Digby of Ireland) ; he was created Earl of
- 90 **DIGBY** and Viscount Coleshill in 1790 ; his son Edward, 2d Earl in 1793.
- 1663 **DONCASTER**, Earl of ; Francis Scot, Earl of Dalkeith, grandson of James Scot, Duke of Monmouth, succeeding to the dukedom of Buccleuch upon the death of his grandmother in 1732, was in 1743, restored to the titles of Earl of Doncaster and Baron of Tynedale ; his grandson 3d Earl in 1751, a minor, of age in 1767.
- 1706 **DORCHESTER**, Marquis of ; Evelyn Pierrepont, 5th Earl of Kingston, created Marquis. (See Kingston.)
- 92 **DORCHESTER**, Earl of ; Joseph Damer, Lord Milton, created Viscount Milton and Earl of Dorchester in Dorsetshire ; succeeded by his son George, 2d Earl in 1799.
- 86 **DORCHESTER**, Baron ; Sir Guy Carleton, K.B. created Lord Dorchester of Dorchester in Oxfordshire.
- 1616 **DORMER**, Baron. Rowland Dormer upon the death of Charles, 2d Earl of Carnarvon in 1709, succeeded to the Barony of Dormer, as 4th Lord

Creation.

Lord Dormer ; his cousin Charles, 5th Lord in 1712 ; his eldest son Charles, 6th Lord in 1728 ; his brother John, 7th Lord in 1761 ; his son Charles, 8th Lord in 1785 ; succeeded by his son in 1804.

1603 DORSET, Earl of ; Lionel Sackville, 7th Earl of Dorset in 1706, in 1720 created Duke of

1720 DORSET ; his eldest son Charles, 2d Duke in 1765 ; his nephew John Frederick, 3d Duke in 1769 ; succeeded by his son George J. Frederick, 4th Duke in 1799.

—86 DOUGLAS, Baron, of Ambresbury ; William Douglas, (Duke of Queensberry in Scotland) August 8, 1786.

—90 DOUGLAS, Baron, of Douglas ; Archibald Douglas, July 8, 1790.

—91 DOUGLAS, Baron, of Lochleven ; George Douglas, (Earl of Morton in Scotland,) August 11, 1791.

—85 DOVER, Baron ; Henry Jermyn. Extinct in 1708.

—11 DOVER, Duke of ; James Douglas, (Duke of Queensberry in Scotland), 1st Duke ; Charles his eldest son, 2d Duke in 1711. His Grace dying in 1778, this Peerage became extinct ; Charles the 2d Duke never had summons to Parliament, the same objections being alledged against this Peerage, as was alledged against the Peerage of Brandon. (Which see.)

Creation.

1788 DOVER, Baron; the Honble. Sir Joseph Yorke, K.B. 3d son of Philip, 1st Earl of Hardwicke. Extinct in 1792.

—07 DUDLEY, Baron. This barony, after being in several noble families, came into that of Lord Ward, and by an heir female in 1740 to Ferdinando Dudley Lea; he died unmarried in 1757, when the title fell in abeyance. Anne, his sister, Baroness Dudley, died in 1762.

—63 DUDLEY and WARD, Viscount; John, 6th Lord Ward; his eldest son, 2d Viscount in 1774; William his brother, 3d Viscount in 1788.

—20 DUCIE, Baron, of Moreton, Matthew Ducie Moreton; his son Matthew, 2d Lord in 1735.

On his Lordship's death in 1771, this barony became extinct; but in 1763 he obtained a new patent, by which he was created Baron Ducie of Tortworth in Gloucestershire, with remainder to his nephews Thomas and Francis Reynolds, by which Thomas became Lord Ducie in 1771; his brother Francis, 4th Lord in 1785.

—97 DUNCAN, Viscount, of Camperdown, and Baron of Lundie; Adam Duncan; so created October 14, 1797; succeeded by his son Robert in 1804.

—94 DUNDAS, Baron; Sir Thomas Dundas, Lord Dundas of Aske, Yorkshire, Aug. 13.

—96 DE DUNSTANVILLE, Baron; Sir Francis Bassett, June 17.

Creation.

1780 DYNEVOR, Baron; William, 1st Earl Talbot, with remainder to Lady Catharine Rice, his daughter, and widow of the Rt. Hon. George Rice, with limitation of the Peerage to her heirs male. The Earl died in 1782, and on her Ladyship's death in 1793, her son George became the 2d Lord.

—42 EDGECUMBE, Baron; Richard Edgecumbe, 1st Lord; his eldest son Richard, 2d Lord in 1758; his brother George, 3d Lord in 1761, created Viscount Mountedgecumbe and Valletort in 1781. (See Mountedgecumbe.)

—31 EFFINGHAM, Earl of; Francis Howard, 7th Lord Howard of Effingham, 1st Earl; his only son Thomas, 2d Earl in 1742; his eldest son Thomas, 3d Earl in 1763; his brother Richard, 4th Earl in 1791.

—49 EGREMONT, Earl of; Algernon, 7th Duke of Somerset, created Earl of Egremont, with remainder to his nephew Sir Charles Wyndham, bt. Sir Charles Wyndham, 2d Earl in 1749; his eldest son George, 3d Earl in 1763, a minor—of age in Dec. 1772.

—99 ELDON, Baron; John Scott, Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, afterwards Lord Chancellor.

—84 ELIOT, Baron; Edward Eliot, succeeded by his son John in 1804.

Creation.

1802 ELLENBOROUGH, Baron; Edward Law, esq.
Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench.

—06 ERSKINE, Baron, of Restormel Castle, Cornwall; Hon. Thomas Erskine, brother of the Earl of Buchan, and Lord Chancellor.

1661 ESSEX, Earl of; Algernon Capel, 2d Earl in 1683; his only son William, 3d Earl in 1709; his only son William Anne Holles, 4th Earl in 1742, a minor; of age in 1753. Succeeded by his son George, 5th Earl in 1799.

—05 EXETER, Earl of; John Cecil, 6th Earl in 1700; his eldest son John, 7th Earl in 1721; his brother Brownlow, 8th Earl in 1722; his eldest son Brownlow, 9th Earl in 1754; his nephew Henry, 10th Earl in 1793; created Marquis of Exeter Feb. 4th, 1801. Succeeded by his eldest son Brownlow in 1804.

1720 FALMOUTH, Viscount; Hugh Boscawen, 1st Viscount; his eldest son Hugh, 2d Viscount in 1734; his nephew George Evelyn, 2d Viscount in 1782.

1643 FAUCONBERG, Viscount; Thomas Bellasyse, 3d Viscount in 1700; his eldest son Thomas, 4th Viscount in 1718. In 1756 he was created Earl

1756 FAUCONBERG; his only son Henry, 2d Earl in 1774: extinct March 23, 1802.

1298 FERRERS De, Baron, of Chartley. This ancient

Creation.

cient Barony, after going through several noble families, came in 1677 to Sir Robert Shirley, Bart. in right of his grandmother, and he received summons to Parliament. He was in 1711 created Viscount Tamworth and Earl

1711 FERRERS. His eldest son Robert left an only child Elizabeth, who carried the Barony into the family of Compton, Earl of Northampton; his 2d son Washington, 2d Earl in 1718; his brother Henry, 3d Earl in 1729; his nephew Laurence, 4th Earl in 1745; his brother Washington, 5th Earl in 1760; his brother Robert, 6th Earl in 1778; his eldest son Robert, 7th Earl in 1787.

1298 FERRERS De, Baron, of Chartley. On the death of Elizabeth, wife of James Compton, 5th Earl of Northampton, in 1740; her only child Elizabeth became Baroness de Ferrers. She married in 1751 George, afterwards 4th Viscount Townshend, and now 1st Marquis Townshend, and dying in 1770, her eldest son George as soon as come of age in 1774, had summons to Parliament as Baron Ferrers of Chartley; he was in 1784 created Earl of Leicester. (Which see.)

1790 FIFE, Baron: James Duff; (Earl Fife in Ireland).

1676 FEVERSHAM, Earl of: Lewis Duras, Lord Duras; became Earl of Feversham in 1678. Extinct in 1711.

1747 FEVERSHAM, Baron; Anthony Duncombe.—
Extinct in 1763.

Creation.

- 1780 FISHERWICK, Baron; Arthur Chichester (Earl of Donegal in Ireland) succeeded by his son George Augustus in 1799.
- 99 FITZGIBBON, John, Baron of; (Earl of Clare in Ireland) so created Sept. 24, 1799; succeeded by his son John in 1802.
- 42 FITZWILLIAM, Baron; William Fitzwilliam (Earl Fitzwilliam in Ireland) created in 1746 Earl
- 46 FITZWILLIAM; his eldest son William, 2d Earl in 1756, a minor, of age in 1769.
- 1295 FITZWALTER, Baron. This ancient barony, after going through several noble families, came into that of Mildmay; and in 1668, Benjamin Mildmay claimed it, and the house allowed his claim; his son Charles, Lord Fitzwalter, 1679; succeeded by his brother Benjamin in 1728; he was in 1730 created Earl
- 1730 FITZWALTER and Viscount Harwich; but in 1756, these last titles became extinct, and the barony of Fitzwalter fell into abeyance.
- 11 FOLEY, Baron; Thomas Foley; his son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1732. Extinct in 1766.
- 76 FOLEY, Baron; Thomas Foley; Lord Foley of Kidderminster; Thomas his eldest son, 2d Lord in 1777; his son William Thomas, 3d Lord in 1793, a minor, of age in 1801.

Creation.

- 1747 FOLKESTONE, Visc. ; Sir Jacob Bouverie, bart.
his eldest son William Pleydell, 2d Viscount in
1761. Created Earl of Radnor. (Which see.)
- 46 FORTESCUE, Baron ; Matthew Fortescue. be-
came Lord Fortescue of Castlehill, Devonshire,
in 1751 ; on the death of his brother Hugh, Earl
Clinton ; his eldest son Hugh, 2d Lord in 1785 ;
in 1789 created Viscount Ebrington and Earl
- 89 FORTESCUE.
- 80 GAGE, Baron of Firle in Sussex ; William Hall
Gage, (Viscount Gage in Ireland). This Peer-
age became extinct in 1791, but in 1788 he ob-
tained a new patent, and was created Baron
- 88 GAGE, of High Meadow in Gloucestershire, with
remainder to his nephew Henry Gage, who suc-
ceeded to this barony on his Lordship's death in
1791.
- 1682 GAINSBOROUGH, Earl of ; Baptist Noel, 3d
Earl in 1690 ; his eldest son Baptist, 4th Earl in
1714 ; his eldest son Baptist, 5th Earl in 1750 ;
his brother Henry, 6th Earl in 1759 ; a minor,
of age in 1764. Succeeded by his cousin Tho-
mas in 1798 : extinct in 1799.
- 1806 GARDNER, Baron of Uttoxeter ; Alan, (Lord
Gardner in Ireland.)
- 1603 GERARD, of Bromley, Baron ; Digby Gerard,
5th Lord in 1667. Extinct in 1711.

Creation.

1797 GLASTONBURY, Baron; James Grenville; so created Oct. 1797, with remainder to his brother Richard.

—17 GLOUCESTER, Duke of; his Royal Highness Prince Frederick Lewis, eldest son of the Prince of Wales, afterwards Prince of Wales.

—64 GLOUCESTER, Duke of; his Royal Highness Prince William Henry. 2d brother to his Majesty. Died August 25, 1805. Succeeded by his son William.

1684 GODOLPHIN, Baron; Sidney Godolphin; created Viscount Rialton, and Earl of

1706 GODOLPHIN in 1706; his son Francis, 2d Earl in 1712. Extinct in 1765. In 1738 the 2d Earl was created

—38 GODOLPHIN, Lord; of Helston in Cornwall, with remainder to the heirs male of his uncle Henry. In 1765, Henry Godolphin, descended from the aforesaid Henry, became 2d Lord Godolphin. Extinct in 1785.

—03 GOWER, Baron; Sir John Leveson Gower, bart. John, his eldest son, 2d Lord in 1709; he was created Earl

—46 GOWER and Viscount Trentham; his eldest son Gran.

Creation.

Granville, 2d Earl in 1753. He was in 1786 created Marquis of Stafford. (Which see.)

1672 GRAFTON, Duke of; Charles Fitzroy, 2d Duke in 1690; his grandson Augustus Henry, 3d Duke in 1757.

1712 GRAHAM, Earl; David Graham (Marquis of Graham, eldest son of the Duke of Montrose, in Scotland,) with remainder to his brothers; his brother William (Duke of Montrose), 2d Earl in 1731; his only son James, 3d Earl in 1790.

1698 GRANTHAM, Earl of; Henry d'Auverquerque, created Earl of Grantham, Viscount Boston and Baron Alford. Extinct in 1754.

1761 GRANTHAM, Baron; Sir Thomas Robinson, K.B. his eldest son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1770; his eldest son Thomas Weddell, 3d Lord in 1786; a minor.

1806 GRANARD, George Forbes, (Earl of Granard in Ireland) Baron Granard of Donnington, Leicestershire.

1702 GRANVILLE, Baron, of Potheridge; Hon. John Granville (uncle to the Earl of Bath.) Extinct in 1709.

—14 GRANVILLE, Countess; Grace Baroness Carteret, daughter of John, Earl of Bath, and widow of George, Lord Carteret; created Countess Granville, with limitation of the honours to her heirs male

Creation.

male; her son John, Lord Carteret, Earl in 1744; his son Robert, 2d Earl in 1763. Extinct in 1776.

1782 GRANTLEY, Baron; Sir Fletcher Norton, 1st Lord; his eldest son William, 2d Lord in 1789.

—02 GRANVILLE, Baron, of Potheridge; Hon. John Granville (uncle to the Earl of Bath): extinct in 1709.

—05 GREENWICH, Earl of; John Campbell, (Duke of Argyll in Scotland,) Earl of Greenwich, and Baron Chatham, created Duke of

—19 GREENWICH: extinct in 1743.

—67 GREENWICH, Baroness; Caroline Campbell, (eldest daughter of John, Duke of Argyll and Greenwich, Countess Dowager of Dalkeith, and wife of the Hon. Charles Townshend,) was created Baroness Greenwich: extinct in 1794.

—90 GRENVILLE, Baron; William Wyndham Grenville, brother of George Marq. of Buckingham.

—40 GREY, Marchioness. In May 1740, Henry Grey, Duke of Kent, was created Marquis Grey, with remainder to his grand-daughter, Lady Jemima Campbell, daughter of John, Earl of Breadalbane, and wife of Philip Yorke, eldest son of Philip, Lord Hardwicke. On the Duke's death in June 1740, her Ladyship became Marchioness Grey, she is also Baroness Lucas of Crudwell by descent: the title of Marchioness extinct in 1797.

Creation.

- 1673 GREY, Baron, of Rolleston : extinct in 1734.
(See North.)
- 1784 GREY, Baron, of Wilton ; Sir Thomas Egerton,
bart. Created Earl of Wilton. (Which see.)
- 1322 GREY, of Ruthyn ; Henry Gould Yelverton, esq.
succeeded to this barony on the death of his
grandfather Henry, Earl of Sussex, in 1799.
- 1801 GREY, Sir Charles Grey, K. B. Baron Grey of
Howick, Northumberland.
- 06 GREY, Charles Lord ; Viscount Grey of Howick,
and Earl Grey, April 1.
- 1688 GRIFFIN, Edward Griffin, 1st Lord ; his son
James, 2d Lord in 1710 ; his son Edward, 3d
Lord in 1727. He turning Protestant, had sum-
mons to Parliament, and took his seat in Feb.
1727 ; extinct in 1742.
- 1761 GROSVENOR, Baron ; Sir Richard Grosvenor,
bart. In 1784 created Earl
- 84 GROSVENOR and Viscount Belgrave ; succeed-
ed by his only son Robert in 1802.
- 03 GUERNSEY, Baron ; the Hon. Heneage Finch,
2d son of the Earl of Nottingham. He was in
1714 created Earl of Aylesford. (Which see.)

Creation.

1683 GUILFORD, Baron; Francis North, 2d Lord in 1685; his only son Francis, 3d Lord in 1729; he in 1784 became 7th Lord North, on the death of William Lord North and Grey. On the 8th of March, 1752, he was created

1752 GUILFORD, Earl of; his eldest son Frederick, 2d Earl in 1790; his eldest son George Augustus, 3d Earl in 1792; succeeded by his brother Francis, 4th Earl in 1802.

—96 GWYDIR, Baron; Sir Patrick Burrell, bart.

—00 HALIFAX, Baron; Charles Montague, with remainder to his brother George, created Earl of

—14 HALIFAX, and Viscount Sunbury. These two last titles extinct in 1715. George Montagu, 2d Lord Halifax, in 1715; the same year he was created Viscount Sunbury and

—15 HALIFAX, Earl of; his only son George Dunk, 2d Earl in 1739: extinct in 1771.

—76 HAMILTON, Baroness; Elizabeth Campbell, Duchess of Argyll, and widow of James, Duke of Hamilton. Created Baroness Hamilton, with remainder to her heirs male; her son Douglas, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, became Lord Hamilton on her death, in 1792. On the death of Douglas, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, in 1799, the barony of Hamilton devolved on George, Marquis of Lorn, eldest son of the Duke of Argyll, his uterine brother, and he took his

Creation.

seat in Parliament as such in Jan. 1800. This title merged in Sundridge Barony.

1786 HAMILTON, Viscount ; James Hamilton, (Earl of Abercorn in Scotland) 1st Viscount ; his nephew, John James Hamilton, 2d Viscount in 1789. Created Marquis of Abercorn in 1790. —(Which see.)

—76 HAMPDEN, Viscount ; Robert Trevor Hampden, 4th Lord Trevor, 1st Viscount ; his eldest son Thomas, 2d Viscount in 1783.

—15 HARBOROUGH, Baron ; Bennet Sherard (Lord Sherard in Ireland), created Viscount Sherard in 1718 ; and in

—19 HARBOROUGH, Earl of ; with limitations of this last title to his cousin Philip Sherard, 2d Earl in 1732 ; his eldest son Philip, 3d Earl in 1750 ; his brother Robert, 4th Earl in 1772, succeeded by his only son, 5th Earl, in 1799.

—11 HARCOURT, Baron ; Sir Simon Harcourt, knt. created Viscount

—21 HARCOURT ; his grandson Simon, 2d Viscount in 1727. Created Viscount Nuneham and

—49 HARCOURT, Earl, in 1749 ; his eldest son George Simon, 2d Earl in 1777.

—33 HARDWICKE, Baron ; Sir Philip Yorke, knt. 1st Lord. Created in 1754 Earl of

—54 HARDWICKE, and Viscount Royston ; his eldest son

Creation.

son Philip, 2d Earl in 1764; his nephew Philip, son of his brother Charles, 3d Earl in 1790.

1790 HAREWOOD, Baron; Edwin Lascelles: extinct in 1795.

—96 HAREWOOD, Baron; Edward Lascelles, brother to the last Lord.

—76 HARROWBY, Baron; Nathaniel Ryder; succeeded by his eldest son Dudley in 1803.

—56 HARWICH, Baron; Wills Hill (Earl of Hillsborough in Ireland, and afterwards Marquis of Downshire, in that kingdom). Created Earl of Hillsborough in 1776.

—29 HARRINGTON, Baron; William Stanhope.— Created Viscount Petersham and Earl of

—42 HARRINGTON, his only son William, 2d Earl in 1756; his eldest son Charles, 3d Earl in 1779.

1643 HATTON, Baron; Christopher Hatton, 2d Lord in 1670. Created Viscount

—82 HATTON; his only son William, 2d Viscount in 1706. Extinct in 1762.

—96 HAVERSHAM, Baron; Sir John Thompson, bart.; his only son John, 2d Lord in 1702. Extinct in 1744.

1776 HAWKE, Baron; Sir Edward Hawke, K.B. his only son Martin Bladen, 2d Lord in 1781. Succeeded by his son Edward Harvey, 1804.

Creation.

1786 HAWKESBURY, Baron ; Charles Jenkinson.—
Created in 1796, Earl of Liverpool.

—87 HEATHFIELD, Baron ; Sir George Augustus Eliot, K.B. created Lord Heathfield, Baron of Gibraltar ; his only son Francis, 2d Lord in 1790.

—60 HENLEY, Baron ; Sir Robert Henley, knt. Created Earl of Northington in 1764.

1694 HERBERT, Baron, of Cherbury ; Henry Herbert ; his son Henry, 2d Lord in 1709 : extinct in 1738.

1743 HERBERT, Baron, of Cherbury ; Henry Arthur Herbert. Created in 1748 Earl of Powis.

1550 HEREFORD, Viscount ; Price Devereux, 9th Viscount in 1700 ; his only son Price, 10th Viscount in 1740 ; his cousin Edward 11th Viscount in 1750 ; his son Edward, 12th Viscount in 1760 ; his brother George, 13th Viscount in 1783. Succeeded by his son Henry, 14th Viscount in 1804.

1750 HERTFORD, Earl of ; Francis Seymour Conway, 2d Lord Conway. Created Earl of Hertford in 1750 ; created in

—93 HERTFORD, Marquis of, and Earl of Yarmouth ; his eldest son, 2d Marquis in 1794.

—03 HERVEY, Baron, of Ickworth ; John Hervey, Lord Hervey ; created in 1714, Earl of Bristol.

—72 HILLSBOROUGH, Earl of ; Wills Hill, Lord Har.

Creation.

Harwich (Earl of Hillsborough, and afterwards Marquis of Downshire in Ireland); his son Arthur, 2d Earl in 1793; his son Arthur, 3d Earl in 1801, a minor.

1728 HOBART, Baron; Sir John Hobart, bart. created Earl of Buckinghamshire. (Which see.)

—28 HOBART, Baron; Robert Lord Hobart, eldest son of George III. Earl of Bucks, summoned as Baron Hobart; succeeded his father as Earl of Buckinghamshire in 1805.

—95 HOOD, Baroness, of Catherington; Susannah, wife of Visct. Hood; Henry Hood, only son of Visct. Hood, succeeded his mother in this barony in 1805.

1682 HOLDERNESSE, Earl of; Robert D'Arcy, 3d Earl in 1693; his only son Robert, 4th Earl in 1722, a minor: extinct in 1778.

—62 HOLLAND, Baroness, of Holland: Lady Caroline Fox, wife of the Right Honble. Henry Fox, created Baroness Holland, with remainder to her heirs male; her son Stephen succeeded to this barony in 1774; his son Henry Lord Holland in Nov. 1774.

—63 HOLLAND, of Foxley; Right Hon. Henry Fox; his eldest son Stephen, 2d Lord, July 1st, 1774; he also succeeded his mother in the barony of Holland, July 21, 1774; his only son Henry Richard, 3d Lord, Nov. 26, 1774, a minor, of age in Nov. 1793.

Creation.

1795 HOOD, Baroness; Susannah Hood (wife of Samuel Lord Hood of Ireland) Baroness Hood of Catherington, with remainders to her heirs male.

—96 HOOD, Viscount; Samuel Hood (Lord Hood in Ireland) Viscount Hood of Whitley, in Warwickshire.

1554 HOWARD, Baron, of Effingham; Thomas Howard, 6th Lord in 1700; Francis, 7th Lord in 1725; created in 1731 Earl of Effingham.

—94 HOWARD, Baron, of Walden; Sir John Griffin K.B. claimed this barony as coming to him by descent, which having proved to the satisfaction of the House, it was allowed to him, and had summons, August 7, 1784. His Lordship was on August 30, 1788, created Baron Braybrooke, with remainder to Richard Aldworth Neville, esq.

1628 HOWARD, Baron, of Escricke; Thomas Howard, 2d Lord in 1675; his brother William, 3d Lord in ; his son Charles, 4th Lord in : extinct in 1715.

1803 HOWARD, Baron, of Walden. On the death of Frederick, Earl of Bristol, in 1803, this title went to his grand-nephew, only grand-child of Lord Harvey, who married Miss Drummond, by whom he had a daughter, married to Ellis, esq. whose only son Charles Augustus Ellis, became Lord Howard of Walden in 1803. Claimed by descent by Charles Augustus Ellis, grand-son of the late Frederick, Earl of Bristol, and the House allowed his claim, 1807.

Creation.

- 1782 HOWE, Viscount ; Richard Howe, (Viscount Howe in Ireland), Viscount Howe of Langar, in Nottinghamshire ; created
- 88 HOWE, Earl, August 19, 1788, at the same time, Baron Howe, with remainder to his daughters successively, and the heirs-male of their bodies. Earldom extinct in 1799. The barony went to his eldest daughter Sophia Charlotte, widow of the Hon. Penn Curzon, son of Viscount Curzon.
- 96 HUME, Baron, of Berwick ; Alexander Hume Campbell, (Lord Polwarth, eldest son of Hugh, Earl of Marchmont in Scotland) : extinct in 1781.
- 1558 HUNSDON, Baron ; Robert Carey, 6th Lord in 1677 ; his cousin Robert, 7th Lord in 1692 ; his son William Ferdinand, 8th Lord in 1702 : extinct in 1765.
- 29 HUNTINGDON, Earl of ; George Hastings, 8th Earl in 1701 ; his brother Theophilus, 9th Earl in 1705 ; his eldest son Francis, 10th Earl in 1746, a minor, of age in 1750. Died in 1789.
- 1801 HUTCHINSON, Baron ; Sir John Heley Hutchinson, December 16, 1801.
- 1756 HYDE, Baron, of Hindon ; the Honble. Thomas Villiers ; created Earl of Clarendon in 1776.— (Which see.)
- 1643 JERMYN, Baron ; Thomas Jermyn, 2d Lord in 1688 : extinct in 1708.

Creation.

- 1697 JERSEY, Earl of; Edward Villiers, Viscount Villiers, created Earl; his son William, 2d Earl in 1711; his son William, 3d Earl in 1721; his only son George Bussy, 4th Earl in 1769.
- 1741 ILCHESTER, Baron; Stephen Fox in 1747; he was created Lord Ilchester and Stavordale, with remainder to his brother Henry. He was created Earl of
- 56 ILCHESTER in 1756, with like remainder; his eldest son Henry Thomas, 2d Earl in 1776; succeeded by his eldest son Henry Stephen in 1803, a minor.
- 1801 KEITH, George Keith Elphinstone, Baron Keith in Ireland; Baron Keith of Stonehaven Marischal, December 15, 1804, with remainder of the barony to his heirs-male, whom failing to his daughter.
- 1465 KENT, Earl of; Henry Grey, 13th Earl in 1702. Created Marquis of
- 1706 KENT in 1706. Created Earl of Hertford and Duke of
- 19 KENT in 1710: extinct in 1740.
- 99 KENT and Strathern, Duke of, His Royal Highness Prince Edward, 4th son of his Majesty, created April 23, 1799.
- 88 KENYON, Baron, Lloyd Kenyon; succeeded by his eldest son George.
- 82 KEPPEL, Viscount; Honble. Augustus Keppel, 2d

Creation.

2d son of William Anne, 2d Earl of Albemarle :
extinct in 1786.

1722 KER, Earl, Robert Ker, (Marquis of Beaumont,
eldest son of the Duke of Roxburgh in Scotland)
Earl and Baron Ker of Wakefield in Yorkshire ;
his son John, 2d Earl in 1755, a minor, of age
in 1761. Extinct in 1804.

—25 KING, Baron ; Sir Peter King, created Lord King,
Baron of Okeham in Surrey ; his son John, 2d
Lord in 1734 ; Peter his brother, 3d Lord in
1740 ; William his brother, 4th Lord in 1754 ;
Thomas his brother, 5th Lord in 1767 ; his son
Peter, 6th Lord in 1769 ; his eldest son Peter,
7th Lord in 1793, a minor, of age in 1803.

—15 KINGSTON, Duke of ; Evelyn Pierrepont, Mar-
quis of Dorchester, Duke of Kingston ; his
grandson Evelyn, 2d Duke in 1725. Extinct
in 1773.

1804 LAKE, Gerard Lake, Baron of Delhi, Laswarrey,
and Aston Clinton, September 13.

1657 LANGDALE, Baron : Marmaduke, became 2d
Lord in 1661 ; Marmaduke, 3d Lord in 1702 ;
Marmaduke, 4th Lord in 1718. Extinct in 1778.

—11 LANSDOWNE, Baron ; George Granville.—
Extinct in 1734.

—84 LANSDOWNE, Marquis of ; William (Earl of
Shelburne in Ireland) 2d Lord Wycombe ; cre-
ated

Creation.

ated in 1784 Earl of Wycombe and Marquis of Lansdowne ; succeeded by his eldest son John Henry in 1805.

1806 LAUDERDALE, Baron, of Thirlestane ; James Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale in Scotland.

1721 LECHMERE, Baron ; Nicholas Lechmere. Extinct in 1727.

1285 Le DESPENCER, Baron. This ancient barony has been in several noble families. On the death of John, 7th Earl of Westmoreland in 1762, Sir Francis Dashwood, bart. became 8th Lord ; on his death in 1781, it came to his sister Rachel Lady Austen, and on her death in 1788, Sir Thomas Stapleton, bart. became the 9th Lord.

1694 LEEDS, Duke of ; Thomas Osborne, Marquis of Carmarthen, 1st Duke ; his son Peregrine, 2d Duke in 1712 ; his son Peregrine Hyde, 3d Duke in 1729 ; his only son Thomas, 4th Duke in 1731 ; Francis Godolphin, 5th Duke in 1789 ; succeeded by his son George William Frederick in 1799.

—18 LEICESTER, Earl of ; Philip Sidney, 5th Earl in 1701 ; his brother John, 6th Earl in 1705 ; his brother Jocelyne, 7th Earl in 1737. Extinct in 1743.

1744 LEICESTER, Earl of ; Thomas Coke, Lord Lovel ; created Viscount Coke and Earl of Leicester. Extinct in 1759.

Creation.

1784 **LEICESTER**, Earl of; George Townshend, Lord de Ferrars, (eldest son of George, 3d Viscount Townshend, since created Marquis Townshend.)

1643 **LEIGH**, Baron; Thomas Leigh, succeeded his grandfather, 2d Lord in 1671; his son Edward, 3d Lord in 1710; Thomas his only son, 4th Lord in 1738; his only son Edward, 5th Lord in 1749, a minor: extinct in 1786.

—46 **LEINSTER**, Viscount; James Fitzgerald (Earl and afterwards Marquis of Kildare, and Duke of Leinster in Ireland); William Robert, his eldest son, 2d Viscount in 1773; succeeded by his son Augustus Frederick in 1804.

1692 **LEMPSTER**, Baron, William Fermor; his son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1721. Created Earl of Pomfret.

—45 **LEXINGTON**, Baron; Robert Sutton, 2d Lord in ; his son William George, 3d Lord in : extinct in 1723.

1763 **LIGONIER**, Baron; Sir John Ligonier, K. B. created Earl

—66 **LIGONIER** in 1766: extinct in 1770.

1682 **LEWISHAM**, George, Lord Viscount, eldest son of the Earl of Dartmouth; Baron Dartmouth of Dartmouth, 1801.

Creation.

1797 LILFORD, Baron, Thomas Powys, so created October 1797; his eldest son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1800.

—06 LINDSEY, Marquis of; Robert Bertie, 4th Earl of Lindsey; created Duke of Ancaster and Keven in 1715.

1565 LINCOLN, Earl of; Henry Clinton, 7th Earl in 1693; his eldest son George, 8th Earl in 1728; his brother Henry, 9th Earl in 1730, a minor, of age in 1741. Succeeded his uncle Thomas Pelham, Duke of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, as Duke of Newcastle-under-Tyne in 1768.

1674 LITCHFIELD, Earl of; Sir Edward Henry Lee, bart. Baron Lee, Viscount Quarendon and Earl of Litchfield; his son George Henry, 2d Earl in 1716; his eldest son George Henry, 3d Earl in 1742; his uncle Robert, 4th Earl in 1772: extinct in 1776.

—96 LIVERPOOL, Earl of; Charles Jenkinson, Lord Hawkesbury, so created June 1.

1801 LOFTUS, Baron; Charles Loftus, (Marquis of Ely in Ireland) so created January 19, 1801.

1690 LONGUEVILLE, Viscount; Henry Yelverton, Lord Grey of Ruthyn, 1st Viscount; his eldest son Talbot, 2d Viscount in 1704. (See Sussex.)

—96 LONSDALE, Viscount; Sir John Lowther, bart. his son Richard, 2d Viscount in 1700; Henry his

Creation.

his brother, 3d Viscount in 1713 : extinct in 1751.

1784 LONSDALE, Earl of; Sir James Lowther, bart.
extinct in May 1802.

1807 LONSDALE, Earl of : William Lowther, Viscount
Lowther.

1780 LOUGHBOROUGH, Baron, of Loughborough,
in Leicestershire : Alexander Wedderburn, esq.
Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.

—95 LOUGHBOROUGH, Baron, of Loughborough,
in Surrey, with remainder to his nephews, Sir
James Erskine St Clair, bart. and John Erskine,
esq. (See Rosslyn.)

—84 LOVAINE, Baron, of Alnwick ; Hugh Duke of
Northumberland, with remainder to his second
son Lord Algernoon Percy ; Algernoon Percy,
2d Lord in 1776, and was created Earl of Bever-
ley in 1790. (Which see.)

—28 LOVEL, Baron, Thomas Coke ; created Earl of
Leicester in 1744. (See Leicester.)

—62 LOVEL and HOLLAND, Baron ; John Perceval
(Earl of Egmont in Ireland) ; his eldest son John
James, 2d Lord in 1770.

1627 LOVELACE, Baron ; John Lovelace, 2d Lord in
1693 ; his cousin John, 3d Lord in ; his
son John, 4th Lord in : extinct in 1736.

1668

Creation.

1663 LUCAS, Baroness, of Crudwell; Amabella Hume, Baroness, widow of Alexander Lord Hume, eldest son of Hugh Hume, Earl of Marchmont. In 1663, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Lord Lucas, of Shenfield, was created Baroness of Crudwell in Wiltshire, with remainder to her heirs male or female. She married Anthony Grey, 11th Earl of Kent, and her grandson Anthony of that marriage, had summons to Parliament in 1719, as Baron Lucas; but dying without issue in 1723, the title devolved on his eldest sister, Amabel, wife of John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane. By him she had an only daughter, Jemima. In 1740, her grandfather, Henry Duke of Kent, was created Marquis of Grey, with remainder (in default of male issue,) of the title of Marchioness Grey, to his granddaughter, Lady Jemima Campbell, and the title of Marquis Grey to her heirs male: she married Philip Lord Royston, eldest son of Philip, 1st Earl of Hardwicke, by whom she had two daughters. In 1740, on the death of her father, she became Marchioness Grey and Baroness Lucas. Her mother dying Jan. 10, 1797, without issue male, the title of Grey became extinct, and Amabella, her eldest daughter, became Baroness Lucas of Crudwell. Her sister, the Lady Mary Jemima, married in August, 1780, Thomas 2d Lord Grantham, and has issue.

1720 LYMINGTON, Viscount; John Wallop. Created Earl of Portsmouth. (Which see.)

—56 LYTTTELTON, Baron; Sir George Lyttelton, bart.; his only son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1773: extinct in 1779.

Creation.

1794 **LYTTELTON**, Baron; William Henry Lyttelton,
(Lord Westcote in Ireland, and brother to
George, first Lord Lyttelton).

—96 **MACARTNEY**, Baron; George Macartney,
(Earl of Macartney in Ireland): extinct in 1805.

—21 **MACCLESFIELD**, Earl of; Thomas Parker,
Lord Parker; his only son, 2d Earl in 1732;
his eldest son Thomas, 3d Earl in 1764; his
eldest son George, 4th Earl in 1795.

—88 **MALMESBURY**, Baron; James Harris, K. B.
created Viscount Fitzharris, and Earl of Malmes-
bury, October 1800.

—28 **MALTON**, Baron; Thomas Watson Wentworth,
K. B. Created Earl of

—34 **MALTON**, in 1734; created Marquis of Rock-
ingham. (Which see.)

1625 **MANCHESTER**, Earl of: Charles Montague,
4th Earl; created in 1719 Duke of

1719 **MANCHESTER**. William his eldest son, 2d
Duke in 1721; his brother Robert, 3d Duke
in 1739; his eldest son George, 4th Duke in
1762; his eldest son George, 5th Duke in
1788.

—11 **MANSEL**, Baron: Sir Thomas Mansel, bart. his
grandson Thomas, 2d Lord in 1723; his uncle
Christopher, 3d Lord in 1743; his brother Bus-
sy, 4th Lord in 1744: extinct in 1750.

Creation.

1756 MANSFIELD, Baron : the Hon. William Murray, (son of Viscount Stormont in Scotland) : created Earl of

—76 MANSFIELD, in Nottinghamshire, with remainder to Jane, Viscountess Stormont, and her heirs male by David, Viscount Stormont, her husband : created Earl of

—92 MANSFIELD, in the county of Middlesex, with remainder to his nephew David, Viscount Stormont ; David Viscount Stormont, 2d Earl in 1793 ; his son David William, 3d Earl in 1796.

1806 MANVERS, Earl : Charles Viscount Newark.

1689 MARLBOROUGH, Earl of : John Churchill ; created Marquis of Blandford, and Duke of

—02 MARLBOROUGH, in 1722 : his eldest daughter Duchess of Marlborough ; Charles Spencer, 5th Earl of Sunderland, 2d Duke in 1733 ; his eldest son George, 3d Duke in 1758.

—11 MASHAM, Baron : Samuel Masham ; his only son Samuel, 2d Lord in 1758 : extinct in 1776.

1627 MAYNARD, Baron : Bannister, 3d Lord in ; his son Henry, 4th Lord in 1718 ; his brother Grey, 5th Lord in 1742 ; Charles, 6th Lord in 1745. In 1766 created Viscount

1766 MAYNARD, with remainder to his cousin Sir William Maynard, and his heirs male : Sir Charles Maynard, 2d Viscount in 1775.

Creation.

1761 MELCOMBE, Baron: George Bubb Dodding-
ton: extinct in 1762.

1802 MELVILLE, Viscount: Henry Dundas; in the
county of Mid Lothian, and Baron Duneira in
the county of Perth.

1794 MENDIP, Baron: Welbore Ellis, with divers re-
mainders; his nephew Henry Ellis, 2d Lord in
1802.

—11 MIDDLETON, Baron: Thomas Willoughby;
his eldest son Francis, 2d Lord in 1729; his el-
dest son Francis, 3d Lord in 1758; his brother
Thomas, 4th Lord in 1774; his cousin Thomas,
6th Lord in 1781.

1762 MILTON, Baron: Joseph Damer (Lord Milton
in Ireland): created Viscount Milton and Earl of
Dorchester. (Which see.)

—97 MINTO, Baron: Gilbert Elliot: so created Oc-
tober 1797.

1628 MOHUN, Baron, of Oakhampton: Charles, 3d
Lord Mohun in 16 : extinct in 1712.

—89 MONMOUTH, Earl of: Chas. Mordaunt, Visct.
Mordaunt of Avalon. In 1797 this earldom
merged in that of Peterborough. (Which see.)

1728 MONSON, Baron: John Monson; his son John
2d Lord in 1748; his son John 3d Lord in 1774;
his son John George, 4th Lord in 1806.

Creation.

1554 MONTAGUE, Viscount : Francis Brown, 4th Viscount in 1682 ; his brother Henry, 5th Lord in 1708 ; his only son Anthony, 6th Lord in 1717 ; his only son Anthony, 7th Lord in 1767 ; his only son George Samuel, 8th Viscount in 1787 ; a minor, of age in 1790 ; unfortunately drowned in the river Rhine in Nov. 1793.

1705 MONTAGU, Duke of : Ralph Earl of Montagu, Duke of Montagu and Marquis of Monthermer ; his only son John, 2d Duke in 1709 ; extinct in 1749 : his son-in-law George Brudenell, 4th Earl of Cardigan, created Duke of

—66 MONTAGU : extinct in 1791.

—62 MONTAGU, Baron, of Boughton : John Lord Brudenell, only son of George Earl of Cardigan : extinct in 1770.

—86 MONTAGU, Baron, of Boughton ; George Duke of Montagu, with remainder to his grandson Lord Henry James Montagu Scott, 2d son of Henry Duke of Buccleugh, who became 2d Lord Montagu in 1791.

—41 MONFORT, Baron : Henry Bromley ; his only son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1755 ; succeeded by his son Thomas, 3d Lord in 1799.

1806 MONTEAGLE, Baron : John Dennis Browne, Marquis of Sligo in Ireland.

1711 MONTJOY, Baron : Hon. Thomas Windsor (2d son

Creation.

- son of the Earl of Plymouth); his only son Herbert, 2d Lord in 1738 : extinct in 1758.
- 1801 MOORE, Baron : Charles Moore (Marquis of Drogheda in Ireland.)
- 1781 MOUNTEDGE CUMBE and VALLETORT, Viscount : George, 3d Lord Edgecumbe; created Earl of
- 89 MOUNTEDGE CUMBE : his only son Richard, 2d Earl in 1795.
- 61 MOUNTSTUART, Baroness : Mary Wortley Montagu, wife of John Stuart, Earl of Bute; her eldest son John, Lord Cardiff, and 4th Earl of Bute, 2d Lord in 1794 : his Lordship was in 1796 created Marquis of Bute, Earl of Windsor, &c.
- 90 MULGRAVE, Baron : Constantine John Phipps, (Lord Mulgrave in Ireland) : extinct in 1792.
- 94 MULGRAVE, Baron : Henry Phipps, (Lord Mulgrave in Ireland.)
- 98 NELSON, Sir Horatio Nelson : created Baron Nelson of the Nile, and of Burnham Thorpe, in Norfolk, with divers remainders : raised to the dignity of Viscount
- 1801 NELSON, Viscount, of the Nile and Burnham, May 22, 1801 : the title of Viscount extinct October 21, 1805.

Creation.

1805 NELSON, Earl : the Rev. William Lord Nelson, brother of Viscount Nelson, Viscount Merton, and Earl Nelson, Nov. 20.

1796 NEWARK, Viscount : Charles Medows Pierrepont. (See Manvers.)

—16 NEWBURGH, Baron : George Cholmondeley. This title merged in that of Cholmondeley on his becoming 2d Earl of Cholmondeley in 1724.

—94 NEWCASTLE, Duke of : John Holles : extinct in 1711.

—15 NEWCASTLE, Duke of : Thomas Pelham Holles, Earl of Clare, Marquis of Clare, and Duke of Newcastle-upon-Tyne : extinct in 1768. His Grace was in 1756, created Duke of

—56 NEWCASTLE-under-Line, with remainder to Henry Earl of Lincoln, who in 1768 became 2d Duke ; Thomas, his only son, 3d Duke in 1794 ; his eldest son, 4th Duke in 1795.

1483 NORFOLK, Duke of : Thomas Howard, 8th Duke in 1701 ; his brother Edward, 9th Duke in 1732 ; his cousin Charles, 10th Duke in 1777 ; his only son Charles, 11th Duke in 1786.

1702 NORMANBY, Duke of : John Sheffield. (See Buckingham.)

1553 NORTH, Baron, of Kirtling : Charles North, 5th

Creation.

5th Lord North, and 1st Lord Grey of Rolleston in 1677 ; his son William, 6th Lord North and 2d Lord Grey in 1690. This last title extinct in 1734 ; Francis, 3d Lord Guilford, succeeded as 7th Lord North in 1734, and in 1752 was created Earl of Guilford. (Which see.)

1618 NORTHAMPTON, Earl of : George Compton, 4th Earl of Northampton in 1681 ; his eldest son James, 5th Earl in 1727 ; his brother George, 6th Earl in 1754 ; his nephew Charles, 7th Earl in 1758 ; his brother Spencer, 8th Earl in 1763 ; his only son Charles, 9th Earl in 1796.

1764 NORTHINGTON, Earl of : Robert Henley, Lord Henley ; his only son Robert, 2d Earl in 1772 : extinct in 1786.

1682 NORTHUMBERLAND, Duke of : George Fitzroy : extinct in 1716.

1749 NORTHUMBERLAND, Earl of : Algernon Seymour, 7th Duke of Somerset, Earl of Northumberland, and Lord Warkworth, with remainder to his son-in-law Sir Hugh Smithson, bart. Sir Hugh, 2d Earl in 1750 ; created Duke of

—66 NORTHUMBERLAND, and Earl Percy in 1766 : his eldest son Hugh (Lord Percy in right of his mother), 2d Duke in 1786.

—97 NORTHWICK, Baron : John Rushout : so created October 26, 1797 : succeeded by his son, John, 2d Lord in 1800.

Creation.

1784 NORWICH, Earl of: Alexander Gordon, (Duke of Gordon in Scotland).

1681 NOTTINGHAM, Earl of: Daniel Finch, Lord Finch of Daventry, 1st Earl; his eldest son Daniel 2d Earl in 1712: in 1729 he became 6th Earl of Winchelsea. (Which see.)

1716 ONSLOW, Baron: Richard Onslow, 1st Lord; his eldest son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1717; his son Richard, 3d Lord in 1740; his cousin George, (1st Lord Cranley) 4th Lord in 1776: created Earl of Onslow, June 19, 1801.

—17 ORFORD, Earl of: Edward Russell, Earl of Orford and Viscount Barfleur: extinct in 1727.

—41 ORFORD, Earl of: Sir Robert Walpole, K.G. his eldest son Robert, 2d Earl in 1745; his only son George, 3d Earl in 1751; his uncle the Honble. Horatio Walpole, 4th Earl in 1791, at whose death in 1796, the earldom became extinct in 1797.

1806 ORFORD: Horatio Lord Walpole, Earl of Orford, in the county of Suffolk. April 1, 1806.

1682 ORMOND, Duke of: James Butler, 2d Duke in 1688. Forfeited in 1715.

—82 OSSULSTON, Baron: Charles Bennet, 2d Lord in 1688: created Earl of Tankerville in 1714. (Which see.)

Creation.

1711 OXFORD, Earl of, and Earl Mortimer : Robert Harley ; his only son, 2d Earl in 1724 ; his uncle Edward, 3d Earl in 1741 ; his eldest son Edward, 4th Earl in 1755 ; his nephew Edward, 5th Earl in 1790.

1550 PAGET, Baron : William Paget, 6th Lord in 1678 ; his son Henry, Lord Burton, 7th Lord in 1712 : created Earl of Uxbridge in 1714. In 1769 the barony of Paget devolved upon Henry Bayley, who in 1784 was created Earl of Uxbridge. (Which see.)

1716 PARKER, Baron : Sir Thomas Parker : in 1721 created Viscount Parker and Earl of Macclesfield. (Which see.)

—62 PELHAM, Baron, of Houghton : Sir Thomas Pelham ; his eldest son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1712 ; a minor, of age in 1715 : created in 1714 Viscount Pelham and Earl of Clare. (Which see).

—62 PELHAM, Baron, of Stanmer : Thomas Pelham, Duke of Newcastle, with remainder to his cousin Thomas Pelham of Stanmer, esq. who in 1768 became 2d Lord Pelham. (See Chichester.)

1551 PEMBROKE and MONTGOMERY, Earl of : Thomas Herbert, 8th Earl in 1685 ; his eldest son Henry, 9th Earl in 1732 ; his only son Henry, 10th Earl in 1750, a minor ; his only son George Augustus, 11th Earl in 1794.

Creation.

1299 PERCY, Baron. In 1670 Lady Elizabeth Percy (afterwards Duchess of Somerset) became Baroness Percy, on the death of her father Joceline, 11th Earl of Northumberland. On her death in 1722, her son Algernon Seymour, Earl of Hertford (afterwards Duke of Somerset), became Lord Percy. On his death in 1750, his only child Elizabeth, Countess and afterwards Duchess of Northumberland, became Baroness Percy. On her death in 1776, her eldest son Hugh, Earl Percy (now 2d Duke of Northumberland), became Lord Percy.

1797 PERTH, Baron : James Drummond ; so created October 26, 1797 : extinct in 1800.

1627 PETERBOROUGH, Earl of : Charles Mordaunt, Earl of Monmouth, became 3d Earl in 1697 ; his grandson Charles, 4th Earl in 1735 ; his son Charles Henry, 5th Earl in 1779.

1603 PETRE, Baron : Robert Petre, 7th Lord in 1706 ; his son Robert James, 8th Lord in 1713 ; his only son Robert Edward, 9th Lord in 1742.

1714 PIERREPONT, Baron : Gervase Pierrepont, (Lord Pierrepont of Ardglass in Ireland) : extinct in 1715.

1682 PLYMOUTH, Earl of : Other Windsor Hickman, 2d Earl in 1687 ; his eldest son Other, 3d Earl in 1725 ; his only son Other, 4th Earl in 1732 ; a minor, of age in 1750 ; his eldest son Other, 5th Earl in 1771 ; a minor, of age in

Creation.

in 1772; succeeded by his son Other, 6th Earl, a minor in 1799.

1721 POMFRET, Earl of: Thomas Fermor, 2d Lord Lempster; his only son George, 2d Earl in 1753; his eldest son George, 3d Earl in 1785.

1806 PONSONBY, Baron, of Imokilly: William Brazon Ponsonby; his son John, 2d Lord in November 1806.

—80 PORCHESTER, Baron: Henry Herbert: created Earl of Carnarvon in 1793.

1689 PORTLAND, Earl of: William Bentinck; his son Henry, 2d Earl in 1709: in 1716 created Marquis of Titchfield, and Duke of

1716 PORTLAND: his son William, 2d Duke in 1726; his son William Henry Cavendish, 3d Duke in 1762.

—43 PORTSMOUTH, Earl of: John Wallop, Visct. Lymington, 1st Earl; his grandson John, 2d Earl in 1762; a minor, of age in 1763; succeeded by his son John Charles, 3d Earl in 1798.

1627 POULETT, Baron: John Poulett, 4th Lord Poulett, Viscount Hindon and Earl

1706 POULETT in 1706; his son John, 2d Earl in 1743; his brother Vere, 3d Earl in 1764; his eldest son John, 4th Lord in 1788.

Creation.

1804 POWIS. Edward Lord Clive was in May 1804 created Viscount Clive and Earl of Powis.

1688 POWYS, Marquis of, and Viscount Montgomery : William Herbert, 2d Earl of Powys, created Marquis. Forfeited in 1689. Died in 1696. His son William restored to his honours in 1697; 2d Marquis; his only son William, 3d Marquis in 1745 : extinct in 1747.

1748 POWYS, Earl of : Henry Arthur Herbert, Lord Herbert of Cherbury, Viscount Ludlow and Earl of Powys; his only son George Edward Arthur Henry, 2d Earl in 1772; a minor : extinct in 1801.

1679 RADNOR, Earl of : John Robartes, 2d Lord Robartes, 1st Earl; his grandson Charles Bodville, 2d Earl in 1715; his nephew Henry, 3d Earl in 1723; his cousin John, 4th Earl in 1740 : extinct in 1757.

1765 RADNOR, Earl of : William Pleydell Bouverie, 2d Viscount Folkstone, 1st Earl; his eldest son Jacob Pleydell, 2d Earl in 1776.

—47 RAVENSWORTH, Baron : Sir Henry Liddel : extinct in 1784.

—83 RAWDON, Baron : Francis Rawdon, eldest son of the Earl of Moira in Ireland, and now Earl of Moira.

—30 RAYMOND, Baron : Sir Robert Raymond; his only

Creation.

- only son Robert, 2d Lord in 1732 : extinct in 1753.
- 1802 REDESDALE, Baron, of Redesdale in Northumberland : Sir John Mitford, knt. Feb. 15, 1802.
- 1797 RIBBLESDALE, Baron : Thomas Lister ; 26th October 1797.
- 1675 RICHMOND, Duke of ; Charles Lenox, 1st Duke, (Duke of Lenox in Scotland) ; his only son Charles, 2d Duke in 1723 ; Charles his eldest son, 3d Duke in 1750 ; a minor ; his nephew, 4th Duke in 1807.
- 26 RIVERS, Earl of, and Viscount Colchester : Richard Savage, 4th Earl in 1694 ; his cousin John Savage, 5th Earl in 1712 : extinct in 1728.
- 1776 RIVERS, Baron : George Pitt ; succeeded by his son George, 1807.
- 1802 RIVERS, Baron, of Sudley Castle : George Lord Rivers of Stratfieldsay ; so created March 16, 1802, with remainder on failure of his male issue, successively to his brother Sir William Pitt, K.B. and his heirs male ; and in default of such issue, to the heirs male of his daughter Louisa, by her husband Peter Beckford, esq.
- 1682 ROCHESTER, Earl of : Laurence Hyde, 2d son of the Earl of Clarendon ; his only son Henry, 2d Earl in 1711. In 1723 he became Earl of Clarendon, and all his titles extinct in 1754.

Creation.

1695 **ROCHFORD**, Earl of : William Nassau de Zu-
lestein, 1st Earl ; William his eldest son, 2d Earl
in 1709 ; his brother Frederick, 3d Earl in 1710 ;
his eldest son William Henry, 4th Earl in 1738 ;
his nephew William Henry, 5th Earl in 1781.

1644 **ROCKINGHAM**, Baron ; Lewis Watson Went-
worth, 3d Lord Rockingham : created Viscount
Sondes, and Earl of

1714 **ROCKINGHAM** in 1714 ; his grandson Lewis,
2d Earl in 1723 ; his only brother Thomas, 3d
Earl in 1745 : earldom extinct in 1745. The
barony descended to Thomas Watson Went-
worth, Earl of Malton, who in 1746 was created
Marquis of

—46 **ROCKINGHAM** ; his only son Charles Watson
Wentworth, 2d Marquis in 1750 ; a minor, of
age in 1751 : extinct in 1782.

—82 **RODNEY**, Baron : Sir George Bridges Rodney,
bart. and K. B. his eldest son George, 2d Lord
in 1792 ; succeeded by his son George in 1802.

—47 **ROLLE**, Baron : Henry Rolle, esq. : extinct in
1750.

—96 **ROLLE**, Baron : John Rolle, esq.

—16 **ROMNEY**, Baron : Sir Robert Marsham, bart.
his only son Robert, 2d Lord in 1724 ; his eld-
est son Charles, 3d Lord in 1793 : created Vis-
count Marsham and Earl of Romney, June 22,
1801.

Creation.

1801 **ROSSLYN**, Earl : Alexander Wedderburn, Lord Loughborough ; created Earl Rosslyn, April 1801, with remainders to his nephews Sir James St Clair Erskine, bart. and his brother John Erskine, esq. He died in 1804 ; his nephew Sir James Erskine, bart. 2d Earl in 1804.

1796 **ROUS**, Baron : Sir John Rous, bart.

—03 **RUTLAND**, Duke of : John Manners, 9th Earl of Rutland ; created Marquis of Granby and Duke of Rutland ; his only son John, 2d Duke in 1710 ; his eldest son John, 3d Duke in 1720 ; his grandson Charles, 4th Duke in 1779 ; his son John Henry, 5th Duke in 1787 ; a minor, born in January 1778.

1684 **ST. ALBANS**, Duke of : Charles Beauclerk, Earl of Burford, 1st Duke ; his eldest son Charles, 2d Duke in 1726 ; his only son George, 3d Duke in 1751 ; his cousin George, 4th Duke in 1786 ; his cousin Aubrey, (2d Lord Vere of Hanworth), 5th Duke in 1787 ; succeeded by his son Aubrey, February 9, 1802.

1559 **ST. JOHN**, Baron. On the death of Powlett, 3d Earl of Bolingbroke in 1711, St Andrew St John became 7th Lord St John ; his uncle William, 8th Lord in 1714 ; his brother Rowland, 9th Lord in 1720 ; his brother John, 10th Lord in 1722 ; his eldest son John, 11th Lord in 1757 ; his eldest son Henry Beauchamp, 12th Lord in 1767 ; his brother St Andrew, 13th Lord in 1805.

1799 **ST. VINCENT**, Earl : John Jervis, K B. so created May 27, 1797 : created Viscount St Vincent, with divers remainders, in 1801.

Creation.

1605 SALISBURY, Earl of : James Cecil, 4th Earl in 1683 ; his son James, 5th Earl in 1694 ; his only son James, 6th Earl in 1728 ; his only son James, 7th Earl in 1780. In 1789 created Marquis of 1789 SALISBURY.

—96 SALTERSFORD, Baron : James Stopford, (Earl of Courtown in Ireland).

1660 SANDWICH, Earl of : Edward Montagu, 3d Earl in 1688 ; his grandson John, 4th Earl in 1729 ; a minor, of age in 1739 ; his only son John, 5th Earl in 1792.

1743 SANDYS, Baron : Samuel Sandys, 1st Lord ; his eldest son Edwin, 2d Lord in 1770 : extinct in 1797.

1802 SANDYS, Baroness : Mary Hill, widow of Arthur, 2d Marquis of Downshire ; created Baroness Sandys of Ombersley, with remainder to her 2d son, &c.

1624 SAY and SELE, Viscount : Nathaniel Fiennes, 4th Viscount in 1696, Laurence Richard Fiennes, 5th Viscount in 1710 ; his cousin Richard, 6th Viscount in 1742. The title of Viscount extinct in 1781.

1603 SAY and SELE, Baron. This barony came by descent to Thomas Twisleton, esq. who laid claim to it, and the same was allowed by the House of Peers, and he was accordingly summoned to Parliament, June 29, 1781 ; his eldest son

Creation.

son George William Fynes Twisleton, 2d Lord in 1788 ; a minor, of age in 1790.

1690 SCARBOROUGH, Earl of: Richard Lumley, Viscount Lumley, 1st Earl; his son Richard, 2d Earl in 1721 ; his brother Thomas, 3d Earl in 1739 ; his only son Richard, 4th Earl in 1752; his eldest son George Augustus, 5th Earl in 1782.

—45 SCARSDALE, Earl of: Robert Leak, 3d Earl in 1680 ; his cousin Nicholas Leak, 4th Earl in 1707 : extinct in 1736.

1761 SCARSDALE, Baron : Sir Nathaniel Curzon, bart. succeeded by his grandson, Nathaniel, in Dec. 1804.

1689 SCHOMBERG, Duke of: Frederick de Schomberg, Marquis of Harwich, Earl of Brentford, and Baron of Teyes ; Charles, his 2d son, by virtue of the entail, 2d Duke in 1690 ; Meinhardt (Duke of Leinster, in Ireland), eldest son of Duke Frederick, 3d Duke in 1693 : extinct in 1719.

1797 SEAFORTH, Baron; Francis Humberstone Mackenzie, so created, Oct. 1797.

—94 SELSEY, Baron : Sir James Peachey, bart.

1672 SHAFTESBURY, Earl of: Anthony Ashley Cooper, 3d Earl in 1699 ; his only son Anthony,
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Creation.

ny, 4th Earl in 1713; his son Anthony, 5th Earl in 1771: a minor, born in Sept. 1761.

1802 SHEFFIELD, Baron: John Baker Holroyd (Baron Sheffield of Ireland), created Baron Sheffield, July 29, 1802.

1718 SHERARD, Viscount: Bennet Sherard; Lord Harborough. The title of Viscount extinct in 1732. (See Harborough.)

—84 SHERBORNE, Baron: James Dutton, esq.

1442 SHREWSBURY, Earl of: Charles Talbot, 12th Earl; created in 1694, Marquis of Alton, and Duke of

1694 SHREWSBURY. These two last titles extinct in 1718. His cousin Gilbert Talbot, 13th Earl in 1718; his nephew George, 14th Earl in 1733; a minor, of age in 1740; his nephew Charles, 15th Earl in 1787.

1805 SIDMOUTH, Viscount: Henry Addington, Viscount Sidmouth of Sidmouth, in Devonshire; Jan. 12.

1783 SIDNEY, Baron: Thomas Townshend; in 1789 created Viscount

—89 SIDNEY. Succeeded by his son John Thomas, 2d Viscount in 1800.

1546 SOMERSET, Duke of: Charles Seymour, 6th Duke in 1678; his only son Algernoon, 7th Duke

Creation.

Duke in 1748 ; his cousin Sir Edward Seymour, bart. 9th Duke ; his eldest son Edward, 10th Duke in 1757 ; his brother Webb, 11th Duke in 1792 ; his eldest son Edward Adolphus, 12th Duke in 1793 ; a minor, born in Feb. 1775.

1697 SOMMERS, Baron : John Sommers : extinct in 1716.

1784 SOMMERS, Baron : Sir Charles Cocks, bart. ; his son John, 2d Lord in 1806.

1675 SOUTHAMPTON, Duke of, and Earl of Chichester : Charles Fitzroy. On the death of his mother, in 1709, he became Duke of Cleveland. (Which see.)

1780 SOUTHAMPTON, Baron : Charles Fitzroy, (brother of the Duke of Grafton) ; succeeded by his son George Ferdinand, 2d Lord in 1797.

—62 SPENCER, Viscount : John Spencer ; in 1765 created Viscount Althorpe, and Earl

—65 SPENCER ; his only son George, 2d Earl in 1783.

1688 STAFFORD, Earl of : Henry Stafford Howard, 2d Viscount Stafford, 1st Earl ; his nephew William Stafford, 2d Earl in 1719 ; his only son William Matthias, 3d Earl in 1733 ; his uncle John Paul, 4th Earl in 1750. The titles of Viscount and Earl extinct in 1762. The barony of Stafford supposed to be in abeyance.

Creation.

1786 STAFFORD, Marquis of: Granville Leveson Gower, 2d Earl Gower, created Marquis of the county of Stafford; succeeded by his eldest son George Earl Gower, in 1803.

1628 STAMFORD, Earl of: Thomas Grey, 2d Earl in 1673; his cousin Harry, 3d Earl in 1720; his eldest son Harry, 4th Earl in 1739; his eldest son George Harry, 5th Earl in 1758; created in 1796, Baron Delamer and Earl of Warrington.

1711 STANHOPE, Viscount: James Stanhope; Baron and Viscount Stanhope of Mahon; in 1718 created Earl

—18 STANHOPE; his eldest son Philip, 2d Earl in 1720; his only son Charles, 3d Earl in 1786.

1682 STAWELL, Baron: John Stawell, 2d Lord in 1689; his brother William, 3d Lord in 1692; his brother Ralph, 4th Lord in 1741: extinct in 1755.

1760 STAWELL, Baroness; Mary Legge, only child of Edward Lord Stawell, and wife of the Hon. Henry Bilson Legge, with remainder to her heirs male; her only son Henry, 1st Lord in 1780.

1796 STEWART, Baron: John Stewart (Earl of Galloway in Scotland); his son George, Lord Garies, 2d Lord in 1806.

1448 STOURTON, Baron: Edward Stourton, 12th Lord

Creation.

Lord in 1668 ; his brother Thomas, 13th Lord in 1720 ; his nephew Charles, 14th Lord in 1744 ; his brother William, 15th Lord in 1753 ; his son Charles 16th Lord in 1781.

1711 STRAFFORD, Earl of : Thomas Wentworth, Lord Raby, Viscount Wentworth, and Earl of Strafford ; his only son William, 2d Earl in 1739 ; his cousin Frederick Thomas Wentworth, 3d Earl in 1791 : extinct in 1799.

1299 STRANGE, Baron, of Knockyn : came by descent to James Stanley, 10th Earl of Derby and on his death in 1736, to James Murray (Duke of Athol), and on his death in 1764, to his only child Charlotte Duchess of Athol. In 1786, her eldest son John Murray, (Duke of Athol in Scotland), was created Earl

1786 STRANGE, and Baron Murray of Stanley, in the county of Gloucester.

—96 STUART, Baron : Francis Stuart of Castletuart, in the county of Inverness ; (Earl of Moray, in Scotland.)

—86 SUFFIELD, Baron : Sir Harbord Harbord, bart.

1603 SUFFOLK and BERKSHIRE, Earl of : Henry Howard, 5th Earl of Suffolk in 1691 ; Henry, his son, 6th Earl in 1709 ; his son Charles William, 7th Earl in 1718 ; his uncle Edward, 8th Earl in 1721 ; his brother Charles, 9th Earl in 1731 ; his only son Henry, 10th Earl in 1733 ; his cousin Henry Bowes Howard, 4th Earl of Berkshire, 11th Earl ; his grandson Henry, 12th Earl in 1757 : a minor, of age in 1760 ; his

Creation.

posthumous son, the 13th Earl in August 1779 ; he only lived two days ; the Hon. Thomas Howard, his grand uncle, 14th Earl ; his cousin John, the 15th Earl of Suffolk and 8th of Berkshire in 1783.

1643 SUNDERLAND, Earl of : Robert Spencer, 2d Earl in 1675 ; his son Charles, 3d Earl in 1702 ; his son Robert, 4th Earl in 1722 ; his eldest son Charles, 5th Earl in 1729 ; and he, in 1733, succeeded as 2d Duke of Marlborough, on the death of his aunt Henrietta, Duchess of Marlborough. (Which see.)

1766 SUNDRIDGE, Baron : John Campbell, (Marquis of Lorn, eldest son of the Duke of Argyll, in Scotland) ; his eldest son George, Marquis of Lorn, 2d Lord in 1806.

1674 SUSSEX, Earl of : Thomas Lennard, Lord Dacre. The earldom extinct in 1715. The barony went to his daughter Anne. (See Dacre.)

1717 SUSSEX, Earl of : Talbot Yelverton, 2d Viscount Longueville ; his eldest son George Augustus, 2d Earl in 1731 ; his only brother George, 3d Earl in 1758 : extinct in 1799, but the barony of Grey of Ruthyn went to his grandson Henry Gould. (See Grey.)

1801 SUSSEX, Duke of : His Royal Highness Prince Adolphus Frederick, Earl of Tipperary and Baron of Culloden.

1711 TADCASTER, Viscount : Henry O'Brien (Earl of Thomond, in Ireland) ; extinct in 1742.

Creation.

- 1733 TALBOT, Baron: Charles Talbot; his eldest son William, 2d Lord in 1735. He was created in 1761, Baron Hensol, and Earl
- 61 TALBOT. These two last titles extinct in 1782. his nephew, John Chetwynd Talbot, 3d Lord Talbot in 1782. In 1784 he was created Visct. of Ingestræ, in Staffordshire, and Earl
- 84 TALBOT; his eldest son Charles Chetwynd, 2d Earl in 1793: a minor.
- 14 TANKERVILLE, Earl of: Charles Bennet, 2d Lord Ossulston, 1st Earl; his eldest son Charles, 2d Earl in 1722; his eldest son Charles, 3d Earl in 1753; his eldest son Charles, 4th Earl in 1767.
- 49 TEMPLE, Countess: Hester Grenville, Viscountess Cobham, with the remainder of the title of Earl to her heirs male: her eldest son Richard, 1st Earl Temple, in 1752; his nephew George, 2d Earl in 1779; created Marquis of Buckingham. (Which see.)
- 1616 TEYNHAM, Baron: Henry Roper, 8th Lord in 1716, conformed to the Church of England; his eldest son Philip, 9th Lord in 1723; his brother Henry, 10th Lord in 1727; Henry his eldest son, 11th Lord in 1781; his eldest son Henry, 12th Lord in 1786.
- 1628 THANET, Earl of: Thomas Tufton, 6th Earl in 1684; his nephew Sackville, 7th Earl in 1729; his only son Sackville, 8th Earl in 1754; his eldest son Sackville, 9th Earl in 1786: a minor, of age in 1790.

Creation.

1801 THOMOND, Murrough O'Brien, (Marquis of Thomond, in Ireland), Baron Thomond of Taplow in Berkshire.

1778 THURLOW, Baron, of Ashfield: Edward Thurlow; in June, 1792, created Baron Thurlow, of Thurlow, with remainder to his nephews, sons of his brothers; his nephew, 2d Lord in 1806.

1689 TORRINGTON, Earl of: Arthur Herbert, Earl and Baron Herbert of Torbay: extinct in 1716.

1716 TORRINGTON, Baron: the Honble. Thomas Newport, 2d son of Francis, Earl of Bradford: extinct in 1719.

—21 TORRINGTON, Viscount: Sir George Byng; his eldest son Pattee, 2d Viscount in 1732; his brother George, 3d Viscount in 1747; his eldest son George, 4th Viscount in 1750.

1682 TOWNSHEND, Viscount: Charles Townshend, 2d Viscount in 1687; his eldest son Charles, 3d Viscount in 1738; his eldest son George, 4th Viscount in 1764; created in 1787, Marquis

1787 TOWNSHEND.

—11 TREVOR, Baron: Thomas Trevor; his eldest son Thomas, 2d Lord in 1730; his brother John, 3d Lord in 1753; his brother Robert, 4th Lord in 1764; created Viscount Hampden in 1776. (Which see.)

Creation.

1786 TYRONE, Baron, of Haverford West : George de la Poer Beresford (Earl of Tyrone, and since created Marquis of Waterford, in Ireland) ; succeeded by his eldest son Henry, Dec. 3, 1800.

—94 UPPER OSSORY, Baron, of Amptill : John Fitzpatrick (Earl of Upper Ossory, in Ireland.)

—14 UXBRIDGE, Earl of : Henry Paget, 7th Lord Paget, and 1st Lord Burton, created Earl of Uxbridge in 1714 ; his grandson Henry, 2d Earl in 1743. The earldom and barony of Burton extinct in 1769. The barony of Paget went to Henry Bayly Paget, eldest son of Sir Nicholas Bayly, bart. he being descended by his mother from William, 5th Lord Paget ; created Earl of

—84 UXBRIDGE, in 1784.

1643 VAUGHAN, Baron : Francis Vaughan, 2d Lord Vaughan, (Earl of Carbery, in Ireland), in : extinct in 1713.

1750 VERE, Baron : Lord Vere Beauclerk, 1st Lord ; his only son Aubrey, 2d Lord in 1781 ; succeeded as Duke of St Albans in 1787.

—62 VERNON, Baron : George Venables Vernon, 1st Lord ; his eldest son George Venables Vernon, 2d Lord in 1780.

—90 VERULAM, Baron : James Bucknall Grimston, (Viscount Grimston, in Ireland.)

Creation.

1685 WALDEGRAVE, Baron: James Waldgrave, 2d Lord in 1689; and in 1729 created Viscount Chewton and Earl

1729 WALDEGRAVE: his eldest son James, 2d Earl in 1741; his brother John, 3d Earl in 1763; his eldest son George, 4th Earl in 1784; his eldest son George, 5th Earl in 1789; a minor; his brother John James, 6th Earl in 1794: a minor.

—23 WALPOLE, Baron, of Walpole: Robert Walpole, (eldest son of Sir Robert Walpole, afterwards Earl of Orford), 2d Earl of Orford in 1745. (Which see.)

—56 WALPOLE, Baron, of Wolterton: Horatio Walpole, 1st Lord; his eldest son Horatio, 2d Lord in 1757. The barony of Walpole of Wolterton merged into the barony of Walpole of Walpole on the death of Horatio, 4th Earl of Orford in 1797. (See Orford.)

—80 WALSINGHAM, Baron: Sir William de Grey, bart. his only son Thomas, 3d Lord in 1781.

1690 WARRINGTON, Earl of: George Booth, 2d Earl in 1723: earldom extinct in 1758.

1796 WARRINGTON, Earl of: George Harry Grey, 5th Earl of Stamford.

1618 WARWICK and HOLLAND, Earl of: Edward Henry Rich, 7th Earl in 1701; his cousin Edward, 8th Earl in 1721: extinct in 1759.

Creation.

1759 **WARWICK**, Earl of : Francis, 1st Earl Brooke ; his eldest son George, 2d Earl in 1773.

—97 **WELLESLEY**, Baron : Richard Colley ; (Earl of Mornington, and now Marquis Wellesley in Ireland) ; so created October 1797.

1529 **WENTWORTH**, Baron, of Nettledon. This barony, after having been in several noble families, came to Sir Edward Noel, bart. in 1745. He was in 1762 created Viscount

1762 **WENTWORTH** of Wellesborough in Leicestershire ; his only son Thomas, 2d Viscount in 1774,

1624 **WESTMORELAND**, Earl of : Thomas Fane, 6th Earl in 1699 ; his brother John (Lord Catherlough in Ireland), 7th Earl in 1736 ; his cousin Thomas, 8th Earl in 1762 ; his eldest son John, 9th Earl in 1771 ; his eldest son John, 10th Earl in 1774 ; a minor.

1682 **WEYMOUTH**, Viscount : Thomas Thynne, 1st Viscount ; his cousin Thomas, 2d Viscount in 1714 ; his eldest son Thomas, 3d Viscount in 1751 ; a minor, of age in 1755. In 1789 created Marquis of Bath. (Which see.)

1554 **WHARTON**, Baron : Philip Wharton, 3d Lord in ; his son Philip, 4th Lord in . In 1706 created Earl of

1706 **WHARTON** ; (also Earl of Farnham, and Marquis of Catherlough in Ireland) ; and in 1714 created Marquis of

1714

Creation.

1714 WHARTON; his only son Philip, 2d Marquis in 1715; created Duke of

—17 WHARTON in 1717. Attainted in 1728. Extinct in 1731.

1643 WIDDRINGTON, Baron: William Widdrington, 2d Lord in ; his son William, 3d Lord in . Attainted in 1715.

1547 WILLOUGHBY, Baron, of Parham: Thomas Willoughby, became 11th Lord Willoughby in 1680; his son Hugh, 12th Lord in 1692; Edward his nephew, 13th Lord in 1712; his brother Charles, 14th Lord in 1710; Hugh his son, 15th Lord in 1715; Henry his cousin, 16th Lord in 1765, and had his claim confirmed by the House, and took his seat on August 1767: extinct in 1769.

1314 WILLOUGHBY, Baron, of Eresby. This barony, after having been in several noble families, came into that of Bertie, Duke of Ancaster, where it continued more than two centuries. On the death of Robert, 4th Duke of Ancaster and Kesteven, it came to his eldest sister Lady Elizabeth Bertie, and on the 15th of January 1780, his Majesty was pleased to confirm the same to her. She married Sir Peter Burrell, bart. now Lord Gwydir.

1472 WILLOUGHBY de BROKE, Baron. This barony was long in the family of Greville, and came by female descent to Sir Richard Verney in 1696; his son George, 2d Lord in 1711; his brother Richard, 3d Lord in 1723; his nephew John Peto Verney, 4th Lord in 1752.

Creation.

1801 WILTON, Earl of; Thomas Baron Grey of Wilton, June 26, 1801.

1728 WILMINGTON, Baron; The Honble. Sir Spencer Compton, K.B. (3d son of James, 3d Earl of Northampton); created Earl of

—30 WILMINGTON, and Viscount Pevensey: extinct in 1743.

1628 WINCHELSEA and NOTTINGHAM, Earl of: Charles Finch, 3d Earl in 1689; his uncle Henneage, 4th Earl in 1712; his cousin John, 5th Earl in 1726; his cousin Daniel (2d Earl of Nottingham), 6th Earl in 1729; his eldest son Daniel, 7th Earl in 1730; his nephew George, 8th Earl in 1769.

1551 WINCHESTER, Marquis of: Charles Powlett, 6th Marquis, was in 1689 created Duke of Bolton. On the death of Harry, 6th Duke of Bolton, and 11th Marquis of Winchester, in 1794, the title of Duke became extinct, and that of Marquis of Winchester, and Earl of Wiltshire devolved on Francis George Powlett, now 12th Marquis of Winchester; succeeded by his son Charles in 1791.

1797 WODEHOUSE, Baron: John Wodehouse, esq. so created October 1, 1797.

—60 WYCOMBE, Baron: John Petty. (Earl of Shelburne in Ireland); his eldest son William, 2d Lord in 1761; created Marquis of Lansdown. (Which see.)

Creation.

1794 YARBOROUGH, Baron : Charles Anderson Pelham.

1679 YARMOUTH, Earl of : William Paston, 2d Earl in 1682 : extinct in 1732.

1716 YORK, Duke of : Ernest Augustus, brother to his Majesty, Bishop of Osnaburg : extinct in 1728.

—60 YORK and ALBANY, Duke of : his Royal Highness Prince Edward Augustus, next brother to his present Majesty : extinct in 1767.

—84 YORK, Duke of : His Royal Highness Prince Frederick, 2d son to his Majesty.

A LIST

A LIST

OF

THE ELDEST SONS OF PEERS,

*That have been summoned to Parliament on their Fathers
Baronies, from the Union in 1707, to the present Time.*

1689 ASHBURNHAM, George, Viscount St Asaph,
only son of John, Earl of Ashburnham, October
24, 1804.

1295 BERKELEY, Charles, Viscount Dursley, eldest
son of George, 2d Earl of Berkeley; summoned
in 1689 as Baron Berkeley of Berkeley.

—95 BERKELEY, James, Viscount Dursley, eldest son
of Charles, 3d Earl of Berkeley; summoned in
1703 as Baron Dursley of Berkeley.

1644 BOYLE, Charles, Viscount Dungarvan, eldest
son of Richard, Earl of Burlington and Corke;
summoned in 1689 as Baron Clifford of Lanes-
borough.

—41 BRUCE, Charles, Lord Bruce, eldest son of
Thomas, 2d Earl of Aylesbury; summoned in
1711 as Baron Bruce of Wharleton.

Creation.

1605 CAVENDISH, William, Marquis of Hartington, eldest son of William, Duke of Devonshire.

1572 COMPTON, James, Lord Compton, eldest son of George, 4th Earl of Northampton; summoned in 1711 as Baron Compton of Compton.

1682 DARTMOUTH, Baron, George Viscount Lewisham, eldest son of the Earl of Dartmouth; summoned as Baron Dartmouth, June 16, 1801.

1711 DUTTON, Baron, of Dutton in Cheshire: Alexander Hamilton, Marquis of Douglas and Clydesdale, eldest son of the Duke of Hamilton and Brandon; Baron Dutton by summons, November 4, 1806.

—84 GORDON, Baron, of Huntly; George, Marquis of Huntly, eldest son of the Duke of Gordon, April 1807.

1673 GODOLPHIN, Francis Osborne, Marquis of Carmarthen, eldest son of Thomas, 4th Duke of Leeds; summoned in 1776 as Baron Osborne of Kiveton.

1703 GOWER, Baron, of Sittenham; George Granville Gower, Earl Gower, eldest son of the Marquis of Stafford, February 25, 1799.

—86 HAWKESBURY, Baron: Robert Banks Jenkinson, eldest son of the Earl of Liverpool, Nov. 16, 1803.

Creation.

1663 HAROLD, Anthony de Grey, Earl Harold, eldest son of Henry, Duke of Kent; summoned in 1718 as Baron Lucas of Crudwell. Died before his father.

1703 HERVEY, John, Lord Hervey, eldest son of John, 1st Earl of Bristol; summoned in 1733 as Baron Hervey of Ickworth. Died before his father.

—28 HOBART, Robert Lord Hobart, son of George Earl of Buckinghamshire, Nov. 30, 1798.

1660 HYDE, Henry, Viscount Cranbury, eldest son of Henry, 4th Earl of Clarendon and Rochester; summoned in 1750 as Baron Hyde of Hindon. Died before his father.

1681 LUMLEY, Richard, Viscount Lumley, eldest son of Richard, Earl of Scarborough; summoned in 1715 as Baron Lumley of Lumley Castle.

1762 PELHAM, Baron Pelham, of Stanmer: Thomas Lord Pelham, eldest son of the Earl of Chichester, June 28, 1801.

1673 PEREGRINE, Osborne, Earl of Danby, eldest son of Thomas, Marquis of Carmarthen; summoned in 1690 as Baron Osborne of Kiveton.

—73 PEREGRINE, Hyde Osborne, Marquis of Carmarthen, eldest son of Peregrine, 2d Duke of Leeds; summoned in 1713 as Baron Osborne of Kiveton.

Creation.

1627 **POULETT**, John, Viscount Hinton, eldest son of John, 1st Earl Poulett; summoned in 1734 as Baron Poulett of Hinton St George.

1538 **POULETT**, Charles, Marquis of Winchester, eldest son of Charles, 2d Duke of Bolton; summoned in 1718 as Baron St John of Basing.

1661 **TOWNSHEND**, Charles, eldest son of Charles, 2d Viscount Townshend; summoned in 1723 as Baron Townshend of Lynn Regis.

—63 **TYNEDALE**, Baron of: Charles William Henry Scott, son of the Duke of Buccleuch; summoned in May 1807.

1313 **WILLOUGHBY**, Robert Bertie, Lord Willoughby, eldest son of Robert, 3d Earl of Lindsey; summoned in 1690 as Baron Willoughby of Eresby in Lincolnshire.

—13 **WILLOUGHBY**, Peregrine Bertie, Lord Willoughby, eldest son of Peregrine, Marquis of Lindsey; summoned in 1715 as Baron Willoughby of Eresby.

ARCHBISHOPS AND BISHOPS

Since the Union in 1707.

CANTERBURY.

- 1694 Thomas Tennison, translated from Lincoln.
- 1715 William Wake, translated from do.
- 1737 John Potter, translated from Oxford.
- 1747 Thomas Herring, translated from York.
- 1757 Matthew Hutton, translated from do.
- 1758 Thomas Secker, translated from Oxford.
- 1776 Hon. Frederick Cornwallis, translated from Litchfield and Coventry.
- 1783 John Moore, translated from Bangor.
- 1804 Charles Manners Sutton, translated from Norwich.

YORK.

- 1691 John Sharpe.
- 1713 Sir William Dawes, bart. translated from Chester.
- 1724 Launcelot Blackburn, translated from Exeter.
- 1743 Thomas Herring, translated from Bangor.
- 1747 Matthew Hutton, translated from do.

- 1757 John Gilbert, translated from Salisbury.
1761 Hon Robert Hay Drummond, translated from do.
1776 William Markham, translated from Chester.

LONDON.

- 1675 Hon Henry Compton, translated from Oxford.
1713 John Robinson, translated from Bristol.
1723 Edmund Gibson, translated from Lincoln.
1748 Thomas Sherlock, translated from Salisbury.
1761 Thomas Hayter, translated from Norwich.
1762 Thomas Osbaldeston, translated from Carlisle.
1764 Richard Terrick, translated from Peterborough.
1777 Robert Lowth, translated from Oxford.
1787 Beilby Porteous, translated from Chester.

WINCHESTER.

- 1707 Sir Jonathan Trelawney, translated from Exeter.
1721 Charles Trimwell, translated from Norwich.
1721 Richard Willis, translated from Salisbury.
1734 Benjamin Hoadley, translated from do.
1761 John Thomas, translated from do.
1780 Hon. Brownlow North, translated from Worcester.

DURHAM.

- 1674 Nathaniel Lord Crewe, translated from Oxford.
1722

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- 1722 William Talbot, translated from Salisbury.
 - 1730 Edward Chandler, translated from Litchfield and Coventry.
 - 1750 Joseph Butler, translated from Bristol.
 - 1752 Hon. Richard Trevor, translated from St David's.
 - 1771 John Egerton, translated from Litchfield and Coventry.
 - 1787 Thomas Thurlow, translated from Lincoln.
 - 1791 Hon. Shute Barrington, translated from Salisbury.

CHICHESTER.

- John Williams, Prebendary of Canterbury.
- 1709 Thomas Manningham, Dean of Windsor.
- 1722 Thomas Bowers, Archdeacon of Canterbury.
- 1724 Edward Waddington, Fellow of Eton.
- 1731 Francis Hare, translated from St Asaph.
- 1740 Matthias Mawson, translated from Landaff.
- 1754 Sir William Ashburnham, bart. Dean of Chichester.
- 1797 Charles Buckner, Rector of St Giles, London.

COVENTRY AND LITCHFIELD.

- John Hough, translated to Worcester.
- 1714 Edward Chandler, translated to Durham.
- 1730 Richard Smallbrooke, translated from St David's.
- 1749 Hon. Frederick Cornwallis, Canon of Windsor, translated to Canterbury.
- 1768 John Egerton, translated to Durham.
- 1771 Hon. Brownlow North, translated to Worcester.

- 1774 Richard Hurd, translated to Worcester.
 1781 Hon. James Cornwallis, Dean of Durham.

ELY.

- Simon Patrick, translated from Chichester.
 1707 John Moore, translated from Norwich.
 1714 William Fleetwood, translated from St Asaph.
 1723 Thomas Greene, translated from Norwich.
 1738 Robert Butts, translated from do.
 1748 Sir Thomas Gooch, bart translated from do.
 1754 Matthias Mawson, translated from Chichester.
 1771 Edmund Keene, translated from Chester.
 1781 Hon. James Yorke, translated from Gloucester.

EXETER.

- Offspring Blackhall, Rector of St Mary, London.
 1719 Lancelot Blackburn, translated to York.
 1724 Stephen Weston.
 1743 Nicholas Claggett, translated from St David's.
 1746 George Lavington, Canon of St Paul's.
 1762 Hon. Frederick Keppel, Dean of Windsor.
 1778 John Ross, Prebendary of Durham.
 1792 William Buller, Dean of Canterbury.
 1797 Henry Reginald Courteney, translated from Bristol.
 1803 Folliot Herbert Walker Cornwall, translated from
 Bristol, translated to Hereford.
 1805 John Fisher, Archdeacon of Exeter, translated to
 Salisbury.
 1807 Hon. George Pelham, translated from Bristol.

GLOU.

GLOUCESTER.

- Edward Fowler, Prebendary of Gloucester.
 1714 Richard Willis, translated to Salisbury.
 1721 Joseph Wilcocks, translated from Rochester.
 1731 Elias Syddall, translated from St David's.
 1734 Martin Benson, Prebendary of Durham.
 1752 James Johnson, translated to Worcester.
 1760 William Warburton, Dean of Bristol.
 1769 Hon. James Yorke, translated from St David's,
 translated to Ely.
 1781 Samuel Halifax, translated from St Asaph.
 1789 Richard Beadon. translated to Bath and Wells.
 1802 Isaac Huntingford, Warden of Winchester College.

HEREFORD.

- Humphrey Humphreys, translated from Bangor.
 1712 Philip Bisse, translated from St David's.
 1721 Benjamin Hoadley, translated from Bangor, trans-
 lated to Salisbury.
 1723 Henry Egerton, Canon of Christ Church, Oxford.
 1746 Lord James Beauclerk, Canon of Windsor.
 1781 Hon. John Harley, Dean of Windsor.
 1788 John Butler, translated from Oxford.
 1803 Folliot Herbert Walker Cornwall, translated from
 Exeter.

LANDAFF.

John Tyler, Dean of Hereford.

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- 1724 Robert Clavering, translated from Peterborough.
1729 John Harris, Prebendary of Canterbury.
1738 Matthias Mawson, translated from Chichester.
1740 John Gilbert, translated to Salisbury.
1748 Edward Cresset, Dean of Hereford.
1754 Richard Newcome, translated to St Asaph.
1761 John Ewer, translated to Bangor.
1768 Jonathan Shipley, translated from St Asaph.
1760 Hon. Shute Barrington, translated to Salisbury.
1782 Richard Watson, Archdeacon of Ely.

LINCOLN.

- William Wake, translated to Canterbury.
1715 Edward Gibson, translated to London.
1723 Richard Reynolds, translated to Bangor.
1740 John Thomas, translated to Salisbury.
1761 John Green, Dean of Lincoln.
1779 Thomas Thurlow, translated to Durham.
1787 George Pretyma Tomline, Dean of St Paul's.

NORWICH.

- Charles Trimmell, Prebendary of Norwich.
1721 Thomas Green, Archdeacon of Canterbury.
1723 John Leng.
1727 William Baker, translated from Bangor.
1732 Robert Butts, Dean of Norwich, translated to Ely.
1738 Thos. Gooch, transl. from Bristol, transl. to Ely;
1748 Samuel Lisle, translated from St Asaph.
1749 Thomas Hayter, Prebendary of Westminster, translated to London.

- 1781 Philip Yonge, translated from Bristol.
 1785 Lewis Bagot, translat. from do. translat. to St Asaph.
 1790 George Horne, Dean of Canterbury.
 1792 Charles Manners Sutton, Dean of Peterborough,
 translated to Canterbury.
 1803 Henry Bathurst, Prebendary of Durham.

OXFORD.

- William Talbot, Dean of Worcester.
 1715 John Potter, Canon of Christ Church.
 1737 Thomas Secker, translated from Bristol.
 1758 John Hume, translated from Bristol, translated
 to Salisbury.
 1776 Robert Lowth, translated from St David's, trans-
 lated to London.
 1777 John Butler, Prebendary of Winchester, translated
 to Hereford.
 1788 Edward Smallwell, translated from St David's.
 1799 John Randolph, Canon of Christ Church.
 1802 Charles Moss, Canon Residentiary of St Paul's,
 translated from Bath and Wells.

PETERBOROUGH.

- Rich. Cumberland, Rector of All Saints, Stamford.
 1718 White Kennet, Dean of Peterborough.
 1728 Robert Clavering, translated from Landaff.
 1747 John Thomas, Canon Residentiary of St Paul's.
 1757 Richard Terrick, do.
 1764 Robert Lamb, Dean of Peterborough.
 1769 John Hinchliffe, Master of Trinity College, Cam-
 bridge.
 1794 Spencer Madan, translated from Bristol.

ROCHESTER.

Thomas Sprat, Dean of Westminster.

- 1713 Francis Atterbury, Dean of Christ Church, Oxford, deprived and banished.
- 1723 Samuel Bradford, translated to Carlisle.
- 1731 Joseph Wilcocks, translated from Gloucester.
- 1758 Zachariah Pearce, translated from Bangor.
- 1774 John Thomas, Dean of Westminster.
- 1793 Samuel Horsley, translated from St David's.
- 1802 Thomas Dampier, Prebendary of Durham.

ST. ASAPH.

William Beveridge, Archdeacon of Colchester.

- 1708 William Fleetwood, Canon of Windsor.
- 1714 John Wynne, Provost of Jesus' College, Oxford.
- 1727 Francis Hare, Dean of St Paul's.
- 1731 Thomas Tanner, Canon of Christ Church.
- 1736 Isaac Maddox, Dean of Wells.
- 1743 John Thomas, Dean of Peterborough.
- Samuel Lisle, Archdeacon of Canterbury.
- 1748 Honble. Robert Hay Drummond, Prebendary of Westminster.
- 1761 Richard Newcombe, translated from Landaff.
- 1769 Jonathan Shipley, translated from do.
- 1789 Samuel Halifax, translated to Gloucester.
- 1790 Lewis Bagot, translated to Norwich.
- 1802 Samuel Horsley, translated to Rochester.
- 1806 William Cleaver, Principal of Brasen Nose College, Oxford.

ST. DAVID'S.

- George Bull, Archdeacon of Landaff.
 1710 Philip Bisse, translated to Hereford.
 1712 Adam Ottley, translated to do.
 1723 Richard Smallbrook, translated to Litchfield.
 1731 Elias Sydall, translated to Gloucester.
 Nicholas Claggett, translated to Exeter.
 1743 Edward Willes, translated to Bath and Wells.
 Hon. Richard Trevor, translated to Durham.
 1752 Anthony Ellis, Prebendary of Gloucester.
 1761 Samuel Squire, Dean of Bristol.
 1766 Robert Lowth, translated to Oxford.
 Charles Moss, translated to Bath and Wells.
 1774 Hon. James Yorke, translated to Gloucester.
 1779 John Warren, translated to Bangor.
 1783 Edward Smallwell, translated to Oxford.
 1788 Samuel Horsley, translated to Rochester.
 1793 Hon. William Stuart, translated to Armagh.
 1800 Lord George Murray.
 1803 Thomas Burgess, Prebendary of Durham.

SALISBURY.

- Gilbdet Burnett, Preacher at the Rolls.
 1715 William Talbot, translated from Oxford.
 1721 Richard Willis, translated from Gloucester.
 1723 Benjamin Hoadley, translated from Hereford, translated to Winchester.
 1738 Thomas Sherlock, translated from Bangor.
 1748 John Gilbert, translated from Landaff, translated to York.

- 1757 John Thomas, I. translated from Peterborough.
 1761 Hon. Robert Hay Drummond, translated from St
 Asaph, translated to York.
 John Thomas, II. translated from Lincoln.
 1756 John Hume, translated from Oxford.
 1782 Hon. Shute Barrington, translated from Landaff,
 translated to Durham.
 1791 John Douglas, translated from Carlisle.
 1807 John Fisher, translated from Exeter.

WORCESTER.

- William Lloyd, translated from Coventry and
 Litchfield.
 1717 John Hough, translated from do.
 1743 Isaac Maddox, translated from St Asaph.
 1759 James Johnson, translated from Gloucester.
 1774 Hon. Brownlow North, translated to Winchester.
 1781 Richard Hurd, translated from Coventry and
 Litchfield.

CHESTER.

- Nicholas Strafford.
 1707 Sir William Dawes, bart.
 1713 Francis Gastrell.
 1726 Samuel Peploe.
 1752 Edmund Keene.
 1771 William Markham.
 1776 Beilby Porteous.
 1787 William Cleaver.
 1800 Henry William Majendie, Canon Residentiary of St
 Paul's.

LON-

BANGOR.

- 1701 John Evans, translated to Meath, Ireland.
- 1715 Benjamin Hoadley, translated to Lincoln.
- 1721 Richard Reynolds, translated to do.
- 1723 William Baker, translated to Norwich.
- 1727 Thomas Sherlock, translated to Salisbury.
- 1734 Charles Cecil, translated from Bristol.
- 1737 Thomas Herring, translated to York.
- 1743 Matthew Hutton, translated to do.
- 1747 Zachariah Pearce, translated to Rochester.
- 1756 John Egerton, translated to Hereford.
- 1768 John Fwer, translated from Landaff.
- 1774 John Moore, translated to Canterbury.
- 1783 John Warren, translated from St David's.
- 1800 William Cleaver, translated from Chester.
- 1807 John Randolph, translated from Oxford.

BATH AND WELLS.

- 1703 George Hooper, translated from St Asaph.
- 1727 John Wynne, translated from do.
- 1743 Edward Willes, translated from St David's.
- 1774 Charles Moss, translated from ditto, translated to Oxford.
- 1802 Richard Beadon, translated from Gloucester.

BRIS-

BRISTOL.

- 1691 Joseph Hall, Master of Pembroke Hall, Oxford.
1710 John Robinson, translated to London.
1714 John Smallridge, Dean of Christ Church, Oxford.
1719 Hugh Boulter, translated to Armagh, Ireland.
1724 William Bradshaw, Dean of Christ Church, Oxford.
1732 Charles Cecil, translated to Bangor.
1734 Thomas Secker, translated to Oxford.
1737 Thomas Gooch, translated to Norwich.
1738 Joseph Butler, translated to Durham.
1750 John Coneybear, Dean of Christ Church, Oxford.
1758 John Hume, translated to Oxford.
1758 Philip Yonge, translated to Norwich.
1761 Thomas Newton, Dean of St Paul's.
1782 Lewis Bagot, translated to Norwich.
1785 Christopher Wilson, Can. Res. of St Paul's.
1792 Spencer Madan, translated to Peterborough.
1794 Henry Reginald Courteney, translated to Exeter.
1797 Folliot Herbert Walker Cornwall, Dean of Canterbury.
1803 Hon. Geo. Pelham, Rector of Hellingby and Boxhill, Sussex, translated to Exeter.
1807

CARLISLE.

- William Nicholson, translated to Londonderry.
1718 Samuel Bradford, translated to Rochester.

-
- 1723 John Waugh, Dean of Gloucester.
 - 1734 Sir George Fleming, bart. Dean of Carlisle.
 - 1747 Richard Osbaldeston, translated to London.
 - 1762 Charles Lyttleton, Dean of Exeter.
 - 1768 Edmund Law, Archdeacon of Carlisle.
 - 1787 John Douglas, translated to Salisbury.
 - 1791 Hon. Edward Venables Vernon, Canon of Christ Church, Oxford.

A LIST

A LIST
OF
THE ENGLISH PEERS OF PARLIAMENT

At the Union in 1707.

DUKES.—22.

PRINCE GEORGE of Denmark, Duke of Cumberland.
Prince George Lewis of Hanover, Duke of Cambridge.
Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk.
Charles Seymour, Duke of Somerset.
Charles Lenox, Duke of Richmond.
Charles Fitzroy, Duke of Southampton.
Charles Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton.
James Butler, Duke of Ormond.
Henry Somerset, Duke of Beaufort.
George Fitzroy, Duke of Northumberland.
Charles Beauclerk, Duke of St Albans.
William Powlett, Duke of Bolton.
Meinhard Schomberg, Duke of Schomberg.
Charles Talbot, Duke of Shrewsbury.
Thomas Osborne, Duke of Leeds.
Wriothesley Russell, Duke of Bedford.
William Cavendish, Duke of Devonshire.
John Holles, Duke of Newcastle.
John Churchill, Duke of Marlborough.
John Sheffield, Duke of Buckingham.
John Manners, Duke of Rutland.
Ralph Montagu, Duke of Montagu.

MAR.

MARQUISSES.—4.

William Herbert, Marquis of Powis.
 Henry de Grey, Marquis of Kent.
 Robert Bertie, Marquis of Lindsey.
 Evelyn Pierrepont, Marquis of Dorchester.

EARLS.—68.

William Stanley, Earl of Derby.
 George Hastings, Earl of Huntingdon.
 Thomas Herbert, Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery.
 Henry Clinton, Earl of Lincoln.
 Henry Howard, Earl of Suffolk.
 Charles Sackville, Earl of Dorset and Middlesex.
 James Cecil, Earl of Salisbury.
 John Cecil, Earl of Exeter.
 Scroop Egerton, Earl of Bridgewater.
 Robert Sidney, Earl of Leicester.
 George Compton, Earl of Northampton.
 Edward Henry Rich, Earl of Warwick and Holland.
 Basil Fielding, Earl of Denbigh.
 Powlett St John, Earl of Bolingbroke.
 Thomas Fane, Earl of Westmoreland.
 Charles Montagu, Earl of Manchester.
 Thomas Howard, Earl of Berkshire.
 Richard Savage, Earl Rivers.
 Charles Mordaunt, Earl of Peterborough.
 Thomas Grey, Earl of Stamford.
 Charles Finch, Earl of Winchelsea.

Charles Dormer, Earl of Carnarvon.
Philip Stanhope, Earl of Chesterfield.
Thomas Tufton, Earl of Thanet.
Charles Spencer, Earl of Sunderland.
Robert Leake, Earl of Scarsdale.
Edward Montagu, Earl of Sandwich.
Henry Hyde, Earl of Clarendon.
Algernoon Capel, Earl of Essex.
Robert Brudenell, Earl of Cardigan.
John Annesley, Earl of Anglesey.
William Henry Granville, Earl of Bath.
Charles Howard, Earl of Carlisle.
Thomas Bruce, Earl of Aylesbury.
Charles Boyle, Earl of Burlington.
Anthony Ashley Cooper, Earl of Shaftesbury.
Edward Henry Lee, Earl of Litchfield.
Thomas Lennard, Earl of Sussex.
Lewis de Duras, Earl of Feversham.
Charles Bodvile Roberts, Earl of Radnor.
William Paston, Earl of Yarmouth.
Charles Berkeley, Earl of Berkeley.
Daniel Finch, Earl of Nottingham.
Laurence Hyde, Earl of Rochester.
Montagu Venables Bertie, Earl of Abingdon.
Baptist Noel, Earl of Gainsborough.
Robert D'Arcy, Earl of Holderness.
Other Windsor Hickman, Earl of Plymouth.
Edward Ratcliffe, Earl of Derwentwater.
Henry Stafford, Earl of Stafford.
William Bentinck, Earl of Portland.
Arthur Herbert, Earl of Torrington.
Richard Lumley, Earl of Scarborough.
George Booth, Earl of Warrington.
Francis Newport, Earl of Bradford.
Henry Sidney, Earl of Romney.
William Nassau de Zulueta, Earl of Rochford.
Arnold Joost Van Keppel, Earl of Albemarle.
Thomas Coventry, Earl of Coventry.

Edward

Edward Russell, Earl of Orford.
 Edward Villiers, Earl of Jersey.
 Henry D'Auverquerque, Earl of Grantham.
 John Campbell, (Duke of Argyle) Earl of Greenwich.
 Thomas Wharton, Earl of Wharton.
 John Poulett, Earl Poulett.
 Sidney Godolphin, Earl of Godolphin.
 Hugh Cholmondeley, Earl of Cholmondeley.
 Henry Howard, Earl of Bindon.

VISCOUNTS.—9.

Price Devereux, Viscount Hereford.
 Francis Browne, Viscount Montague.
 Nathaniel Fiennes, Viscount Say and Sele.
 Thomas Bellasis, Viscount Fauconberg.
 Charles Townshend, Viscount Townshend.
 Thomas Thynne, Viscount Weymouth.
 Christopher Hatton, Viscount Hatton.
 Henry Yelverton, Viscount Longueville.
 Richard Lowther, Viscount Lonsdale.

BARONS.—63.

George Neville, Lord Abergavenny.
 James Touchet, Lord Audley of Heleigh.
 John West, Lord Delawar.
 Robert Shirley, Lord Ferrers of Chartley.
 Charles Mildmay, Lord Fitzwalter.

Edward Ward, Lord Dudley and Ward.
Edward Stourton, Lord Stourton.
Richard Verney, Lord Willoughby de Broke.
Hugh Willoughby, Lord Willoughby of Parham.
William Paget, Lord Paget.
Francis Howard, Lord Howard of Effingham.
William North, Lord North and Grey.
James Brydges, Lord Chandos.
William Carey, Lord Hunsdon.
Thomas Petre, Lord Petre.
Charles Gerard, Lord Gerard.
Thomas Arundel, Lord Arundel of Wardour.
Henry Roper, Lord Teynham.
Fulke Greville, Lord Brooke.
John Lovelace, Lord Lovelace.
Banastre Maynard, Lord Maynard.
Charles Howard, Lord Howard of Escricke.
Charles Mohun, Lord Mohun.
Thomas Wentworth, Lord Raby.
Thomas Leigh, Lord Leigh.
Thomas Jermyn, Lord Jermyn.
William Byron, Lord Byron.
John Vaughan, Lord Vaughan.
William Widdrington, Lord Widdrington.
John Colepeper, Lord Colepeper.
Lewis Watson, Lord Rockingham.
Robert Sutton, Lord Lexington.
Marmaduke Longdale, Lord Longdale.
William Berkeley, Lord Berkeley of Stratton.
Charles Cornwallis, Lord Cornwallis.
Nathaniel Crewe, Lord Crewe, Bishop of Durham.
John Arundel, Lord Arundel of Trerice.
William Craven, Lord Craven.
Hugh Clifford, Lord Clifford of Chudleigh.
Peregrine Osborne (Marq. of Carmarthen), Lord Osborne.
John Carteret, Lord Carteret.
Charles Bennet, Lord Ossulston.
William Legge, Lord Dartmouth.

Francis

Francis North, Lord Guilford.
 William Stawell, Lord Stawell.
 Henry Jermyn, Lord Dover.
 James Waldegrave, Lord Waldegrave.
 Edward Griffin, Lord Griffin.
 Hugh Ashburnham, Lord Ashburnham.
 William Farmer, Lord Lempster.
 Charles Butler, (Earl of Arran,) Lord Butler of Weston.
 Henry Herbert, Lord Herbert of Cherbury.
 John Thompson, Lord Haversham.
 John Sommers, Lord Sommers.
 Christopher Vane, Lord Barnard.
 Charles Montagu, Lord Halifax.
 John Granville, Lord Granville of Potheredge.
 Heneage Finch, Lord Guernsey.
 John Leveson Gower, Lord Gower.
 Francis Seymour Conway, Lord Conway.
 John Hervey, Lord Harvey.
 William Cowper, Lord Cowper.
 Thomas Pelham, Lord Pelham.

ARCHBISHOPS AND BISHOPS

At the Union.—26.

Canterbury—Thomas Tenison.
 York—John Sharpe.
 London—Henry Compton.
 Durham—Nathaniel Lord Crewe.
 Winchester—Sir Jonathan Trelawney, bart.
 Bangor—John Evans.
 Bath and Wells—George Hooper.
 Bristol—Joseph Hall.

Carlisle—William Nicholson.
 Chester—Sir William Dawes, bart.
 Chichester—John Williams.
 Coventry and Litchfield—John Hough.
 Ely—John Moore.
 Exeter—Offspring Blackall.
 Gloucester—Edward Fowler.
 Hereford—Humphry Humphreys.
 Llandaff—John Tyler.
 Lincoln—William Wake.
 Norwich—Charles Trimnell.
 Oxford—William Talbot.
 Peterborough—Richard Cumberland.
 Rochester—Thomas Spratt.
 St Asaph—William Beveridge.
 St David's—George Bull.
 Salisbury—Gilbert Burnet.
 Worcester—William Lloyd.

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A LIST
OF
THE PEERS OF PARLIAMENT
OF
GREAT BRITAIN,

*At the opening of the 1st Session of the 18th Parliament,
October 6, 1796.*

PEERS OF THE BLOOD ROYAL.—4.

HIS R. H. GEORGE AUGUSTUS FREDERICK,
(Prince of Wales,) Duke of Cornwall and Rothsay.
His Royal Highness, Prince Frederick, 2d son of His
Majesty, Duke of York and Albany.
His Royal Highness Prince William Henry, 3d son of His
Majesty, Duke of Clarence and St Andrew's.
His Royal Highness Prince William Henry, brother to
His Majesty, Duke of Gloucester and Edinburgh.

DUKES.—19.

Charles Howard, Duke of Norfolk:
Edward Adolphus Seymour, Duke of Somerset.

Charles Lenox, Duke of Richmond.
Augustus Henry Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton;
Henry Somerset, Duke of Beaufort.
Aubrey Beauclerk, Duke of St Alban's.
Francis Godolphin Osborne, Duke of Leeds.
Francis Russell, Duke of Bedford.
William Cavendish, Duke of Devonshire.
George Spencer, Duke of Marlborough.
John Henry Manners, Duke of Rutland.
Douglas Hamilton, Duke of Brandon.
Brownlow Bertie, Duke of Ancaster and Kesteven.
William Hen. Cav. Bentinck, Duke of Portland.
William Montagu, Duke of Manchester.
John Frederick Sackville, Duke of Dorset.
Francis Egerton, Duke of Bridgewater.
John Fiennes Pelham Clinton, Duke of Newcastle.
Hugh Percy, Duke of Northumberland.

MARQUISSES.—11.

Francis George Powlett, Marquis of Winchester.
George Grenville Nugent Temple, Marquis of Buckingham.
William Petty, Marquis of Lansdown.
Graville Leveson Gower, Marquis of Stafford.
George Townshend, Marquis Townshend.
James Cecil, Marquis of Salisbury.
Thomas Thynne, Marquis of Bath.
John James Hamilton, Marquis of Abercorn.
Charles Cornwallis, Marquis Cornwallis.
Francis Conway Seymour, Marquis of Hertford.
John Stuart, Marquis of Bute.

EARLS

EARLS.—88.

Charles Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury.
 Edward Smith Stanley, Earl of Derby.
 George Augustus Herbert, Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery.
 John Howard, Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire.
 Henry Cecil, Earl of Exeter.
 Charles Compton, Earl of Northampton.
 Basil Fielding, Earl of Denbigh.
 John Fane, Earl of Westmoreland.
 Charles Henry Mordaunt, Earl of Peterborough and Monmouth.
 George Harry Grey, Earl of Stamford and Warrington.
 George Finch, Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham.
 Philip Stanhope, Earl of Chesterfield.
 Sackville Tufton, Earl of Thanet.
 John Montagu, Earl of Sandwich.
 William Anne Holles Capel, Earl of Essex.
 James Brudenell, Earl of Cardigan.
 Frederick Howard, Earl of Carlisle.
 Henry Scott, (Duke of Buccleuch), Earl of Doncaster.
 Anthony Ashley Cooper, Earl of Shaftesbury.
 Frederick Aug. Berkeley, Earl of Berkeley.
 Willoughby Bertie, Earl of Abingdon.
 Henry Noel, Earl of Gainsborough.
 Other Windsor Hickman, Earl of Plymouth.
 Geo. Aug. Lumley Saunderson, Earl of Scarborough.
 William Hen. Nassau de Zulestein, Earl of Rochford.
 William Charles Keppel, Earl of Albemarle.
 George William Coventry, Earl of Coventry.
 George Bussy Villiers, Earl of Jersey.

John

John Poulett, Earl Poulett.
George James Cholmondeley, Earl of Cholmondeley.
Edward Harley, Earl of Oxford and Earl Mortimer.
Robert Shirley, Earl Ferrers.
Frederick Thomas Wentworth, Earl of Strafford.
William Legge, Earl of Dartmouth.
Charles Bennett, Earl of Tankerville.
Heneage Finch, Earl of Aylesford.
Frederick Hervey, Earl of Bristol, (Bishop of London-
derry.)
Henry Yelverton, Earl of Sussex.
George Augustus Cowper, Earl Cowper.
Charles Stanhope, Earl Stanhope.
Robert Sherard, Earl of Harborough.
George Parker, Earl of Macclesfield.
James Graham, (Duke of Montrose), Earl Graham.
John Ker, (Duke of Roxburgh), Earl Ker.
John James Waldegrave, Earl Waldegrave.
John Ashburnham, Earl of Ashburnham.
Richard Howard, Earl of Effingham.
Horatio Walpole, Earl of Orford.
Charles Stanhope, Earl of Harrington.
John Wallop, Earl of Portsmouth.
Geo. Greville, Earl Brooke and Earl of Warwick.
George Hobart, Earl of Buckinghamshire.
William Wentworth Fitzwilliam, Earl Fitzwilliam.
George Edward Henry Arthur Herbert, Earl of Powis.
George Wyndham, Earl of Egremont.
George Simon Harcourt, Earl Harcourt.
George Augustus North, Earl of Guildford.
Philip Yorke, Earl of Hardwicke.
William Harry Vane, Earl of Darlington.
Henry Bellayse, Earl Fauconberg.
Henry Thomas Fox, Earl of Ilchester.
John Richard West, Earl Delawar.
Jacob Pleydell Bouverie, Earl of Radnor.
George John Spencer, Earl Spencer.
John Pitt, Earl of Chatham.

Henry

Henry Bathurst, Earl Bathurst.
 Arthur Hill, (Marquis of Downshire), Earl of Hillsborough.
 Thomas Brudenell Bruce, Earl of Aylesbury.
 Thomas Villiers, Earl of Clarendon.
 Henry Neville, Earl of Abergavenny.
 George Townshend Ferrers, Earl of Leicester.
 Henry Bayley Paget, Earl of Uxbridge.
 James Lowther, Earl of Lonsdale.
 Alexander Gordon, (Duke of Gordon), Earl of Norwich.
 Charles Chetwynd Talbot, Earl Talbot.
 Richard Grosvenor, Earl Grosvenor.
 Edward Hussey Montagu, Earl Beaulieu.
 John Jefferies Pratt, Earl Camden.
 John Murray, (Duke of Athol), Earl Strange.
 Richard Howe, Earl Howe.
 Richard Edgecumbe, Earl of Mountedgecumbe.
 Hugh Fortescue, Earl Fortescue.
 Edward Digby, Earl Digby.
 Algernoon Percy, Earl of Beverley.
 Joseph Damer, Earl of Dorchester.
 David William Murray, Earl of Mansfield.
 Henry Herbert, Earl of Carnarvon.
 Charles Jenkinson, Earl of Liverpool.

VISCOUNTS.—14.

George Devereux, Viscount Hereford.
 George Richard St John, Viscount Bolingbroke.
 George Evelyn Boscawen, Viscount Falmouth.
 George Byng, Viscount Torrington.
 William Robert Fitzgerald, (Duke of Leinster), Visct.
 Leinster.

Tho.

Thomas Noel, Viscount Wentworth.
William Courtenay, Viscount Courtenay.
William Ward, Viscount Dudley and Ward.
Charles Maynard, Viscount Maynard.
Thomas Hampden, Viscount Hampden.
Charles Sackville, Viscount Sackville.
Thomas Townshend, Viscount Sidney.
Samuel Hood, Viscount Hood.
Charles Medows Pierrepont, Viscount Newark.

BARONS.—110.

Edward Southwell, Lord De Clifford.
Thomas Stapleton, Lord Le Despencer.
George Touchet, Lord Audley.
Robert George William Trefusis, Lord Clinton.
Henry Thomas Roper, Lord Dacre.
Charles Philip Stourton, Lord Stourton.
John Peyto Verney, Lord Willoughby de Broke.
George William Frederick Osborne (Marquis of Carmarthen), Lord Conyers.
Henry Beauchamp St John, Lord St John.
John Griffin Griffin, Lord Howard of Walden.
Robert Edward Petre, Lord Petre.
George William Fynes Twisleton, Lord Say and Sele.
Henry Arundel, Lord Arundel of Wardour.
John Bligh. (Earl of Darnley), Lord Clifton.
Charles Dormer, Lord Dormer.
Henry Roper, Lord Teynham.
William Byron, Lord Byron.
William Craven, Lord Craven.
Charles Clifford, Lord Clifford.
Edmund Boyle (Earl of Cork and Orrery), Lord Boyle.
Robert

Robert A. Drummond Hay, (Earl of Kinnoul) Lord Hay.
 Henry Willoughby, Lord Middleton.
 George Onslow, Lord Onslow and Cranley.
 Charles Marsham, Lord Romney.
 Charles Sloane Cadogan, Lord Cadogan.
 Peter King, Lord King.
 John Monson, Lord Monson.
 Thomas Bromley, Lord Montfort.
 John Howe, Lord Chedworth.
 Edwin Sandys, Lord Sandys.
 William Ponsonby, (Earl of Besborough), Lord Ponsonby.
 Horatio Walpole, Lord Walpole of Wolterton.
 Henry Stawell Bilson Legge, Lord Stawell.
 Lewis Thomas Monson Watson, Lord Sondes.
 Thomas Weddell Robinson, Lord Grantham.
 Nathaniel Curzon, Lord Scarsdale.
 Frederick Irby, Lord Boston.
 Thomas Pelham, Lord Pelham.
 Henry Richard Fox, Lord Holland.
 John James Perceval, (Earl of Egmont), Lord Lovel and
 Holland.
 George Venables Vernon, Lord Vernon.
 Francis Reynolds Morton, Lord Ducie.
 John Campbell, (Duke of Argyll), Lord Sundridge.
 Martin Bladon Hawke, Lord Hawke.
 Jeffery Amherst, Lord Amherst.
 Brownlow Cust, Lord Brownlow.
 George Pitt, Lord Rivers.
 Nathaniel Ryder, Lord Harrowby.
 William Thomas Foley, Lord Foley.
 Edward Thurlow, Lord Thurlow.
 Alexander Wedderburn, Lord Loughborough.
 George De Cardonell, Lord Dynevor.
 Thomas De Grey, Lord Walsingham.
 William Bagot, Lord Bagot.
 Charles Fitzroy, Lord Southampton.
 Richard Barré Dunning, Lord Ashburton.
 William Norton, Lord Grantley.

George

George Rodney, Lord Rodney.
Francis Rawdon Hastings, (Earl of Moira), Lord Rawdon.
Thomas Pitt, Lord Camelford.
Henry Frederick Carteret, Lord Carteret.
Edward Eliot Craggs, Lord Eliot.
Thomas James Bulkeley, (Viscount Bulkeley), Lord Bulkeley.
Thomas Egerton, Lord Grey de Wilton.
Charles Cocks, Lord Sommers.
John Parker, Lord Boringdon.
Thomas Noel Hill, Lord Berwick.
James Dutton, Lord Sherborne.
James Heneage Montagu Scot, Lord Montagu.
William Douglas, (Duke of Queensberry,) Lord Douglas of Ambresbury.
George de la Poer Beresford, (Marquis of Waterford,) Lord Tyrone.
Richard Boyle, (Earl of Shannon,) Lord Carleton.
John Hussey Delaval, Lord Delaval.
Harbord Harbord, Lord Suffield.
Guy Carleton, Lord Dorchester.
Francis Augustus Eliott, Lord Heathfield.
Lloyd Kenyon, Lord Kenyon.
James Harris, Lord Malmesbury.
Arthur Chichester, (Marquis of Donegal,) Lord Fisherwick.
James Duff, (Earl Fife,) Lord Fife.
James Bucknall Grimston, (Viscount Grimston,) Lord Verulam.
Archibald Douglas, Lord Douglas of Douglas.
Henry Gage, (Viscount Gage,) Lord Gage.
William Wyndham Grenville, Lord Grenville.
George Douglas, (Earl of Morton,) Lord Douglas of Lochleven.
William Eden, Lord Auckland.
John Fitzpatrick, (Earl of Upper Ossory,) Lord Upper Ossory.

Edward Clive, Lord Clive.
 Henry Phipps, Lord Mulgrave.
 William Henry Lyttelton, Lord Lyttelton.
 Welbore Ellis, Lord Mendip.
 Henry Bridgman, Lord Bradford.
 James Peachy, Lord Selsey.
 Thomas Dundas, Lord Dundas.
 Asheton Curzon, Lord Curzon.
 Charles Anderson Pelham, Lord Yarborough.
 Francis Stuart, (Earl of Moray,) Lord Stuart.
 John Stewart, (Earl of Galloway,) Lord Stewart of Garlies.
 James Stopford, (Earl of Courtown,) Lord Saltersford.
 George Macartney, (Earl of Macartney,) Lord Macartney.
 John Christopher Burton Dawney, (Viscount Downe,) Lord Dawney.
 George Brodrick, (Viscount Middleton,) Lord Brodrick.
 Alexander Hood, Lord Bridport.
 John Rous, Lord Rous.
 Henry Gough Calthorpe, Lord Calthorpe.
 Peter Burrell, Lord Gwydir.
 Francis Basset, Lord de Dunstanville.
 Edward Lascelles, Lord Harewood.
 John Rolle, Lord Rolle.
 John Campbell, Lord Cawdor.

ARCHBISHOPS AND BISHOPS.—26.

Canterbury—John Moore.
 York—William Markham.
 London—Beilby Porteous.
 Durham—Honble. Shute Barrington.

Win.

Winchester—Honble. Brownlow North.
 Chichester—Sir William Ashburnham.
 Bath and Wells—Charles Moss.
 Ely—Honble. James Yorke.
 Worcester—Richard Hurd.
 Hereford—John Butler.
 Bangor—John Warren.
 Litchfield and Coventry—Honble. James Cornwallis.
 St Asaph—Lewis Bagot.
 Landaff—Richard Watson.
 Oxford—Edward Smallwell.
 Lincoln—George Pretyma.
 Salisbury—John Douglas.
 Chester—William Cleaver.
 Rochester—Samuel Horsley.
 Gloucester—Richard Beadon.
 Carlisle—Honble. Edward Venables Vernon.
 Norwich—Charles Manners Sutton.
 Peterborough—Spencer Madan.
 St David's—Honble. William Stuart.
 Bristol—Henry Reginald Courtenay.

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A LIST

OF

THE HOUSE OF PEERS,

December, 1806.

SPEAKER—LORD ERSKINE.

PEERS OF THE BLOOD ROYAL.—8.

- 1762 His R. Highness GEORGE AUGUSTUS FREDERIC,
(Prince of Wales,) Duke of Cornwall and Roth-
say.
- 1784 His Royal Highness Prince Frederic, Duke of York
and Albany.
- 1789 His Royal Highness Prince William Henry, Duke
of Clarence and St Andrews.
- 1799 His Royal Highness Prince Edward, Duke of Kent
and Strathearn.
- 1799 His Royal Highness Prince Ernest Augustus, Duke
of Cumberland and Tiviotdale.
- 1801 His Royal Highness Prince Augustus Frederic,
Duke of Sussex.
- 1801 His Royal Highness Prince Adolphus Frederick,
Duke of Cambridge.
- 1764 His Royal Highness Prince William Frederic, Duke
of Gloucester and Edinburgh.

[VOL. III.]

I

DUKES.

DUKES.—18.

- 1483 Charles Howard, Duke of Norfolk.
1546 Edward Adolphus Seymour, Duke of Somerset.
1675 Charles Lenox, Duke of Richmond.
1675 Augustus Henry Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton.
1682 Henry Charles Somerset, Duke of Beaufort.
1683 Aubrey Beauclerc, Duke of St Albans.
1694 George William Frederick Osborne, Duke of Leeds.
1694 John Russell, Duke of Bedford.
1694 Wm. Cavendish, Duke of Devonshire.
1702 George Spencer, Duke of Marlborough.
1703 John Henry Manners, Duke of Rutland.
1711 Archibald Hamilton, Duke of Brandon, (Duke of Hamilton.)
1715 Brownlow Bertie, Duke of Ancaster.
1716 William Henry Cavendish Bentinck, Duke of Portland.
1719 Wm. Montagu, Duke of Manchester.
1720 George John Frederick Sackville, Duke of Dorset.
1756 Henry Pelham Clinton, Duke of Newcastle.
1766 Hugh Percy, Duke of Northumberland.

MARQUISSES.—12.

- 1551 Charles Ingoldsby Paulet, Marquis of Winchester.
1784 George Grenville Nugent Temple, Marquis of Buckingham.
1784 John Henry Petty, Marquis of Lansdown.
1786 George Granville Leveson Gower, Marquis of Stafford,

- 1787 George Townshend, Marquis Townshend.
- 1789 James Cecil, Marquis of Salisbury.
- 1789 Thomas Thynne, Marquis of Bath.
- 1790 John James Hamilton, Marquis of Abercorn.
- 1792 Charles Cornwallis, Marquis Cornwallis.
- 1793 Francis Seymour, Marquis of Hertford
- 1796 John Stuart, Marquis of Bute.
- 1801 Brownlow Cecil, Marquis of Exeter.

EARLS.—94.

- 1442 Charles Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury.
- 1485 Edw. Smith Stanley, Earl of Derby.
- 1551 George Augustus Herbert, Earl of Pembroke.
- 1603 John Howard, Earl of Suffolk.
- 1617 John Wm. Egerton, Earl of Bridgewater.
- 1618 Charles Compton, Earl of Northampton.
- 1622 Basil Percy Fielding, Earl of Denbigh.
- 1624 John Fane, Earl of Westmoreland.
- 1627 Charles Henry Mordaunt, Earl of Peterborough
and Monmouth.
- 1628 George Harry Grey, Earl of Stamford and War-
rington.
- 1628 George Finch, Earl of Winchelsea and Notting-
ham.
- 1628 Philip Stanhope, Earl of Chesterfield.
- 1628 Sackville Tufton, Earl of Thanet.
- 1660 John Montague, Earl of Sandwich.
- 1661 George Capel Coningsby, Earl of Essex.
- 1661 James Brudenell, Earl of Cardigan.
- 1661 Frederick Howard, Earl of Carlisle.
- 1662 Henry Scott, Earl of Doncaster.
- 1672 Ant. Ashley Cooper, Earl of Shaftesbury.

-
- 1679 Frederic Augustus Berkeley, Earl of Berkeley.
1682 Montagu Bertie, Earl of Abingdon.
1682 Other Archer Windsor, Earl of Plymouth.
1690 George Augustus Lumley Saunderson, Earl of Scarborough.
1695 William Henry Nassau, Earl of Rochford.
1696 Wm. Charles Keppel, Earl of Albemarle.
1697 George Wm. Coventry, Earl of Coventry.
1697 George Villiers, Earl of Jersey.
1706 John Poulett, Earl Poulett.
1706 George James Cholmondeley, Earl of Cholmondeley.
1711 Edward Harley, Earl of Oxford and Earl Mortimer.
1711 Robert Shirley, Earl Ferrers.
1711 George Legge, Earl of Dartmouth.
1714 Charles Bennett, Earl of Tankerville.
1714 Heneage Finch, Earl of Aylesford.
1714 Frederick Wm. Hervey, Earl of Bristol.
1718 Peter Leopold Louis Francis Cowper, Earl Cowper.
1718 Charles Stanhope, Earl Stanhope.
1719 Philip Sherard, Earl of Harborough.
1721 George Parker, Earl of Macclesfield.
1721 George Fermor, Earl of Pomfret.
1722 James Graham, Earl Graham.
1729 John James Waldegrave, Earl Waldegrave.
1730 John Ashburnham, Earl of Ashburnham.
1731 Richard Howard, Earl of Effingham.
1741 Charles Stanhope, Earl of Harrington.
1743 John Charles Wallop, Earl of Portsmouth.
1746 George Greville, Earl Brooke and Earl of Warwick.
1746 Robert Hobart, Earl of Buckinghamshire.
1746 Wm. Wentworth Fitzwilliam, Earl Fitzwilliam.
1749 George Wyndham, Earl of Egremont.
1749 George Simon Harcourt, Earl Harcourt.

-
- 1752 Francis North, Earl of Guilford.
 - 1754 Philip Yorke, Earl of Hardwicke.
 - 1754 Wm. Harry Vane, Earl of Darlington.
 - 1756 Henry Stephen Fox Strangeways, Earl of Ilchester.
 - 1761 George John West, Earl De la Warr.
 - 1765 Jacob Pleydell Bouverie, Earl of Radnor.
 - 1765 George John Spencer, Earl Spencer.
 - 1766 John Pitt, Earl of Chatham.
 - 1772 Henry Bathurst, Earl Bathurst.
 - 1772 Arthur Blundell Sandys Trumbull Hill, Earl of Hillsborough, (Marquis of Downshire.)
 - 1776 Thomas Brudenel Bruce, Earl of Aylesford.
 - 1776 Thomas Villiers, Earl of Clarendon.
 - 1784 Henry Neville, Earl of Abergavenny.
 - 1784 George Townshend Ferrars, Earl of Leicester.
 - 1784 Henry Bayley Paget, Earl of Uxbridge.
 - 1784 Alexr. Gordon, Earl of Norwich, (Duke of Gordon.)
 - 1784 Charles Chetwynd Talbot Chetwynd, Earl Talbot.
 - 1784 Robert Grosvenor, Earl Grosvenor.
 - 1786 John Jefferies Pratt, Earl Camden.
 - 1786 John Murray, Earl Strange, (Duke of Athol.)
 - 1789 Richard Edgcumbe, Earl of Montedgcumbe.
 - 1789 Hugh Fortescue, Earl Fortescue.
 - 1790 Edward Digby, Earl of Digby.
 - 1790 Algernon Percy, Earl of Beverley.
 - 1792 George Damer, Earl of Dorchester.
 - 1792 David Wm. Murray, Earl of Mansfield.
 - 1798 Henry Herbert, Earl of Carnarvon.
 - 1796 Charles Jenkinson, Earl of Liverpool.
 - 1797 John Jervis, Earl of St Vincent.
 - 1800 Charles Henry Cadogan, Earl of Cadogan.
 - 1800 James Harris, Earl of Malmesbury.
 - 1801 James St-Clair Erskine, Earl of Rosslyn.
 - 1801 William Craven, Earl of Craven.
 - 1801 George Onslow, Earl of Onslow.
 - 1801 Charles Marsham, Earl of Romney.
 - 1801 Thomas Pelham, Earl of Chichester.

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- 1801 Thomas Egerton, Earl of Wilton.
 - 1804 Edward Clive, Earl of Powis.
 - 1805 Rev. William Nelson, Earl Nelson.
 - 1806 Charles Pierrepont, Earl of Manvers.
 - 1806 Horatio Walpole, Earl of Orford.
 - 1806 Charles Grey, Earl Grey.
 - 1806 William Lowther, Earl of Lonsdale.

VISCOUNTS.—20.

- 1549 Henry Devereux, Viscount Hereford.
- 1643 Rev. Rowland Bellayse, Viscount Fauconberg.
- 1712 George Richard St John, Viscount Bolingbroke.
- 1720 George Evelyn Boscawen, Viscount Falmouth.
- 1721 George Byng, Viscount Torrington.
- 1746 Frederick Augustus Fitzgerald, Viscount Leinster.
- 1762 Thomas Noel, Viscount Wentworth.
- 1762 Wm. Courtenay, Viscount Courtenay.
- 1763 Wm. Ward, Viscount Dudley and Ward.
- 1766 Charles Maynard, Viscount Maynard.
- 1776 Thomas Hampden, Viscount Hampden.
- 1782 Charles Germaine, Viscount Sackville.
- 1789 John Thomas Townshend, Viscount Sydney.
- 1796 Samuel Hood, Viscount Hood.
- 1797 Robert Duncan, Viscount Duncan.
- 1800 Alex. Hood, Viscount Bridport.
- 1802 Asheton Curzon, Viscount Curzon.
- 1802 Henry Dundas, Viscount Melville.
- 1805 Henry Addington, Viscount Sidmouth.
- 1806 Thomas Anson, Viscount Anson.

BARONS.—138.

- 1265 Thomas Stapleton, Lord Le Despencer.
- 1269 Edward Southwell Clifford, Lord De Clifford.
- 1296 Robert Cotton Saint John Trefusis, Lord Clinton.
- 1322 Henry Yelverton, Lord Grey de Ruthyn.
- 1322 George Thicknesse Tuchet, Baron Audley.
- 1447 Gregory William Twisleton, Lord Saye and Sele.
- 1448 Charles Philip Stourton, Lord Stourton.
- 1492 John Peyto Verney, Lord Willoughby de Broke.
- 1558 St Andrew St John, Lord St John of Bletso.
- 1597 Charles Augustus Ellis, Lord Howard de Walden.
- 1603 Robert Edward Petre, Lord Petre.
- 1603 George Spencer, Lord Spencer of Wormleighton,
eldest son of the Duke of Marlborough.
- 1605 Henry Arundel, Lord Arundel.
- 1608 John Bligh, Lord Clifton.
- 1615 Charles Dormer, Lord Dormer.
- 1616 John Roper, Lord Teynham.
- 1643 George Byron, Lord Byron.
- 1662 Charles Wm. Henry Scot, Lord Tynedale, eldest
son of the Duke of Buccleuch.
- 1672 Charles Cliffler, Lord Clifford.
- 1689 George Ashburnham, Lord Ashburnham.
- 1711 Edmund Boyle, Lord Boyle, (Earl of Cork and
Orrery).
- 1711 Alexander Hamilton, (eldest son of the Duke of
Hamilton,) Baron Dutton of Dutton.
- 1711 Thomas Robert Hay-Drummond, Lord Hay, (Earl
of Kinnoul.)
- 1712 Henry Wm. Willoughby, Lord Middleton.
- 1725 Peter King, Lord King.
- 1728 John George Monson, Lord Monson.
- 1741 Henry Bromley, Lord Montfort.

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- 1749 John Wm. Ponsonby, Lord Ponsonby, (Earl of
 Besborough).
 1760 Henry Stawell Bilson Legge, Lord Stawell.
 1760 Lewis Richard Watson, Lord Sondes.
 1761 Thomas Philip Weddel Robinson, Lord Grantham.
 1761 Nathaniel Curzon, Lord Scarsdale.
 1761 Frederic Irby, Lord Boston.
 1762 Henry Richard Fox, Lord Holland.
 1762 John James Perceval, Lord Lovel and Holland of
 Enmore.
 1762 George Venables Vernon, Lord Vernon.
 1763 Francis Morton, Lord Ducie.
 1766 George Wm. Campbell, Lord Sundridge and Ha-
 milton, (Duke of Argyll).
 1776 Edward Harvey Hawke, Lord Hawke.
 1776 Brownlow Cust, Lord Brownlow.
 1776 George Pitt, Lord Rivers.
 1776 Dudley Ryder, Lord Harrowby.
 1776 Thomas Foley, Lord Foley.
 1780 George de Cardonnel, Lord Dynevor.
 1780 Thomas de Grey, Lord Walsingham.
 1780 Wm. Bagot, Lord Bagot.
 1780 George Ferdinand Fitzroy, Lord Southampton.
 1782 Richard Barré Dunning, Lord Ashburton.
 1782 Wm. Norton, Lord Grantley.
 1782 George Rodney, Lord Rodney.
 1783 Francis Rawdon Hastings, Lord Rawdon, (Earl
 of Moira.)
 1784 George Gordon, Lord Gordon of Huntly, eldest
 son of the Duke of Gordon.
 1784 Henry Frederic Carteret, Lord Carteret.
 1784 John Eliot, Lord Eliot.
 1784 Thomas James Warren Bulkeley, Lord Bulkeley.
 1784 John Somers Cocks, Lord Somers.
 1784 John Parker, Lord Borringdon.
 1784 Tho. Noel Hill, Lord Berwick.
 1784 James Dutton, Lord Sherborne.
 1786 Henry James Montagu Scot, Lord Montagu.

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- 1786 Wm. Douglas, Lord Douglas of Ambresbury,
(Duke of Queensberry.)
 - 1786 Henry de la Poer Beresford, Lord Tyrone, (Mar-
quis of Waterford.)
 - 1786 Henry Boyle, Lord Carleton, (Earl of Shannon.)
 - 1786 John Hussey Delaval, Lord Delaval.
 - 1786 Harbord Harbord, Lord Suffield.
 - 1786 Guy Carleton, Lord Dorchester.
 - 1786 Robert Banks Jenkinson, Lord Hawkesbury.
 - 1787 Francis Augustus Elliot, Lord Heathfield.
 - 1788 George Kenyon, Lord Kenyon.
 - 1788 Richard Aldworth Neville Griffin, Lord Bray-
brooke.
 - 1788 Wm. Pitt Amherst, Lord Amherst.
 - 1790 George Augustus Chichester, Lord Fisherwick,
(Marquis of Donegal.)
 - 1790 James Duff, Lord Fife, (Earl Fife.)
 - 1790 James Bucknall Grimston, Lord Verulam.
 - 1790 Archibald Douglas, Lord Douglas of Douglas.
 - 1790 Henry Gage, Lord Gage, (Viscount Gage.)
 - 1790 Wm. Wyndham Grenville, Lord Grenville.
 - 1791 George Douglas, Lord Douglas of Lochleven,
(Earl of Morton.)
 - 1792 Edward Thurlow, Lord Thurlow.
 - 1793 Wm. Eden, Lord Auckland.
 - 1794 John Fitzpatrick, Lord Upper Ossory.
 - 1794 Henry Phipps, Lord Mulgrave.
 - 1794 Wm. Henry Lyttleton, Lord Lyttleton.
 - 1794 Henry Wellbore Ellis, Lord Mendip.
 - 1794 Orlando Bridgeman, Lord Bradford.
 - 1794 James Peachy, Lord Selsey.
 - 1794 Thomas Dundas, Lord Dundas.
 - 1794 Charles Anderson Pelham, Lord Yarborough.
 - 1795 Henry Hood, Lord Hood of Catherington.
 - 1796 Francis Stewart, (Earl of Moray in Scotland) Lord
Stuart.
 - 1796 George Stewart, Lord Stewart, (Earl of Galloway.)

- 1796 James Stopford, Lord Saltersford, (Earl of Courtown.)
- 1796 John Christopher Burton Dawnay, Lord Dawnay, (Viscount Downe.)
- 1796 George Broderick, Lord Broderick, (Viscount Midleton.)
- 1796 John Rous, Lord Rous.
- 1796 Charles Gough Calthorpe, Lord Calthorpe.
- 1796 Peter Burrell, Lord Gwydir.
- 1796 Francis Basset, Lord de Dunstanville.
- 1796 Edward Lascelles, Lord Harewood.
- 1796 John Rolle, Lord Rolle.
- 1796 John Campbell, Lord Cawdor.
- 1797 Richard Colley Wellesley, Lord Wellesley, (Marquis Wellesley.)
- 1797 Robert Smith, Lord Carrington.
- 1797 Charles Townshend, Lord Bayning.
- 1797 James Grenville, Lord Glastonbury.
- 1797 Thomas Orde Powlett, Lord Bolton.
- 1797 Gilbert Elliott Murray Kynynmond, Lord Minto.
- 1797 John Wodehouse, Lord Wodehouse.
- 1797 John Rushout, Lord Northwick.
- 1797 Thomas Powis, Lord Lilford.
- 1797 Thomas Lister, Lord Ribblesdale.
- 1797 Francis Humberstone Mackenzie, Lord Seaforth.
- 1799 John Scott, Lord Eldon.
- 1799 John Fitzgibbon, Lord Fitzgibbon, (Earl of Clare.)
- 1801 Chas. Moore, Lord Moore, (Marquis of Drogheda.)
- 1801 John Loftus, Lord Loftus, (Marquis of Ely.)
- 1801 Walter Butler, Lord Butler (Earl of Ormond.)
- 1801 John J. Proby, Lord Carysfort, (Earl of Carysfort.)
- 1801 William Arden, Lord Albaney.
- 1801 Alleyne Fitzherbert, Lord St Helens.
- 1801 Murrough O'Brien, Lord Thomond (Marquis of Thomond.)
- 1801 George Keith Elphinstone, Lord Keith.
- 1801 John Hely Hutchinson, Lord Hutchinson.
- 1802 John Mitford, Lord Redesdale.

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- 1802 Edward Law, Lord Ellenborough.
 - 1802 Charles Geo. Perceval, Lord Arden.
 - 1802 John Baker Holroyd, Lord Sheffield.
 - 1804 Gerard Lake, Lord Lake.
 - 1805 Charles Middleton, Lord Barham.
 - 1805 Cuthbert Collingwood, Lord Collingwood.
 - 1806 Thomas Erskine, Lord Erskine.
 - 1806 John Denis Browne, Lord Monteagle (Marquis of Sligo.)
 - 1806 Hugh Montgomery, Lord Ardrossan, (Earl of Eglintoun.)
 - 1806 George Forbes, Lord Granard, (Earl of Granard.)
 - 1806 James Maitland, Lord Lauderdale, (Earl of Lauderdale).
 - 1806 John Crewe, Lord Crewe.
 - 1806 Wm. Lygon, Lord Beauchamp.
 - 1806 John Ponsonby, Lord Ponsonby.
 - 1806 Archibald Kennedy, Lord Ailsa, (Earl of Cassilis.)
 - 1806 John Campbell, Lord Breadalbane (Earl of Breadalbane.)
 - 1806 Alan Gardner, Lord Gardner.
 - 1807 Thomas Manners Sutton, Lord Manners of Foston.

ARCHBISHOPS AND BISHOPS.—26.

- 1792 Right Honble. Charles Manners Sutton, Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England.
- 1770 Right Honble. William Markham, Lord Arch-York, Primate of England.
- 1776 Right Honble. Beilby Porteous, Lord Bishop of London.
- 1769 Hon. Shute Barrington, Lord Bishop of Durham.
- 1771 Hon. Brownlow North, Lord Bishop of Winchester.

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- 1774 Hon. James Yorke, Lord Bishop of Ely.
1774 Richard Hurd, Lord Bishop of Worcester.
1781 Hon. James Cornwallis, Lord Bishop of Litchfield
and Coventry.
1782 Richard Watson, Lord Bishop of Landaff, Arch-
deacon of Ely.
1787 George Tomline, Lord Bishop of Lincoln.
1787 William Cleaver, Lord Bishop of St Asaph.
1789 Richard Beadon, Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells.
1791 Hon. Edward Venables Vernon, Lord Bishop of
Carlisle.
1752 Spencer Madan, Lord Bishop of Peterborough.
1797 Folliot Herbert Walker Cornwall, Lord Bishop of
Hereford.
1797 John Buckner, Lord Bishop of Chichester, Rector
of St Giles', Middlesex.
1799 John Randolph, Lord Bishop of Bangor, Archdea-
con of Anglesey and Bangor.
1800 Henry William Majendie, Lord Bishop of Chester,
Canon Residentiary of St Paul's.
1802 George Is. Huntingford, Lord Bishop of Gloucester,
Warden of Winchester College.
1802 Thomas Dampier, Lord Bishop of Rochester, Pre-
bendary of Durham.
1807 Hon. George Pelham, Lord Bishop of Exeter, Ca-
non Residentiary of Chichester.
1803 Thomas Burgess, Lord Bishop of St David's, Pre-
bendary of Durham.
1807 John Fisher, Lord Bishop of Salisbury.
1805 Henry Bathurst, Lord Bishop of Norwich, Vicar
of Cirencester.
1806 Charles Moss, Lord Bishop of Oxford, Canon
Residentiary of St Paul's.
Bishop of Bristol vacant.

A LIST
OF
THE PEERS OF IRELAND.

December 1806.

MARQUIS.—1.

1800 Thomas Taylor, Marquis of Headfort.

EARLS.—21.

- 1544 John Thomas de Burgh, Earl of Clanricarde.
- 1621 George Frederick Nugent, Earl of Westmeath.
- 1763 Francis William Caulfield, Earl of Charlemont.
- 1771 Robert Jocelyne, Earl of Roden.
- 1776 John Crosbie, Earl of Glandore.
- 1785 Thomas Pakenham, Earl of Longford.
- 1789 John Willoughby Cole, Earl of Enniskillen.
- 1789 John Creighton, Earl of Erne.
- 1795 Richard Bingham, Earl of Lucan.
- 1796 Robert Stewart, Earl of Londonderry.
- 1797 Henry Burton Conyngham, Earl Conyngham.
- 1797 Francis James Mathew, Earl of Landaff.
- 1800 Charles Henry St John O'Neil, Earl O'Neil.
- 1800 Francis Bernard, Earl of Bandon.
- 1800 Richard Hely Hutchinson, Earl of Donoughmore.
- 1800 Dupré Alexander, Earl of Caledon.

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- 1803 Edmund Henry Pery, Earl of Limerick.
 1806 Laurance Parsons Harman, Earl of Ross. Dead.
 1806 Most Revd. Charles Agar, Earl of Normanton.
 1806 Charles William Bury, Earl of Charleville.

VISCOUNTS.—4.

- 1784 Robert Howard, Viscount Wicklow, (now Earl of Wicklow.)
 1791 Thomas Knox, Viscount Northland.
 1797 Hugh Carleton, Viscount Carleton.
 1800 Richard Longfield, Viscount Longueville.

BARONS.—3.

- 1543 Richard Butler, Lord Cahier.
 1790 George Agar, Lord Callan.
 1797 James Cuffe, Lord Tyrawley.
 One vacant.

IRISH BISHOPS

For the 6th Session of the Imperial Parliament.

Archbishop of Tuam.
 Bishop of Meath.
 Bishop of Derry.
 Bishop of Kildare.

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A LIST

A LIST OF THOSE SCOTS PEERS,

Who have been successively returned to all the PARLIAMENTS of GREAT BRITAIN, since the Union of the two Kingdoms, which took place May 1, 1707.

Summoned to meet October 23, 1707, and the Sixteen Peers then introduced were,

James Douglas, Duke of Queensberry.
James Graham, Duke of Montrose.
John Ker, Duke of Roxburgh.
John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.
William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
John Lindsay, Earl of Crawford and Lindsay.
John Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland.
John Erskine, Earl of Mar.
Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
David Wemyss, Earl of Wemyss.
David Leslie, Earl of Leven and Melvill.
James Ogilvie, Earl of Seafield.
John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.
Archibald Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.
David Boyle, Earl of Glasgow.
Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.

SECOND

SECOND PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, July 8, 1708.

James Hamilton, Duke of Hamilton.
 James Graham, Duke of Montrose.
 John Ker, Duke of Roxburgh.
 William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 John Lindsay, Earl of Crawford and Lindsay.
 John Erskine, Earl of Mar.
 John Leslie, Earl of Rothes.
 Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 David Wemyss, Earl of Wemyss.
 David Carnegie, Earl of Northesk.
 David Leslie, Earl of Leven and Melvill.
 George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney.
 James Ogilvie, Earl of Seafield.
 Archibald Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.
 David Boyle, Earl of Glasgow.
 Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.

THIRD PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, November 15, 1710.

James Hamilton, Duke of Hamilton. Killed in a duel in
 1712.
 John Murray, Duke of Athol.
 William Johnstone, Marquis of Annandale.
 William Keith, Earl Marischal. Died in 1712.
 John Erskine, Earl of Mar.

Alexander Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.
 Alexander Home, Earl of Home.
 Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 Thomas Hay, Earl of Kinnoul.
 David Carnegie, Earl of Northesk.
 George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney.
 Archibald Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.
 Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.
 William Livingstone, Viscount Kilsyth.
 John Elphinstone, Lord Balmerino.
 Walter Stuart, Lord Blantyre.

Returned for the deceased Peers.

James Livingstone, Earl of Linlithgow and Callendar.
 James Ogilvie, Earl of Finlater and Seafield.

FOURTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, November 12, 1713.

John Murray, Duke of Athole.
 John Erskine, Earl of Mar.
 Alexander Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.
 James Livingstone, Earl of Linlithgow and Callendar.
 Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 Thomas Hay, Earl of Kinnoul.
 Charles Hamilton, Earl of Selkirk.
 David Carnegie, Earl of Northesk.
 John Cochrane, Earl of Dundonald.
 James Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.
 John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney.
 Archibald Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.
 David Colyear, Earl of Portmore.
 William Livingstone, Viscount Kilsyth.
 John Elphinstone, Lord Balmerino.

FIFTH

FIFTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, March 17, 1715.

James Graham, Duke of Montrose.
 John Ker, Duke of Roxburgh.
 Charles Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale. Died in 1713.
 William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 William Johnstone, Marquis of Annandale. Died in 1720.
 John Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland.
 John Leslie, Earl of Rothes.
 David Erskine, Earl of Buchan.
 Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney.
 John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.
 James Stuart, Earl of Bute.
 Henry Scot, Earl of Deloraine.
 Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.
 William Ross, Lord Ross.
 John Hamilton, Lord Belhaven. Drowned in 1721.

Returned for the deceased Peers.

Thomas Hamilton, Earl of Haddington.
 William Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.
 James Ogilvie, Earl of Finlater and Seafield.

SIXTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, May 10, 1722.

James Graham, Duke of Montrose.
 John Ker, Duke of Roxburgh.

John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.
John Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland.
John Leslie, Earl of Rothes. Died in 1722.
David Erskine, Earl of Buchan.
Thomas Hamilton, Earl of Haddington.
Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
Charles Hamilton, Earl of Selkirk.
William Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.
George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney.
John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.
John Stuart, Earl of Bute.
Charles Hope, Earl of Hopetoun.
Henry Scot, Earl of Deloraine.
Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.

Returned for the Peer who died.

James Ogilvie, Earl of Finlater and Seafield.

SEVENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, November 28, 1727.

James Graham, Duke of Montrose.
John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.
John Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland. Died in 1733.
John Leslie, Earl of Rothes.
David Erskine, Earl of Buchan.
Thomas Hamilton, Earl of Haddington.
Hugh Campbell, Earl of Loudoun. Died in 1731.
James Ogilvie, Earl of Finlater and Seafield. Died in 1733.
Charles Hamilton, Earl of Selkirk.
John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney.
John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.

Alexander

Alexander Hume, Earl of Marchmont.
 Charles Hope, Earl of Hopetoun.
 Henry Scot, Earl of Deloraine. Died in 1731.
 Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.

Returned for the Peers who died.

William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 John Lindsay, Earl of Crawford and Lindsay.
 George Douglas, Earl of Morton.
 James Murray, Duke of Athol.

EIGHTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, June 13, 1734.

Francis Scot, Duke of Buccleuch.
 James Murray, Duke of Athol.
 William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 John Lindsay, Earl of Crawford and Lindsay.
 William Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland.
 George Douglas, Earl of Morton. Died in 1737.
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 James Ogilvie, Earl of Findlater and Seafield.
 Charles Hamilton, Earl of Selkirk. Died in 1739.
 Alexander Lindsay, Earl of Balcarras. Died in 1736.
 John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 George Hamilton, Earl of Orkney. Died in 1737.
 Charles Hope, Earl of Hopetoun.
 Charles Colyear, Earl of Portmore.
 Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.
 Charles Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

Returned for the Peers who died.

John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.

John Stuart, Earl of Bute.
 John Carmichael, Earl of Hyndford.
 James Douglas, Earl of Morton.

NINTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, June 25, 1741.

William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 John Lindsay, Earl of Crawford and Lindsay.
 William Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland.
 James Douglas, Earl of Morton.
 James Stuart, Earl of Moray.
 William Home, Earl of Home.
 Charles Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale. **Died in 1744.**
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 James Ogilvie, Earl of Findlater and Seafield.
 John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.
 John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 John Carmichael, Earl of Hyndford.
 Charles Hope, Earl of Hopetoun. **Died in 1742.**
 Charles Colyear, Earl of Portmore.
 Archibald Campbell, Earl of Isla.
 James Somerville, Lord Somerville.

Returned for the Peers who died.

John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.
 John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.

TENTH

TENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, August 13, 1747.

Cosmo George Gordon, Duke of Gordon. Died in 1752*.

Archibald Campbell, Duke of Argyle.

John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.

William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.

John Lindsay, Earl of Crawford and Lindsay. Died in 1749†.

John Leslie, Earl of Rothes.

James Douglas, Earl of Morton.

James Stuart, Earl of Moray.

William Home, Earl of Home.

James Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale.

John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.

James Ogilvie, Earl of Findlater and Seafield.

Alexander Leslie, Earl of Leven and Melville.

George Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.

John Murray, Earl of Dunmore. Died in 1752‡.

John Carmichael, Earl of Hyndford.

Returned for the Peers who died.

* Charles Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

† Hugh Hume, Earl of Marchmont.

‡ John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, April 9, 1754.

Archibald Campbell, Duke of Argyle.

John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.

William Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 John Leslie, Earl of Rothes.
 James Douglas, Earl of Morton.
 James Stuart, Earl of Moray.
 William Home, Earl of Home.
 James Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale.
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 James Ogilvie, Earl of Findlater and Seafield.
 Alexander Leslie, Earl of Leven and Melville. Died in
 1754.
 John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.
 George Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.
 Hugh Hume, Earl of Marchmont.
 John Carmichael, Earl of Hyndford.
 David Murray, Viscount Stormont.

Returned for the Peer who died:

Charles Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

TWELFTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, March 21, 1761.

John Campbell, Duke of Argyle.
 John Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale. Died in 1762.*
 John Leslie, Earl of Rothes. Died in December 1767;
 no new election.
 James Douglas, Earl of Morton.
 Alexander Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.
 James Stuart, Earl of Moray. Died in 1767.†
 William Home, Earl of Home, Governor of Gibraltar;
 died there prior to his election.‡
 James Hamilton, Earl of Abercorn.
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.

John

John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 William Douglas, Earl of March.
 Hugh Hume Campbell, Earl of Marchmont.
 John Stuart, Earl of Bute.
 David Murray, Viscount Stormont.
 Charles Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

Returned for the Peers who died.

- * William Sutherland, Earl of Sutherland; he died in 1766, and
 John Murray, Duke of Athol, was elected in his room.
- † Alexander Gordon, Duke of Gordon.
- ‡ John Carmichael, Earl of Hyndford; he died in 1767, and
 John Bowes Lyon, Earl of Strathmore, was elected in his room.

THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, March 12, 1768.

Alexander Gordon, Duke of Gordon.
 John Campbell, Duke of Argyll. Died in 1770.*
 John Murray, Duke of Athol.
 James Douglas, Earl of Morton. Died in 1768.†
 Alexander Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun. Died Oct. 9, 1769‡.
 John Bowes Lyon, Earl of Strathmore.
 James Hamilton, Earl of Abercorn.
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 William Douglas, Earl of March and Ruglen.
 Hugh Hume Campbell, Earl of Marchmont.
 Neil Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.

John

John Stuart, Earl of Bute.
 David Murray, Viscount Stormont.
 Charles Ingram, Viscount Irwin.
 Charles Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

Returned for the Peers who died.

* John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.
 † William Henry Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 ‡ James Hay, Earl of Errol.

FOURTEENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, October 1, 1774.

Alexander Gordon, Duke of Gordon.
 Thomas Kennedy, Earl of Cassilis. Died in 1775.*
 John Bowes Lyon, Earl of Strathmore. Died in 1776.†
 James Hamilton, Earl of Abercorn.
 John Stewart, Earl of Galloway.
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun.
 George Ramsay, Earl of Dalhousie.
 John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.
 William Douglas, Earl of March and Ruglen.
 Hugh Hume Campbell, Earl of Marchmont.
 Neil Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.
 John Stuart, Earl of Bute.
 David Murray, Viscount Stormont.
 Charles Ingram, Viscount Irwin. Died in 1778.‡
 Charles Schaw Cathcart, Lord Cathcart. Died in 1776.¶

Returned for the Peers who died.

* John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 † Archibald Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.
 ‡ William John Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 ¶ David Kennedy, Earl of Cassilis.

FIFTEENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, September 2, 1780.

Alexander Gordon, Duke of Gordon.
 William Douglas, Duke of Queensberry.
 John Murray, Duke of Athol.
 William John Ker, Marquis of Lothian.
 James Cunningham, Earl of Glencairn.
 Archibald Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.
 David Kennedy, Earl of Cassilis.
 James Hamilton, Earl of Abercorn.
 John Stewart, Earl of Galloway.
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudoun. Died in 1782.
 George Ramsay, Earl of Dalhousie.
 George Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.
 John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.
 Hugh Hume Campbell, Earl of Marchmont.
 Neil Primrose, Earl of Roseberry.
 David Murray, Viscount Stormont.

Returned for the Peer who died.

James Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale.

SIXTEENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, March 25, 1784.

William Douglas, Duke of Queensberry. Created a Peer
 of Great Britain, August 21, 1786.

William

William John Ker, Marquis of Lothian.

George Douglas, Earl of Morton.

Archibald Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.

David Kennedy, Earl of Cassilis.

Francis Stuart, Earl of Moray.

James Hamilton, Earl of Abercorn. Created a Peer of
Great Britain, August 24, 1786.

John Stewart, Earl of Galloway.

George Ramsay, Earl of Dalhousie. Died in 1787.

Alexander Lindsay, Earl of Balcarras.

John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.

George Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.

John Murray, Earl of Dunmore.

James Hope, Earl of Hopetoun.

David Murray, Viscount Stormont.

John Elphinstone, Lord Elphinstone.

Returned for the Peers created Peers of Great Britain.

Dunbar Douglas, Earl of Selkirk.

George Kinnaird, Lord Kinnaird.

Returned for the Peer who died.

William Schaw Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

SEVENTEENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, June 12, 1790.

	Number of Votes
Archibald Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun, - -	39
Francis Stuart, Earl of Moray, - - - -	34
Archibald Erskine, Earl of Kellie, - - - -	35
James Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale, - - - -	34
Thomas	

	Number of Votes.
Thomas Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, -	38
Patrick Creighton, Earl of Dumfries, - - -	34
Alexander Lindsay, Earl of Balcarras, - - -	37
John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane, - - -	34
George Boyle, Earl of Glasgow, - - -	37
David Murray, Viscount Stormont, - - -	42
William Schaw Cathcart, Lord Cathcart, - -	36
John Elphinstone, Lord Elphinstone, - - -	34
James Sandilands, Lord Torphichen, - - -	34

The Clerks of Session attending the Election returned only the above thirteen Peers, on account that the six following Peers had each of them an equal number of votes.

John Stewart, Earl of Galloway.

Dunbar Douglas, Earl of Selkirk.

John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.

James Hope, Earl of Hopetoun.

James Somerville, Lord Somerville. Died in April 1796.

Francis Napier, Lord Napier. Each 33 votes.

At this Election protests were taken against the votes of James Sinclair, Earl of Caithness; Francis Stuart, Earl of Moray; Francis Napier, Lord Napier; Thomas Stewart, (Lord Castlestewart in Ireland,) Lord Ochiltree; John Leslie, Lord Lindores; William Hamilton, Lord Belhaven; and John Leslie, Lord Newark.

The Merits of the above Return and Election were examined with great attention by the House of Peers, when after a trial of three Sessions, their Lordships came to several Resolutions, and to a final decision respecting the same, June 7. 1793—Finding the Titles of the Earl of Caithness, the Earl of Moray, and Lord Napier, to be good, and that they had a Right to Vote: That the Persons claiming to vote as Lord Ochiltree, and Lord Lindores, had not established their Rights to Vote; and that the Persons claiming to vote as Lord Belhaven, and Lord Newark, had no right to those Titles. The House also sustained the right of the Duke of Queensberry, and the

the Earl of Abercorn, to vote for the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, although created British Peers since the Union. To the Thirteen Peers returned as duly elected, the House found that the Earls of Selkirk and Stair were duly elected, and were accordingly added to the Return; and that Four Peers had an equal number of votes, viz. The Earls of Galloway and Hopetoun, and Lords Somerville and Napier. In consequence of his Majesty's Royal Proclamation, the Peers of Scotland assembled at the Palace of Holyroodhouse, August 7, 1793, to elect a Peer to complete the Representation of the Scots Peerage to the legal number of Sixteen, when James Lord Somerville was chosen. Although David Viscount Stormont became a British Peer on the 20th of March 1793, no Proclamation was issued during this Parliament in his room; nor any Proclamation to elect a Peer in room of Lord Somerville, who died April 1796.

EIGHTEENTH PARLIAMENT,

Summoned to meet at Westminster, May 21, 1796, which on the 1st of January 1800, became the First Parliament of the United Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland.

George Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale.

George James Hay, Earl of Errol. Died in Jan. 1798.

Archibald Kennedy, Earl of Cassilis.

John Bowes Lyon, Earl of Strathmore.

Patrick Creighton, Earl of Dumfries.

George Ramsay, Earl of Dalhousie.

Thomas Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine.

William Carnegie, Earl of Northesk.

George Gordon, Earl of Aboyne.

John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.

John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.

George Boyle, Earl of Glasgow.

William Schaw Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.

James

James Sandilands, Lord Torphichen.
John Somerville, Lord Somerville.
Francis Napier, Lord Napier.

Returned for the deceased Peer.

Hugh Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.

SECOND PARLIAMENT

OF THE

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Summoned to meet August 9, 1802.

George Hay, Marquis of Tweeddale. Died at Verdun.
Hugh Montgomery, Earl of Eglintoun.
Archibald Kennedy, Earl of Cassilis.
John Lyon Bowes, Earl of Strathmore.
Patrick Creighton, Earl of Dumfries. Died.
Thomas Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine.
George Ramsay, Earl of Dalhousie.
William Carnegie, Earl of Northesk.
Alexander Lindsay, Earl of Balcarras.
George Gordon, Earl of Aboyne.
John Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.
John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair.
George Boyle, Earl of Glasgow.
William Schaw Cathcart, Lord Cathcart.
John Somerville, Lord Somerville.
Francis Napier, Lord Napier.

Returned

Returned for the Peers who died.

Thomas, Earl of Kellie, *vice* Marquis of Tweeddale.

John Elphinstone, Lord Elphinstone, *vice* the Earl of Dumfries.

THIRD PARLIAMENT

OF THE

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Election at Holyrood House, December 4, 1806.

JOHN PRINGLE, JAMES WALKER, *Clerks.*

PRESENT.

Duke of Buccleuch.
Duke of Argyll.
Earl of Erroll.
Earl of Caithness.
Earl of Morton.
Earl of Home.
Earl of Strathmore.
Earl Kellie.
Earl of Haddington.
Earl of Galloway.
Earl of Lauderdale.
Earl of Kinnoul.
Earl of Elgin.
Earl of Dalhousie.
Earl of Leven.
Earl of Selkirk.
Earl of Northesk.
Earl of Balcarras.

Earl of Aboyne.
Earl of Breadalbane.
Earl of Aberdeen.
Earl of Stair.
Earl of Glasgow.
Viscount Arbuthnot.
Lord Forbes.
Lord Cathcart.
Lord Sinclair.
Lord Semple.
Lord Elphinstone.
Lord Blantyre.
Lord Napier.
Lord Reay.
Lord Elibank.
Lord Belhaven.
Lord Rollo.
Lord Kinnaird.

PROXIES,

PROXIES.

Prince of Wales, Duke of Rothsay, to the	Earl of Lauderdale.
Duke of Lenox - - - - -	Earl of Elgin.
Duke of Gordon - - - - -	Duke of Buccleuch.
Duke of Queensberry - - - - -	Earl of Stair.
Earl of Crawford - - - - -	Earl of Kellie.
Earl of Eglintoun - - - - -	Duke of Argyll.
Earl of Cassilis - - - - -	Lord Elphinston.
Earl of Abercorn - - - - -	Earl of Aberdeen.
Earl of Portmore - - - - -	Earl of Stair.
Earl of Deloraine - - - - -	Duke of Buccleuch.
Viscount Dunblane - - - - -	Earl of Elgin.
Lord Somerville - - - - -	Lord Cathcart.
Lord Colville - - - - -	Earl of Breadalbane.
Lord Kircudbright - - - - -	Earl of Lauderdale.

SIGNED LISTS.

Duke of Athol.	Earl of Hyndford.
Duke of Montrose.	Earl of Roseberry.
Duke of Roxburgh.	Earl of Bute.
Earl of Moray.	Earl of Hopetoun.
Earl of Dysart.	Viscount Falkland.
Earl of Kintore.	Viscount Stormont.
Earl of Dunmore.	Lord Torphichen.
Earl of Marchmont.	

N.B. The title of Duke of Roxburgh is claimed by Brigadier-General Walker Ker, of Littledean. His vote was received, but was protested against by some of the Peers, and also by another claimant.

The title of Earl of Marchmont is claimed by Lieutenant Alexr. Hume of the Royal Navy, who voted under protest.

PEERS ELECTED.

	Number of Votes.
* William Hay Carr, Earl of Errol - - - - -	44
Thomas Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine - - - - -	46
* Alexander Leslie, Earl of Leven and Melville - - - - -	45
* Thomas Douglas, Earl of Selkirk - - - - -	46

	Number of Votes.
William Carnegie, Earl of Northesk - - - -	48
Alexander Lindsay, Earl of Balcarras - - - -	58
*George Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen - - - -	43
John Dalrymple, Earl of Stair - - - -	44
George Boyle, Earl of Glasgow - - - -	50
*James Ochoncar Forbes, Lord Forbes - - - -	53
William Schaw Cathcart, Lord Cathcart - - - -	54
John Elphinstone, Lord Elphinstone - - - -	53
John Somerville, Lord Somerville - - - -	47
*Robert Walter Stewart, Lord Blantyre - - - -	51
*Eric Mackay, Lord Reay - - - -	45
*Charles Kinnaird, Lord Kinnaird - - - -	41

Those marked thus * are in place of the Earl of Cassilis, Earl of Eglintoun, and Earl of Breadalbane, lately created British Peers; and the Earls of Strathmore, Kellie, Dalhousie, Aboyne, and Lord Napier.

UNSUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

	Number of Votes.
Earl of Strathmore - - - -	31
Earl of Kellie - - - -	35
Earl of Haddington - - - -	34
Earl of Dalhousie - - - -	37
Earl of Aboyne - - - -	38
Lord Saltoun - - - -	6
Lord Semple - - - -	22
Lord Napier - - - -	36

PEERS WHO DID NOT VOTE.

Duke of Hamilton.	Lords Grey.
Marquis of Lothian.	Lord Saltoun.
Earl of Buchan.	Lord Fairfax.
Earl of Wemyss.	Lord Ruthven.
Earl of Findlater.	

MINORS.

Marquis of Tweedale. Earl of Dumfries. Lord Cranstoun.

FOURTH

FOURTH PARLIAMENT

OF THE

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,

Election at Holyrood House, June 9, 1807.

JOHN PRINGLE, JAMES WALKER, *Clerks.*

PRESENT.

Earl of Caithness.	Viscount Arbuthnot.
Earl of Home.	Lord Forbes.
Earl of Strathmore.	Lord Sinclair.
Earl of Kellie.	Lord Semple.
Earl of Haddington.	Lord Elphinstone.
Earl of Dalhousie.	Lord Torphichen.
Earl of Leven.	Lord Blantyre.
Earl of Selkirk.	Lord Napier.
Earl of Aboyne.	Lord Elibank.
Earl of Aberdeen.	Lord Rollo.

PROXIES.

The Prince of Wales, (Duke of Rothsay,) to Lord Elphinstone.				
Duke of Gordon	- - -	to	- -	Earl of Aberdeen.
Duke of Athol	- - -	- -	- -	Lord Forbes.
Earl of Crauford	- - -	- -	- -	Earl of Kellie
Earl of Errol	- - -	- -	- -	Earl of Dalhousie.
Earl of Cassilis	- - -	- -	- -	Lord Semple
Earl of Lauderdale	- - -	- -	- -	Lord Elphinstone.
Earl of Kinnoul	- - -	- -	- -	Earl of Kellie.

Earl of Balcarras	- - - - -	Earl of Selkirk,
Earl of Glasgow	- - - - -	Lord Napier.
Lord Cathcart	- - - - -	Lord Napier.
Lord Reay	- - - - -	Lord Blantyre.
Lord Kinnaird	- - - - -	Lord Blantyre.

SIGNED LISTS.

Duke of Buccleuch.	Earl of Hyndford.
Duke of Lennox.	Earl of Stair.
Duke of Queensberry.	Earl of Roseberry.
Duke of Argyle.	Earl of Portmore.
Duke of Montrose	Earl of Bute.
Earl of Morton.	Earl of Hopetoun.
Earl of Eglintoune.	Earl of Deloraine.
Earl of Moray.	Viscount Falkland.
Earl of Abercorn.	Viscount Stormont.
Earl of Elgin.	Viscount Dunblane.
Earl of Northesk.	Lord Gray.
Earl of Dundonald.	Lord Somerville.
Earl of Kintore.	Lord Kirkcudbright.
Earl of Breadalbane.	Lord Belhaven.
Earl of Dunmore.	

PEERS ELECTED.

	Number of Votes.
*James, Earl of Caithness - - - - -	38
*Alexander, Earl of Home - - - - -	43
*John, Earl of Strathmore - - - - -	49
*Thomas, Earl of Kellie - - - - -	44
*Charles, Earl of Haddington - - - - -	46
*George, Earl of Dalhousie - - - - -	49
Thomas, Earl of Selkirk - - - - -	43
Alexander, Earl of Balcarras - - - - -	51
*George, Earl of Aboyne - - - - -	50
George, Earl of Aberdeen - - - - -	48
George, Earl of Glasgow - - - - -	46
James	

	Number of Votes.
James, Lord Forbes - - - - -	49
*Alexander George, Lord Saltoun - - -	43
William Schaw, Lord Cathcart - - -	51
*Charles, Lord Sinclair - - - - -	43
*Francis, Lord Napier - - - - -	48

Those marked thus * are new, in room of the Earls of Errol, Elgin, Leven, Northesk, and Stair, and Lords Elphinstone, Somerville, Blantyre, Reay, and Kinnaird.

UNSUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

	Number of Votes.
George, Earl of Errol - - - - -	6
Thomas, Earl of Elgin - - - - -	19
Alexander, Earl of Leven - - - - -	3
William, Earl of Northesk - - - - -	22
John, Earl of Stair - - - - -	24
John, Lord Elphinstone - - - - -	33
Robert Walter, Lord Blantyre - - - -	28
John, Lord Somerville - - - - -	1
Eric, Lord Reay - - - - -	28
Charles, Lord Kinnaird - - - - -	32

The Earls of Errol and Leven, and Lord Somerville, were not Candidates upon this occasion, which accounts for the small number of Votes that appeared for these Noble Lords.

PEERESSES IN THEIR OWN RIGHT,

By Creation or Descent.

- 1776 Louisa Greville, Countess of Mansfield, widow of David Earl of Mansfield, and Lady of the Hon. Robert Fulke Greville, brother of the Earl of Warwick.
- 1803 Henrietta Laura Pulteney, Countess of Bath, Lady of Sir James Pulteney, bart.
- 1266 Charlotte Fitzgerald de Ros, Baroness de Ros, Lady of Lord Henry Fitzgerald de Ros.
- 1307 Gertrude Brand, Baroness Dacre, widow of the late Thomas Brand, esq.
- 1314 Priscilla Barbara Elizabeth Burrell, Baroness Willoughby de Eresby, Lady of Lord Gwydir.
- 1482 Elizabeth Rawdon, Baroness Hungerford, widow of the Earl of Moira, and sister of the late Earl of Huntingdon.
- 1663 Arabella Hume, Baroness Lucas, widow of Lord Hume, son of the late Earl of Marchmont.
- 1788 Sophia Charlotte Curzon, Baroness Howe, widow of the Hon. Pen. Asheton Curzon, and daughter of the late Earl Howe.
- 1801 Mary Anne Abercromby, Baroness Abercromby, widow of Sir Ralph Abercromby, K.B.
- 1802 Mary Hill, Baroness Sandys, widow of the Marq. of Downshire.

A LIST

THE PEERS OF IRELAND.

PEERS OF THE BLOOD ROYAL.—5.

- 1784 PRINCE FREDERIC, Earl of Ulster.
- 1786 Prince William Henry, Earl of Munster.
- 1799 Prince Edward, Earl of Dublin.
- 1799 Prince Ernest Augustus, Earl of Armagh.
- 1764 Prince William Frederick, Earl of Connaught.

DUKE.—1.

- 1766 Frederick Augustus Fitzgerald, Duke of Leinster,
Marquis of Kildare.

MARQUISES.—9.

- 1789 Henry de la Poer Beresford, Marquis of Waterford,
Earl of Tyrone.

-
- 1789 Arthur Blundell Sandys Trumbull Hill, Marquis of Downshire, Earl of Hillsborough.
 1791 Geo. Aug. Chichester, Marquis of Donegall, Earl of Belfast.
 1791 Charles Moore, Marquis of Drogheda, Viscount Moore.
 1799 Rd. Colley Wellesley, Marquis Wellesley, Earl of Mornington.
 1800 Murrough O'Brien, Marquis of Thomond, Earl of Inchiquin.
 1800 Thomas Taylour, Marquis of Headfort, Earl of Bective.
 1800 John Denis Browne, Marquis of Sligo, Earl of Altamont.
 1800 John Loftus, Marquis of Ely, Viscount Loftus.

EARLS.—78.

- 1327 Walter Butler, Earl of Ormond and Ossory, Viscount Thurles.
 1544 John Tho. de Burgh, Earl of Clanricarde, Lord Dunkellyn.
 1620 Edmund Boyle, Earl of Cork and Orrery, Viscount Dungarvon.
 1621 George Fred. Nugent, Earl of Westmeath, Lord Delvin.
 1622 Patrick Dillon, Earl of Roscommon, Lord Kilkenny.
 1622 Basil Percy Fielding, Earl of Desmond, Lord Fielding.
 1627 John Chambre Brabazon, Earl of Meath, Lord Brabazon.
 1627 Henry Barry, Earl Barrymore, Viscount Buttevant.

-
- 1628 Arthur James Plunket, Earl of Fingal, Lord Killeen.
- 1647 Richard Lambart, Earl of Cavan, Visc. Kilcoursie.
- 1661 Charles Talbot, Earl of Waterford and Wexford, Lord Talbot.
- 1684 George Forbes, Earl of Granard, Visct. Forbes.
- 1691 Fred. Christ. Rynhart de Ginkel, Earl of Athlone, Viscount Aghrim.
- 1716 Wm. Fitzwilliam, Earl Fitzwilliam.
- 1722 Fr. Tho. Fitzmauric, Earl of Kerry, Viscount Clancmaurice.
- 1725 John Bligh, Earl of Darnley, Lord Clifton.
- 1733 John James Perceval, Earl of Egmont, Viscount Perceval.
- 1739 John William Ponsonby, Earl of Bessborough, Viscount Duncannon.
- 1748 Henry Thomas Butler, Earl of Carrick, Viscount Ikerine.
- 1751 John Fitzpatrick, Earl of Upper Ossory, Lord Gowran.
- 1753 John Henry Petty, Earl of Shelburne, Visc. Fitzmaurice.
- 1756 Richard Boyle, Earl of Shannon, Viscount Boyle. Dead.
- 1756 Henry Skeffington, Earl of Massareene, Lord Loughneagh.
- 1756 Brindsley Butler, Earl of Lanesborough, Lord Newton.
- 1756 George Rochfort, Earl of Belvedere, Viscount Bellfield.
- 1759 James Duff, Earl of Fife, Viscount Macduff.
- 1760 Augustus Ludlow, Earl of Ludlow, Visc. Preston.
- 1761 George Carpenter, Earl of Tyrconnel, Viscount Carlingford.
- 1762 Francis Rawdon Hastings, Earl of Moira, Lord Rawdon.
- 1762 Arthur Saund. Gore, Earl of Arran, Vis. Sudley.
- 1762

- 1762 James Stopford, Earl of Courtown, Viscount Stopford.
- 1768 Brice Leeson, Earl of Miltown, Visct. Rosborough. Dead.
- 1763 Francis Wm. Caulfield, Earl of Charlemont, Lord Caulfeild.
- 1766 John Saville, Earl of Mexborough, Viscount Pollington.
- 1766 Edward Turnour, Earl of Winterton, Viscount Turnour.
- 1767 William St Lawrence, Earl of Howth, Viscount St Lawrence.
- 1768 George King, Earl of Kingston, Viscount Kingsborough.
- 1771 William Molyneux, Earl of Sefton, Viscount Molyneux.
- 1771 Robert Jocelyn, Earl of Roden, Viscount Jocelyn.
- 1776 Wilmot Vaughan, Earl of Lisburne, Vis. Vaughan.
- 1776 Richard Meade, Earl Clanwilliam, Lord Gilford.
- 1773 G. G. N. Temple, Earl Nugent, Lord Clare.
- 1776 John Crosbie, Earl of Glandore, Visct. Crosbie.
- 1777 John Stratford, Earl of Aldborough, Vis. Amiens.
- 1780 Stephen Moore, Earl Mountcashel, Lord Kilworth.
- 1785 Thomas Pakenham, Earl of Longford, Lord Pakenham.
- 1785 John Dawson, Earl of Portarlington, Vis. Carlow.
- 1785 John James Maxwell, Earl of Farnham, Viscount Maxwell.
- 1785 Henry Lawes Luttrell, Earl of Carhampton, Lord Irnham.
- 1785 John Bourke, Earl of Mayo, Lord Naas.
- 1787 Richard Annesley, Earl of Annesley, Viscount Glerawley.
- 1789 John Willoughby Cole, Earl of Enniskillen, Visct. Cole.
- 1789 John Creighton, Earl of Erne, Vis. Creighton.
- 1789 John Joshua Proby, Earl of Carysfort, Vis. Proby.

-
- 1793 Edmund Butler, Earl of Kilkenny, Viscount Montgarret.
 - 1793 Arthur Annesley, Earl Mountnorris, Viscount Valentia.
 - 1793 Robert Howard, Earl of Wicklow.
 - 1793 John Otway Cuffe, Earl Desart, Viscount Castle-Cuff.
 - 1793 Thomas Scott, Earl of Clonmell, Lord Earlsfort.
 - 1795 John Fitzgibbon, Earl of Clare, Viscount Fitzgibbon.
 - 1795 Nathaniel Clements, Earl of Leitrim, Viscount Clements.
 - 1795 Richard Bingham, Earl of Lucan, Lord Bingham.
 - 1796 Robert Stewart, Earl of Londonderry, Viscount Castlereagh.
 - 1797 Somerset Lowry Corry, Earl Conyngham, Viscount Mountcharles.
 - 1797 Francis James Mathew, Earl of Landaff, Viscount Mathew.
 - 1800 Charles Henry St John O'Neil, Earl O'Neil, Visct. Raymond.
 - 1800 Francis Bernard, Earl of Bandon, Viscount Bernard.
 - 1800 Andrew Thomas Stewart, Earl of Castlestewart, Viscount Stewart.
 - 1800 Rd. Hely Hutchinson, Earl of Donoughmore, Viscount Donoughmore.
 - 1800 Dupré Alexander, Earl of Caledon, Viscount Alexander.
 - 1800 Valentine Browne, Earl of Kenmare, Viscount Castlerosse.
 - 1803 Edmund Henry Pery, Earl of Limerick, Lord Glentworth.
 - 1803 Richard Trench, Earl of Clancarty, Viscount Dunlo.
 - 1806 Arthur Acheson, Earl of Gosford, Viscount Acheson. Dead.

- 1806 Laurence Parsons Harman, Earl of Ross, Viscount Oxmantown. Dead.
- 1806 Most Rev. Charles Agar, Earl Normanton, (Archbishop of Dublin), Viscount Somerton.
- 1806 Charles Wm. Bury, Earl of Charleville, Lord Tullamore.

VISCOUNTS.—52.

- 1478 Jenico Preston, Viscount Gormanstown.
- 1620 George Villiers, Viscount Grandison.
- 1621 Charles Dillon Lee, Viscount Dillon.
- 1622 John Netterville, Viscount Netterville.
- 1625 Robert Needham, Viscount Kilmorey.
- 1628 George Augusta Lumley Saunderson, Viscount Lumley.
- 1628 Percy Smith, Viscount Strangford.
- 1628 Rodolphus Taaffe, Viscount Taaffe.
- 1628 Thomas Jones, Viscount Ranelagh.
- 1629 Richard Fitzwilliam, Viscount Fitzwilliam.
- 1642 Borlase Cockaine, Viscount Cullen.
- 1643 Thomas James Warren Bulkeley, Viscount Bulkeley.
- 1661 George James Cholmondeley, Viscount Cholmondeley.
- 1681 John Christopher Burton Dawnay, Visc. Downe.
- 1700 Wm. Howe, Viscount Howe.
- 1710 John James Hamilton, Viscount Strabane.
- 1716 Robert Molesworth, Viscount Molesworth.
- 1717 Richard Chetwynd, Viscount Chetwynd.
- 1717 George Broderick, Viscount Midleton.
- 1717 Gustavus Hamilton, Viscount Boyne.

- 1717 Joshua Allen, Viscount Allen.
 1719 James Bucknall Grimston, Viscount Grimston.
 1720 Richard Barrington, Viscount Barrington.
 1720 Henry Gage, Viscount Gage.
 1722 Henry John Temple, Viscount Palmerston.
 1727 Robert Moncton Arundel, Viscount Galway.
 1743 Richard Wingfield, Viscount Powerscourt.
 1751 Henry Jeffery Flower, Viscount Ashbrooke.
 1763 Francis Hervey Morres, Viscount Mountmorres.
 1766 Arthur Hill Trevor, Viscount Dungannon.
 1776 Thomas Ant. Southwell, Viscount Southwell.
 1776 John Vesey, Viscount De Vesci.
 1776 Wm. Charles Fortescue, Viscount Clermont.
 1780 Rev. James Hewitt, Viscount Lifford.
 1780 Nicholas Ward, Viscount Bangor.
 1780 Peniston Lamb, Viscount Melbourne.
 1780 Henry Welbore Ellis, Viscount Clifden.
 1785 Thomas Dawson, Viscount Cremorne.
 1785 Hayes St Leger, Viscount Doneraile.
 1791 Thomas Knox, Viscount Northland.
 1791 Henry Pomeroy, Viscount Harberton.
 1793 Thomas Ralph Maude, Viscount Hawarden. Dead.
 1795 Charles John Gardiner, Viscount Mountjoy.
 1797 Hugh Carleton, Viscount Carleton.
 1800 Wm. George Yelverton, Viscount Avonmore.
 1800 Richard Longfield, Viscount Longueville.
 1800 Richard White, Viscount Bantry.
 1800 Henry Stanley Monck, Viscount Monck.
 1800 John Wolfe, Viscount Kilwarden.
 1806 John Henry Upton, Viscount Templetown.
 1806 Cornelius O'Callaghan, Viscount Lismore.
 1806 Robert Edward King, Viscount Lorton.

BARONS

BARONS.—79.

- 1181 John De Courcy, Lord Kinsale.
- 1439 Nicholas Barnwall, Lord Trimlestown.
- 1439 Randel Plunket, Lord Dunsany.
- 1542 Thomas Plunket, Lord Louth.
- 1583 Richard Butler, Lord Cahier.
- 1620 Edward Digby, Lord Digby.
- 1621 Andrew Thomas Blayney, Lord Blayney.
- 1627 Philip Sherard, Lord Sherard.
- 1762 Francis Seymour, Lord Conway.
- 1718 John Wm. Evans, Lord Carbery. Dead.
- 1718 Matthew Aylmer, Lord Aylmer.
- 1750 George Damer, Lord Milton.
- 1758 John Lysaght, Lord Lisle.
- 1762 William Hanger, Lord Coleraine.
- 1762 Edward Clive, Lord Clive.
- 1768 Henry Phipps, Lord Mulgrave.
- 1770 Charles George Perceval, Lord Arden.
- 1776 Richard Philipps, Lord Milford.
- 1776 Thomas Wynn, Lord Newborough.
- 1776 Alexr. Wentworth Macdonald, Lord Macdonald.
- 1776 William Edwardes, Lord Kensington.
- 1776 William Henry Lyttleton, Lord Westcote.
- 1776 Robert Ongley, Lord Ongley.
- 1776 Hugh Massey, Lord Massey.
- 1777 Robert Tilson Deane, Lord Muskerry.
- 1780 John Baker Holroyd, Lord Sheffield.
- 1783 William Tonson, Lord Riversdale.
- 1783 John Hussey Delaval, Lord Delaval.
- 1783 John Pennington, Lord Muncaster.
- 1783 Richard Pennant, Lord Penryhn.
- 1785 Richard Malone, Lord Sunderlin.

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- 1786 Samuel Hood, Lord Hood.
1789 William Eden, Lord Auckland.
1789 James Caulfield Browne, Lord Kilmaine.
1789 Valentine Browne Lawles, Lord Cloncurry.
1789 Sampson Eardley, Lord Earley.
1790 George Agar, Lord Callan.
1790 Luke Dillon, Lord Clonbrock.
1791 Alleyne Fitzherbert, Lord St Helens.
1794 Thomas North Graves, Lord Graves.
1794 Alexander Hood, Lord Bridport.
1795 Ralph Payne, Lord Lavington.
1795 George Aug. Henry Anne Parkyns, Lord Ran-
cliffe.
1799 Joshua Vanneck, Lord Hungtinfield.
1796 Robert Smith, Lord Carrington.
1796 William Warner Westenrae, Lord Rosmore.
1797 George Keith Elphinstone, Lord Keith.
1797 William Hotham, Lord Hotham.
1797 James Cuff, Lord Tyrawly.
1797 Charles Allanson Wynn, Lord Headley.
1797 John Shore, Lord Teignmouth.
1798 Thomas French, Lord French.
1799 Frederick Morton Eden, Lord Henley.
1800 Charles Whitworth, Lord Whitworth.
1800 Charles Henry Coote, Lord Castle Coote.
1800 Clotworth Rowley, Lord Longford.
1800 John Blaquiere, Lord De Blaquiere.
1800 Lodge Evans Morres, Lord Frankfort.
1800 John Henniker Major, Lord Henniker.
1800 Valentine Richard Quin, Lord Adare.
1800 Thomas Mullins, Lord Ventry.
1800 William Hare, Lord Ennismore.
1800 Joseph Blake, Lord Wallscourt.
1800 Henry Moore Sandford, Lord Mount Sandford.
1800 Henry Sadler Prittie, Lord Donalley.
1800 John Preston, Lord Tara.
1800 Maurice Mahon, Lord Hartland.

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- 1800 John Bingham, Lord Clanmorris.
 1800 Charles James Fitzgerald, Lord Lecale.
 1800 William Waldegrave, Lord Radstock.
 1800 Sylvester Douglas, Lord Glenbervie.
 1800 John Toler, Lord Norbury.
 1800 Alan Gardner, Lord Gardner.
 1800 Frederic Trench, Lord Ashtoun.
 1800 Nathaniel Williams Massey, Lord Clarina.
 1806 Peter Isaac Thellusson, Lord Rendlesham.

ARCH.

ARCHBISHOPS AND BISHOPS.—22.

- 1800 Right Honble. William Stuart, Archbishop of Armagh, Primate of all Ireland.
- 1801 Earl of Normanton, Archbishop of Dublin, Primate of Ireland.
- 1801 Hon. Charles Broderick, Archbishop of Cashel, Primate of Munster.
- 1795 Hon. William Beresford, Archbishop of Tuam, Primate of Connaught.
- 1795 Right Hon. T. Lewis O'Beirne, Bishop of Meath.
- 1804 Right Hon. Charles Lindsay, Bishop of Kildare.
- 1782 Thomas Percy, Bishop of Dromore.
- 1782 John Law, Bishop of Elphin.
- 1789 Euseby Cleaver, Bishop of Leighlin and Fernes.
- 1790 William Bennet, Bishop of Cloyne.
- 1794 Hon. William Knox, Bishop of Derry.
- 1796 John Porter, Bishop of Clogher.
- 1796 Joseph Stock, Bishop of Killala and Achonry.
- 1802 George De la Poer Beresford, Bishop of Kilmore.
- 1802 Nathaniel Alexander, Bishop of Down and Connor.
- 1802 Hon. Power Trench, Bishop of Waterford and Lismore.
- 1804 Christopher Betson, Bishop of Clonfert and Kilmacduagh.
- 1804 Lord Rd. Tottenham Loftus, Bishop of Kilaloe and Kilfenora.
- 1804 Lord George John Beresford, Bishop of Cork and Ross.
- 1805 Bishop of Raphoe.
- 1806 John Kearney, Bishop of Ossory.
- 1806 Charles M. Warburton, Bishop of Limerick, Ardfer, and Aghadoe.

PEERESSES.—10.

- 1785 Anne Catharine Vane, Countess of Antrim.
 1793 Alicia Howard, Countess of Wicklow. Dead.
 1767 Margaretta Foster, Viscountess Ferrard.
 1803 Charlotte Newcomen, Viscountess Newcomen.
 1792 Mary Verney, Baroness Fermanagh.
 1792 Sarah Cavendish, Baroness Waterpark.
 1797 Grace Toler, Baroness Norwood.
 1797 Anne Crofton, Baroness Crofton.
 1800 Dorcas Blackwood, Baroness Dufferin and Clane-
 boye. Dead.
 1800 Mary Elizabeth Granville Nugent Temple, Baro-
 ness Nugent.

RECAPITULATION.

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BY the Articles of Union between Great Britain and Ireland, it was settled, that the Peerage of Ireland should be represented in Parliament by 28 Temporal Peers, to be elected by such Peers of Ireland as sat and voted in the Parliament of Ireland, when the Union was decreed : these Peers to be elected for life, and on a vacancy by the death of any Peer so elected, his place should be supplied by a Peer elected and chosen by the Peers of Ireland, who sat and voted in the said Parliament, or the successors to their Titles. Four Spiritual Peers of Ireland were also to have seats in the House of Peers of Great Britain and Ireland ; these were to be chosen by Rotation from the Spiritual Peers of Ireland, viz. four annually during the Continuation of the Parliament.

The following is the Order published by Authority in the London Gazette of Saturday, May 23, 1807, for the Election of an Irish Peer to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the room of the Earl of Rosse, deceased.

IN pursuance of an Act, passed in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, " An Act to

“ regulate the Mode by which the Lords Spiritual and
“ Temporal, and the Commons, to serve in the Par-
“ liament of the United Kingdom on the part of Ire-
“ land, shall be summoned and returned to the said
“ Parliament ;” I do hereby give Notice, that Writs,
bearing Teste this Day, have issued for electing a Peer
of Ireland, to succeed to the Vacancy made by the
Demise of the Right Honourable Laurence, Earl of
Rosse, in the House of Lords of the United Kingdom,
which Writs are severally directed to the following
Peers, being the Peers now living who sat and voted
in the House of Lords of Ireland before the Union ;
and the Peers whose Right to vote on the Election of
Temporal Peers of Ireland hath, on Claims made in
their Behalf, been admitted since the Union by the
House of Lords of the United Kingdom, and that the
said Writs are ready to be delivered at this Office.

Charles, Marquis of Drogheda.
Richard, Marquis Wellesley.
Murrough, Marquis of Thomond.
Thomas, Marquis of Headfort.
John Denis, Marquis of Sligo.
Waller, Earl of Ormond and Ossory.
John Thomas, Earl of Clanricarde.
Edmond, Earl of Cork and Orrery.
George Frederick, Earl of Westmeath.
Patrick, Earl of Roscommon.
John, Earl of Meath.
Henry, Earl of Barrymore.
Richard, Earl of Cavan.
George, Earl of Granard.
Frederick Christian, Earl of Athlone.
William Wentworth, Earl Fitzwilliam.
Francis Thomas, Earl of Kerry.
John, Earl of Darnley.
Frederick, Earl of Besborough.
Henry Thomas, Earl of Carrick.

Richard

Richard, Earl of Shannon.
 George, Earl of Belvedere.
 James, Earl Fife.
 Francis Rawdon, Earl of Moira.
 Arthur Saunders, Earl of Arran.
 James, Earl of Courtown.
 Francis William, Earl of Charlemont.
 George, Earl of Kingston.
 Robert, Earl of Roden.
 George Grenville Nugent, Earl Nugent.
 John, Earl of Glandore.
 John, Earl of Aldborough.
 Stephen, Earl of Mount Cashell.
 Thomas, Earl of Longford.
 John James, Earl of Farnham.
 Henry Lawes, Earl Carhampton.
 John, Earl of Mayo.
 John Willoughby, Earl of Enniskillen.
 John, Earl of Erne.
 John Joshua, Earl of Carysfort.
 Edmond, Earl of Kilkenny.
 Arthur, Earl of Mountnorris.
 Richard, Earl of Lucan.
 Robert, Earl of Londonderry.
 Somerset Lowry, Earl Belmore.
 Henry, Earl Conyngham.
 Charles Henry St John, Earl O'Neil.
 Francis, Earl of Bandon.
 Andrew Thomas, Earl of Castlestewart.
 Richard, Earl of Donoughmore.
 Dupre, Earl of Caledon.
 Edmond Henry, Earl of Limerick.
 Charles, Earl of Normanton.
 Charles William, Earl of Charleville.
 Charles, Viscount Dillon.
 Thomas, Viscount Ranelagh.
 Richard, Viscount Fitzwilliam.
 John Christopher, Viscount Downe.

John James, Viscount Strabane.
 Robert, Viscount Molesworth.
 Richard, Viscount Chetwynd.
 George, Viscount Middleton.
 Gustavus, Viscount Boyne.
 Joshua, Viscount Allen.
 Henry, Viscount Palmerston.
 Richard, Viscount Powerscourt.
 William, Viscount Ashbrook.
 Arthur, Viscount Dungannon.
 James, Viscount Lifford.
 Henry Welbore, Viscount Clifden.
 Thomas, Viscount Cremorne.
 Robert, Viscount Wicklow.
 Hayes, Viscount Doneraile.
 Thomas, Viscount Northland.
 Henry, Viscount Harberton.
 Hugh, Viscount Carleton.
 Richard, Viscount Longueville.
 Richard, Viscount Bantry.
 John, Viscount Kilwarden.
 John Henry, Viscount Templeton.
 Cornelius, Viscount Lismore.
 Robert, Viscount Lorton.
 John, Baron Kinsale.
 Randal, Baron Dunsany.
 Thomas, Baron Louth.
 Richard, Baron Cahir.
 Andrew Thomas, Baron Blaney.
 Francis Seymour, Baron Conway and Killallagh.
 Mathew, Baron Aylmer.
 Charles George, Baron Arden.
 Hugh, Baron Massey.
 Robert Tilson, Baron Muskerry.
 John Baker, Baron Sheffield.
 William, Baron Riversdale.
 Richard, Baron Sunderlin.
 James Caulfield, Baron Kilmaine,

George

George, Baron Callan.
 Luke, Baron Clonbrock.
 Warner William, Baron Rossmore.
 William, Baron Hotham.
 James, Baron Trawley.
 Charles Henry, Baron Castlecoote.
 Clotworthy, Baron Langford.
 John, Baron de Blaquiere.
 Lodge, Baron Frankfort.
 Richard, Baron Adare.
 Thomas, Baron Ventry.
 William, Baron Ennismore.
 Henry, Baron Mount Sandford.
 Henry, Baron Donalley.
 John, Baron Tara.
 Maurice, Baron Hartland.
 Frederick, Baron Ashtown.

JOHN BOURCHIER, Deputy Clerk of
 the Crown in Ireland.

Crown and Hanaper-Office, }
 May 1, 1807.

A LIST
OF
THE PEERS OF IRELAND

ELECTED FOR LIFE,

*To represent the Peerage of Ireland in the Parliament
of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,
January 22, 1801.*

Thomas Taylor, Marquis of Headfort.
John Dennis Browne, Marquis of Sligo. *
John Thomas de Burgh, Earl of Clanricarde.
George Frederick Nugent, Earl of Westmeath.
Robert Jocelyn, Earl of Roden.
John Crosbie, Earl of Glandore.
Thomas Pakenham, Earl of Longford.
John Creighton, Earl of Erne.
Otway Cuffe, Earl of Desart. Died in 1804.
Robert Clements, Earl of Leitrim. Died in 1804.

Richard

* On February 20, 1806, the Marquis of Sligo was created a Peer of Great Britain, by the title of Baron Monteagle of Westport in the county of Mayo, but no order was issued for the election of a Peer of Ireland in his place.

Richard Bingham, Earl of Lucan.
 Robert Stewart, Earl of Londonderry.
 Henry Conyngham, Earl Conyngham.
 Francis Mathew, Earl of Landaff. Died in 1806.
 Charles H. St John O'Neil, Earl O'Neil.
 Francis Bernard, Earl of Bandon.
 Richard Hely Hutchinson, Earl of Donoghmore.
 Robert Howard, Visc. Wicklow, (now Earl of Wicklow).
 Thomas Knox, Viscount Northland.
 Hugh Carleton, Viscount Carleton.
 Edmund Henry Pery, Viscount Limerick. †
 Charles Agar, (Archbishop of Cashell), Visct. Somerton,
 (now Earl of Normanton).
 Richard Longfield, Viscount Longueville.
 Richard Butler, Lord Cahir.
 George Agar, Lord Callan.
 Robert Cunningham, Lord Rossmore. Died in 1801.
 James Cuffe, Lord Tyrawly.

Returned for the deceased Peers.

John Willoughby, Earl of Enniskillen, *vice* Robert Clements, Earl of Leitrim, deceased.
 Dupre, Earl of Caledon, *vice* Otway Cuffe, Earl of Desart, deceased.
 Francis William, Earl of Charlemont, *vice* Francis Mathew, Earl of Landaff, deceased.
 Charles William Bury, Viscount Charleville, *vice* Robert Cunningham, Lord Rossmore, deceased.

† In January 1803, he was created Earl of Limerick.

SPIRITUAL PEERS

For the 1st Session of the Imperial Parliament.

Archbishop of Tuam.

Bishop of Meath.

Bishop of Derry.

Bishop of Kildare.

Second Session.

The Archbishop of Armagh.

The Bishop of Londonderry.

The Bishop of Kildare.

The Bishop of Meath.

N. B. The Ecclesiastic Peers represent their brethren by turns.

ABSTRACT

ABSTRACT

OF

THE LAWS OF ELECTION.

Issuing Writs under a General Election.

UPON summoning a New Parliament, a Warrant signed by the King, with the advice of the Privy Council, is issued to the Lord Chancellor, commanding him to issue under the Great Seal, so many Writs as have been usual and customary for the purpose of calling a New Parliament. Such Writs are accordingly made out by the Clerk of the Crown.

Acts 7th and 8th of William III. Cap. 25. § 1.

Upon calling of every New Parliament, there shall be 40 days between the *Teste* and *Return* of the Writ, and the Lord Chancellor shall issue Writs with all possible expedition, as well in calling a New Parliament, as in supplying any Vacancy, and such Writs shall be issued to the proper Officer.

Issuing Writs on a Vacancy, during sitting.

By Resolution of the House, 18th March 1580-1, no Writ to be issued during sitting, but under Warrant from the House, first directed to the Clerk of the Crown.

Issuing

*Issuing Writs on a Vacancy, during a Recess.**Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 2.*

The Speaker is to issue his Warrant during a Recess, for making out Writs for electing Members to serve in the room of those who shall die or become Peers of Great Britain, upon receiving Notice by Certificate under the hands of two Members, of the death of such Member, or that a Writ of Summons has been issued under the Great Seal.

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 3.

The Speaker, upon receiving such Certificate, shall forthwith cause Notice to be inserted in the Gazette, and shall not issue his Warrant until *fourteen days* after such insertion.

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 4.

The Speaker is not by the preceding clause authorised to issue his Warrant for the election of a new Member, unless the return of the Writ shall have been brought into the Office of the Clerk of the Crown at least *fifteen days* before the end of the last sitting of the House immediately preceding the time of application for such Warrant, nor unless such application shall be made so long before the then next meeting of the House for the dispatch of business, as that the Writ for the Election may be issued before the day of such next meeting of the House, nor in case such application be made with respect to any seat vacated by either of the methods before-mentioned, by any Member against whose Election a Petition was depending at the time of the last Prorogation of Parliament, or Adjournment of the House.

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 5.

To guard against inconvenience or delay occurring by the death or absence of the Speaker, it is provided, that every Speaker of the House of Commons shall, within a convenient time after having been in office, at the beginning of every Parliament, by a written instrument under his hand and seal, nominate and appoint a certain number of persons, *not more than seven, nor less than three* Members of the House, authorising them, or any one of them, to execute the powers given to the Speaker for issuing such Warrants, subject nevertheless to such regulations and exceptions above-mentioned:—such instrument of appointment to remain in full force, notwithstanding the death or absence of the Speaker, until the Dissolution of that Parliament in which it shall have been made.

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 6.

When such number as above-appointed shall be reduced to less than three, the Speaker is to make a new appointment in the manner before directed.

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 7.

Every such appointment shall be entered in the Journals of the House, and be once published in the London Gazette: the instruments of appointment shall be preserved by the Clerk of the House of Commons, and a Duplicate filed at the Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 8.

No persons so appointed shall be authorised to act, unless there be no Speaker of the House, or such Speaker be absent, nor any longer than such persons shall be Members of the House.

Act

Act 24th Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 9.

The Publisher of the Gazette shall give receipts for Notices, specifying the day and hour when the same were received ; and in case of more than one Notice for the same Election, the Notice first received shall only be inserted.

FREEDOM OF ELECTIONS.

Act 3d Edw. I. Cap. 5.

Because Elections ought to be free, the King commandeth upon great Forfeiture, that no man by force of arms, nor by malice, or menacing, shall disturb any to make Free Election.

Act 1st William and Mary, Sess. 2. Cap. 2.

By the Declaration of Rights, " All Elections of Members of Parliament ought to be Free."

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 30.

" By the antient common Laws of the Land all Elections ought to be Free," and forasmuch as the Freedom of Elections of Members to serve in Parliament is of the utmost consequence to the preservation of the Rights and Liberties of this Kingdom, an infringement of that Freedom by violence voids the Election.

Act 8th Geo. II. Cap. 30. § 1.

As often as there shall be an Election of any Scots Peer or Mem-

Members to serve in Parliament, the Secretary at War shall send proper orders in writing for the removing of Soldiers to the distance of two or more miles from the place of Election, who shall not make any nearer approach to such place, until one day, at the least, after the Poll shall be ended, and the Poll-books closed. Any Secretary at War, or person officiating as such, violating this clause, to be discharged from Office, and rendered incapable of holding any Office under Government.

Act 8th Geo. II. Cap. 30. § 3.

This Act not to extend to Westminster or Southwark, in respect of the Guards of his Majesty, nor any place where the Royal Family shall happen to be or reside, nor to any Castle or fortified Place, where any garrison is usually kept, in respect of such number of Soldiers only whereof such Garrison is composed.

Act 8th Geo. II. Cap. 30. § 4.

Nor to any Officer having a right to vote at such Election.

Act 32d Geo. II. Cap. 30. § 5.

The Secretary at War shall not be liable to such Forfeiture or incapacity for not sending such orders for the removal of Soldiers, in case of a vacancy, unless Notice of the Writ be given by the Clerk of the Crown.

Persons prohibited from interfering at Elections.

By a Resolution of the House, passed at the commencement of every Session, "It is a high infringement of the liberties and privileges of the Commons, for any Lord of Parliament, or any Lord Lieutenant of any County, to concern themselves in the Election of Members of Parliament."

By

By another Resolution 17, Journ. 507, "It is highly criminal in any Minister or Servant under the Crown, directly or indirectly to use the Powers of Office in the Election of Representatives to serve in Parliament; and an attempt of such influence will at all times be represented by this House, as aimed at its own Honour, Dignity, and Independence, as an Infringement of the dearest Rights of every Subject throughout the Empire, and tending to sap the Basis of this free and happy Constitution."

By another Resolution also, 9, Journ. 191, "The sending of Warrants, or Letters in the nature of Warrants, or Letters to High Constables, or Constables or other Officers, to be communicated to Freeholders or other Electors, when a Knight of the Shire or other Member is to be chosen to serve in Parliament, or threatening the Electors, is unparliamentary, and a violation of the Right of Election.

Officers of Excise and Customs.

Act 5th William and Mary, Cap. 20. § 48.

No Collector, Supervisor, Gauger, or other Officer or Person whatsoever, concerned or employed in the charging, collecting, levying, or managing the Duties of Excise, or any branch or part thereof, shall by Word, Message, or Writing, or in any other manner whatsoever, endeavour to persuade any Elector to give, or dissuade any Elector from giving his Vote for the choice of any Member to serve in Parliament, under Penalty of L.100. and incapacity of serving in any Office of Trust or Profit.

By the 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 10. § 91; the 9th Anne, Cap. 10. § 44; 9th Anne, Cap. 11. § 49; and 10th Anne, Cap. 19. § 182. Officers of the Post Office; Officers or Persons concerned in collecting or managing any of the Duties upon Soap, Paper, Candles, Hides, Skins, Tanned Vellum, &c. are prohibited from interfering at Elections, under the penalties and disabilities of the preceding Act.

ELEC-

ELECTIONS FOR COUNTIES.

Issuing Precepts.

Act 23 Henry VI. Cap. 14.

Every Sheriff, after receipt of the Writ, shall issue a Precept under his Seal to every Mayor and Bailiff of the Cities and Boroughs within his County, reciting the Writ, and commanding them to choose by Citizens or Burgesses, as the case may be, for any City or Borough, to come to Parliament.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 14.

The Writs shall be delivered to the proper Officer only, and the Returning Officer is to indorse on the Writ the day he receives it, and make out the Precepts, and *within three days* * after the receipt of the Writ of Election, shall cause such Precepts to be delivered to the Officer, to whom the execution of such Precept shall appertain.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 2.

No Sheriffs or other Officers, whose duty it is to execute such Writs of Election, are to take any Fee or Gratuity whatsoever for making out Receipt, Delivery, Return or Execution of any such Writ or Precept.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 3.

The County Court for the Election shall be held by the Sheriff at the usual Place, and shall proceed to Election, unless it shall fall out in *six days* after receipt of the Writ, or upon the same day, and then

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shall

* The Officer of the Cinque Ports is allowed *Six Days*.

shall adjourn the County Court to some convenient day, giving Ten Days Notice of the time and place of Election.

Elections for Counties.

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. § 10.

To prevent long Adjournments, for the purpose of delaying Elections, no Sheriff shall adjourn the County Court for longer than sixteen days.

The above Regulations have been found inconvenient.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 4.

Within two days after receipt of the Writ, Proclamation shall be made of the Election, which must begin between the 10th and 16th days of the Proclamation.

Erecting Booths.

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. § 7.

Booths are to be erected at the expence of the Candidates, proportioned to the Hundreds, &c. within the respective counties, not exceeding 15 in number, to each of which is to be affixed the name of the Hundred for which such Booth is assigned; and the Sheriff shall also appoint proper Clerks at each Booth for polling, at the expence of the Candidates, to be paid not exceeding One Guinea per day each Clerk; and also a List of Towns, Parishes, Hamlets, &c. for which such Booth is allotted, and deliver a true copy thereof to any of the Candidates, or their Agents, requesting the same, taking for each such Copy Two Shillings, and no more.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 6.

If any of the Candidates shall, three Days at least before any Election

lection, give Notice in Writing to the Returning Officer to provide proper places for administering the Oaths, Declarations, and Affirmations, viz. Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, and Abjuration, &c. to the Electors; such proper Places shall be provided by the returning Officers; the Expences to be paid by the Candidates in equal proportions.

PROCEEDINGS AT ELECTIONS.

Act 23d Henry VI. Cap. 14.

The Sheriff is directed, upon the Day appointed for Election, to proceed in his full County, betwixt the hours of 8 in the morning and 11 before noon, without Collusion in this behalf, under penalty of L.100 to the King, and another L.100 to the Informer, provided such Suit be commenced within three Months after the Parliament begins.

Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24.

The proceedings commence by proclaiming Silence, and then reading the Writ of Summons, immediately after which the Sheriff is to read, or cause to be read, the whole of Act 2d. Geo. II. Cap. 24. intituled, "An Act for the more effectually preventing Bribery and Corruption."—By the 3d Section of this Act, the Sheriff is required, immediately after reading the Writ, to take an Oath*, according to the form therein prescribed.

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* The substance of this Oath is, that the Sheriff hath not, directly or indirectly, received any Reward, Gratuity, &c. or promise of any such, for making any Return at the Election, and that he will return such Persons as shall, to the best of his judgment, appear to have a Majority of legal Votes:

The above Oaths to be administered by any Justice or Justices of the County, &c. where such Election shall be made, or in their absence, by any three of the Electors; and such Oaths, when so taken, shall be entered on the Records of the Sessions of such County, City, or Borough. After these preliminaries, the Electors proceed to the Election of the Candidates, which is decided either by *the View*, *the Poll*, or *the Scrutiny*.

Election by the View.

In the first Case, the determination is either by Voices, or shew of Hands, or collecting the Friends of the respective Candidates into separate bodies, or in such other mode as has been customary upon such occasions; the most usual way, however, is by the Voices of the Electors calling out the names of their favourite Candidates.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 3.

Where such Election is however not determined by *the View*, but a Poll shall be *required*; the Sheriff, Under-Sheriff, or such others as shall be by him deputed, *shall forthwith* there proceed to take the Poll in some public Place appointed for that purpose.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73.

In consequence of the great delays arising from the time and place where the Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, &c. were usually administered to the Electors, the following enactments have been made, viz.

The Returning Officer, on request of the Candidates, shall appoint persons to administer the Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, Declaration of Fidelity, Oath of Abjuration, and Declaration or Affirmation of the effect thereof now required, who shall have full Power

to

to administer the said Oaths, and who shall themselves take an Oath* according to the form prescribed in the Act.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 2.

Electors are to apply to such Persons so appointed, before voting, who shall administer the Oaths of Allegiance, Supremacy, &c. and give Certificates thereof; such Certificates to contain the *Name, Addition, and Place of Abode*, of the Person to whom the same shall be so given; the Oath or Affirmation, if a Quaker, to be in the form prescribed by the Act†, and every such Person, upon producing his Certificate to the Returning Officers, shall be permitted to poll.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 3.

Persons offering to vote without producing the Certificate, shall immediately withdraw, and take the said Oaths before they shall be permitted to be sworn.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 4.

Where the Number appointed to administer such Oaths shall be insufficient, more may be appointed.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 5.

Returning Officers are to appoint Places for taking the above Oaths, &c. where free access may be had, without interrupting the Poll, and provide a sufficient number of printed Forms, with Blanks to be filled up, and printed Certificates, and deliver the same to each Elector, taking or subscribing the same.

N 3

If

* This Oath is, that they will faithfully administer such Oaths of Allegiance, &c. to every person who shall lawfully apply to qualify themselves, and give them a Certificate thereof according to the form prescribed by the Act.

† This form is simply that the Person, (Name, Residence, and Additions), *hath taken the Oath*, (or if a Quaker,) *has made and subscribed the Declaration of Fidelity and affirmed the effect of the Oath of Abjuration.*

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 6.

If any of the Candidates, *three Days at least before any such Election*, shall give Notice in Writing to the Returning Officers, to provide proper places for administering such Oaths, &c. such places are to be prepared before the Day of Election. Expences to be defrayed by the Candidates.

*Commencement of the Poll;**Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 1.*

Every Poll within England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, shall commence *on the Day* upon which it shall be demanded, or upon the next Day at farthest, (unless such day shall be Sunday, and then on the Day after), and shall be duly and regularly proceeded in from Day to Day, (Sundays excepted), until the same be finished, but not to continue more than 15 Days; and if such Poll shall continue until the 15th Day, then the same shall be finally closed, at or before the hour of 3 in the afternoon of the same day.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 3.

The said Poll, unless prevented by any unavoidable Accident, shall be kept open for *seven hours* in each day, between 8 in the Morning and 8 at Night.*

Act 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 5. 10.

The Sheriff, or his Under-Sheriff, shall not adjourn the Place of Polling, unless with the consent of the Candidates, unless, as before stated in the case of Winchester, from thence to the Isle of Wight.

Re-

* By the 16th Section an exception is made of Winchester, where, when the Poll closes, which must be within the 15 Days, the Sheriff of Southampton may adjourn the Poll to Newport, in the Isle of Wight, if required, and there commence in 4 Days, and not continue longer than 3 Days.

Regulation of Poll Clerks.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 3.

The Sheriff, or his Deputy, shall appoint such number of Clerks as he shall deem convenient for taking the said Poll, who shall take such Poll in presence of the said Sheriff, and shall be previously sworn, truly and indifferently to take the Poll, and set down the Name of each Freeholder, and for whom he polls; and the Sheriff shall also appoint such persons as shall be nominated to him by each Candidate, to be Inspector of every Clerk, who shall be appointed to take the Poll.

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. § 9.

The Sheriff, &c. shall allow a Cheque Book for every Poll Book for each Candidate, to be kept by their respective Inspectors, at every Place where the Poll for such Election shall be taken or carried on.

Act 10th Anne, Cap. 23. § 6. 8.

By the Act for the more effectually preventing fraudulent Conveyances, in order to multiply Votes for Knights of the Shire, not only the Place of the Elector's Freehold shall be entered, but also the Place of his Abode, as he shall declare the same at the time of giving his vote, and shall enter *Jurat*, against the Name, or if a Quaker, *Affirmat*.

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. § 8.

Voting at each Booth shall be regulated by the List, and Freeholders shall not vote for any Lands or Tenements lying in Places not mentioned therein.

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. § 1.

Every Freeholder, before he shall be admitted to poll, shall, if required, take the following Oath, or if a Quaker, Affirmation, viz.

You shall swear that you are a Freeholder in the County of —, and have a Freehold Estate, consisting of —, lying and being at —, in the County of —, of the clear yearly Value of 40s. over and above all Rents and Charges payable out of, or in respect of the same; and that you have been in actual possession or receipt of the Rents and Profits thereof, for your own Use, above 12 Calendar Months*, or that the same came to you within the time aforesaid, by Descent, Marriage, Settlement, Devise, or Promotion to a Benefice in a Church, or by Promotion to an Office; and that such Freehold Estate has not been granted or made to you fraudulently, on purpose to qualify you to give your Vote; and that the Place of your Abode is at —, in —, and that you are 21 years of Age, as you believe, and that you have not been polled before at this Election.†

Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 1.

Every Voter also, previous to giving his Vote, shall, if required, take the Bribery Oath, (or Affirmation), the substance of which is, that he hath received neither directly nor indirectly, any Reward, Emolument, or Promise to that effect,

Acts 7th and 8th of William III. Cap. 27. § 19. and 6th Anne, Cap. 23. § 13.

No Person refusing to take the Oaths directed by Act 1st William
and

* The obvious construction of this computation is from the Day when the Voter takes the Oath, and gives his Vote. 3 Doug. 234.

† Persons committing, or suborning others to commit wilful Perjury, incur the Pains and Penalties inflicted by Act 5th Eliz. Cap. 9.; and 2d Geo. II. Cap. 25.

and Mary, St. 1. Cap. 8. (the Oaths of Allegiance and Fidelity, or being Quakers, refusing to subscribe the Declaration of Fidelity directed by Act 1st, William and Mary, St. 1. Cap. 18.—nor the Oath of Abjuration directed by the Act 1st William and Mary, St. 1. Cap. 18.) shall be admitted to vote for the Election of any Member of Parliament.

Of a Scrutiny.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 2.

The Returning Officer shall immediately, or on the day next after the final close of the Poll, truly, fairly, and publicly make a Return of such Persons who have a Majority of Votes, unless such Returning Officer, upon a Scrutiny being demanded by any Candidate, or *any two or more* Electors, shall *deem it necessary* to grant the same, in which case the objections on the Votes given for the different Candidates, shall be decided alternately.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 6.

The Returning Officer shall forthwith deliver to every Person demanding the same, a copy of the Poll taken at such Election, paying only a reasonable charge for writing the same, under the penalty of *L.500* to the party aggrieved.

Act 10th Anne, Cap. 23. § 5.

Poll-Books shall be delivered upon Oath to the Clerk of the Peace, and kept among the Records of the Sessions.

Of the Return.

Act 7th Henry IV. Cap. 15.

The Names of the Persons chosen shall be written in an Indenture
under

under the Seals of those by whom they are chosen, and tacked to the Writ, which shall be deemed the Sheriff's Return of such Writ.

Act 7th Henry VI. Cap. 7.

Returns shall be by the Indentures *sealed* between the Sheriff and the Electors.

Acts 10th and 11th William III. Cap. 7.

For preventing Abuses in the Returns of Writs of Summons, the Returning Officer shall within fourteen Days *next following* make Return to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, paying the ancient Fees, viz. Four Shillings for every Knight of the Shire, and Two Shillings for every Citizen, Burgess, or Baron of the Cinque-Ports.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 1.

Returns shall be made truly, fairly, and publicly, at the final close of the Poll, or the Day after, unless a Scrutiny be demanded. The Officer having the Return of the Writ shall cause Returns *to be filed* before the Writ is returnable, and other Returning Officers are to make their Returns in six Days.

Penalties for False Returns.

Act 5th Richard II. St. 2. Cap. 4.

These are inflicted by various Statutes, viz.

Sheriffs neglecting or omitting to make Returns, shall be amerced.

Act 11th Henry IV. Cap. 1.

If found on Inquest that the Sheriff hath made false Returns, contrary to Act 7th Hen. IV. he shall forfeit £.100, and the Knights so
falsely

falsely returned shall lose their wages, viz. Four Shillings per Day for each Knight of the Shire, and Two Shillings per Day for each Citizen and Burgess.

Act 6th Henry VI. Cap. 4.

But Knights chosen for the Parliament, and the Sheriffs of Counties, may have their Traverse of an Office found against them.

Act 8th Henry VI. Cap. 7.

Justices of Assize are to enquire of the Returning Knights to Parliament, and if the inquest be found, and the Sheriff be duly attainted, he shall forfeit *L.*100, and one Year's Imprisonment, without Bail or Mainprize, and the Knights by him so unduly returned shall lose their wages.

Act 23d Henry VI. Cap. 14.

Sheriffs making undue Returns shall incur the above Penalty, and moreover forfeit to every Person so chosen and not duly returned, or to any other Person suing for the same, *L.*100 with costs, to be recovered by Action of Debt.

Acts 10th and 11th William III. Cap. 7.

Sheriffs not making Returns shall forfeit *L.*500.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 14.

Returning Officers may be sued for neglecting to return Persons elected, who shall also recover double Damages, with full Costs.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 15.

But Actions shall be commenced within *one Year* after the Offence, or *six Months* after conclusion of Proceedings in the House.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 7.

False Returns are prohibited, and any Returns contrary to the last Decision of the House of Commons*, shall be deemed false Returns.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 7. § 2. 3.

Parties aggrieved by false or double Returns, may sue in any Court at Westminster, and shall recover double Damages.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 7. § 4.

All Contracts made to procure false Returns shall be void, and the Parties shall be subject to a Penalty of *L.300*, one third to the King, another third to the Poor, and one third to the Informer.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 7. § 5.

The Clerk of the Crown to enter every Return and Amendment in a Book to be kept for that purpose. All Persons shall have access to the Book, which, or a copy thereof, may be given in evidence. Such Clerk not entering Returns in six Days after receipt, making any alterations, or omitting to perform his duty, shall forfeit *L.500*, and lose his Office.

By Section 6th of this Act the Information shall be within two Years.

of

* By Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 4. such Votes are to be deemed legal, which have been so declared by the last Determination of the House of Commons, which to all intents and purposes shall be deemed final.

Of Amending Returns.

Returns were formerly amended by the Returning Officers; but by a Resolution, April 12, 1690, 10th Journal 377, they can only be amended *by the House*, for which purpose, when necessary, the Clerk of the Crown attends with his Book, and amends it in the House, by erasing the Names, or in case of a double Return, taking the void one off the file, and letting the other remain.

ELECTIONS FOR CITIES, TOWNS, BOROUGHES,
AND CINQUE-PORTS.

*Duty of Returning Officers on Receipt of Writ or Precept
previous to the Election.*

Act 19th Geo. II. Cap. 28. § 7.

Sheriffs of Cities and Towns, being Counties of themselves, and having a Right to elect Members of Parliament by virtue of a Writ without any Precept, are to proceed to Election *within three Days*, giving *three Days Notice*.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 1. and 33d Geo. III. Cap. 64.

Returning Officers of Boroughs, &c. are to indorse the Day of the receipt

receipt of the Precept, and give four Days * Notice at the usual Place, within the Hours of Eight in the Forenoon, and Four in the Afternoon, from the 25th of October to the 25th of March inclusive, and within the Hours of Eight in the Forenoon, and Six in the Afternoon, from the 25th March to the 25th October inclusive : Notices otherwise published to be deemed invalid.

Providing Places for administering the Oaths of Allegiance, &c. and Proceedings at the Elections, viz. taking the Poll, appointing Poll-Clerks, administering Oaths, &c. &c. are the same as these for Counties, and are regulated by Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 73. § 6.—(*Which see.*)

ELECTORS IN GENERAL.

Of Persons Disqualified—of Votes thrown away from Candidates being Ineligible.

Minors, by Act 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 3. § 25. *Women*, *Aliens* born, by Resolution of the House in 1698, *Persons deaf, dumb, and blind*, *Lunatics*, *Peers*, *Papists*, *Outlaws*, *Persons Excommunicated*, *Felons*, *Persons convicted of Bribery, Perjury, or Subornation of Perjury*, by Act 62d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 7. *Persons receiving Alms, Alms-men, Charities*, in some cases, in others not. By Act 22d Geo. III. Cap. 41. Commissioners or Officers employed in collecting and managing the Duties of Excise or Customs, are disqualified from voting, under Penalty of their Offices becoming void—incapability of executing any Office of Trust under the King, and

* Notice on the 27th for the 30th, not good Notice, and Election void.—Case of *Scaford* 1785.

and Forfeiture of *L.100.*—By Sections 2. 3. 4. 5. this Act not to extend to Commissioners of the Land Tax, or Persons acting under them—nor to Offices held by Letters Patent for any Estate of Inheritance—and Prosecutions shall be commenced within twelve Months after forfeiture incurred. Officers of Excise, Distributors or Sub-distributors of Stamps, Collectors of Duties, or Persons employed in receiving them on Houses and Windows, Postmasters, Postmasters-General, or their Deputies, or any Persons employed by them in receiving, collecting, or managing the Revenue of the Post-Office.

ELECTORS FOR COUNTIES.

Qualifications.

Act 8th Henry VI. Cap. 7.

Knights of Shires shall be chosen of every County in England by people *dwelling and resident in the same Counties* *, whereof every one of them shall have *free Land*, or Tenement of the value of Forty Shillings by the Year at least, above all Charges.

Act 10th Henry VI. Cap. 2.

Every Man shall have *Freehold* to the value of Forty Shillings by the Year at the least, above all Charges, *within the same County*, where every such Chooser will meddle of any such Election.

Act 11

* Repealed by Act 14th Geo. III. Cap. 58.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 7.

No Persons shall be allowed to vote by reason of any Trust Estate or Mortgage, unless such Trustee or Mortgagee be in actual possession or receipt of the Rents and Profits of the same Estate ; but the Mortgager, or *Cestui-que* Trust shall vote for such Estate.

Act 31st Geo. II. Cap. 14. § 1.

No Persons holding their Estate by copy of Court Roll, shall be entitled to vote, under forfeiture of L.50.

Customary Freehold.

Corporations Sole have a Right to vote for Lands, which they hold in their Corporate Capacity, *i. e.* to them and their Successors—(Heyne on 6. *El.* 72.) as have also Corporations Aggregate, as the Mayor and Commonalty of a City, the Head and Fellows of a College, the Dean and Chapter of a Cathedral Church ; but the *individual Members* of these Corporations are not allowed to vote.

Dissenting Ministers not entitled to vote ; Schoolmasters may vote in particular cases.

*Mode of ascertaining the Value of the Estate.**Act 10th Anne, Cap. 23. § 2.*

No Person to vote for a Knight of the Shire, in right of Lands which have not been charged to Public Taxes, Church Rates, and Parish Dues, &c. and for which such Person has not received the Rents for one Year before, unless such Lands came to him by Descent.

Persons voting contrary to this Act liable to a Penalty of L.40.

Act

Act 12th Anne, St. 1. § 5.

This Act not to restrain any Person from voting in respect of any Rents, &c. or Chambers in Inns of Court, in regard of their not being charged to Public Taxes, &c. provided that they have been assessed as other Messuages of Forty Shillings per Annum in the same Parish.

Of Fraudulent and Occasional Votes.

For preventing fraudulent and occasional Votes, it is enacted as follows, viz.

Acts 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. § 7.

All Conveyances of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in order to multiply Voices, or to split and divide the interest in any Houses or Lands among several Persons, to enable them to vote at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, are hereby declared void and of none effect, and that no more than one single Voice shall be admitted to one and the same House or Tenement.

The preceding Statute of William being found ineffectual to remedy the scandalous and fraudulent Practices used to create and multiply Votes, it was enacted as follows :

Act 10th Anne, Cap. 23. § 1.

All Conveyances fraudulently made to qualify any Person to vote, subject to conditions to defeat the same, shall be discharged of such condition, and be holden and enjoyed by every such Person to whom such Conveyance shall be made, freely and absolutely acquitted from all trusts, conditions, &c. and all bonds given for defeating such Estate, shall be void, and all Persons making such Conveyances, or voting in favour thereof, shall be void.

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18.

No Person shall vote in any such (County) Election, for any Freehold, without having been in the actual possession, or in the receipt of the Rents and Profits thereof, for his own use, *above Twelve Calendar Months*, unless the same came to him within the time aforesaid by Descent, Marriage, Marriage Settlement, Devise, Promotion to any Benefice in a Church, or by Promotion to an Office; or shall vote in consequence of any fraudulent Grant; or who shall vote more than once at the same Election.

Voting contrary to this Act incurs a Penalty of *L.40.*

Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. § 3.

No Freeholder shall be permitted to vote at County Elections, in Right of any Tenements, which have not been charged or assessed towards the Land Tax within *Twelve* (by Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. reduced to *Six*) Calendar Months next, before such Election.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 7.

This Act contains an exception for voting in Right of Inns of Court, Chancery, or Messuages, or Seats belonging to Offices, not usually charged to the Land Tax; and enacts, that all Duplicates of the Land Tax Assessments, shall be kept among the records of the Session, to be inspected, or copies taken by any Person requiring the same.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 2.

No Person to vote in any County Election that has not been *Six* Months assessed to the Land Tax.

This Act not to extend to Persons entitled to such Lands or Tenements by Descent, Marriage, Marriage Settlements, Devise, Promotion

motion to any Benefice in a Church, or Promotion to an Office within Twelve Calendar Months before such Election.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 3.

Commissioners of the Land Tax are to deliver to Assessors a printed form of an Assessment, who are to make their Assessments according thereto, and a Duplicate of such Assessments shall be stuck up on the door of the Parish Church.

Qualified Persons, whose Names are omitted in Assessments, may appeal to the Commissioners, who are to amend their Assessments, where defective, and an amended Duplicate to be returned to the Assessors, and delivered to the Clerk of the Peace at the next Quarter Sessions.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 4.

Assessors and Chief Constables altering or neglecting to deliver Duplicates as above directed, shall forfeit L. 5 for each Offence.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 5.

If Clerks of the Peace shall not receive all the Duplicates before the end of Michaelmas Sessions yearly, the Court shall immediately fine the Chief Constable making default, and on failure of Payment, Fines may be levied by Distress.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 6.

In case Chief Constables make oath that Assessors neglected to deliver said Duplicates to them, then the Fines shall be levied on the said Assessors, except they deliver the Duplicates, &c. within 10 Days after Notice.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 7.

But if Assessors within the said time, shall produce to the Clerk of the Peace, the Chief Constable's Receipt, then the Fine shall be levied on said Constables.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 8.

All Fines to be paid to the Treasurer of the County.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 9.

When Assessments are not made and returned to the Clerk of the Peace, Justices may order them to be made and returned forthwith.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 10.

Persons aggrieved may apply to the Quarter Sessions, giving Ten Days Notice, and Justices may award Costs.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 11.

Persons whose Names on appeal shall appear to have been improperly left out of any Assessment, shall be deemed to have been rated therein.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 13.

Duplicates may be inspected, and the Clerk of the Peace is to deliver signed Copies of the Duplicate on demand, and being paid Sixpence for every 300 words, such Duplicates to be deemed legal Evidence.

Act

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 14.

The Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy to attend at every Election of a Knight of the Shire with original Duplicate, at the request of any Candidate; such Candidate to pay him L. 2 : 2 for every Day's Attendance, and 1s. 6d. per Mile, Travelling Charges.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 15.

After issuing any Writ for Election of a County Member, the Clerk of the Peace shall attend *gratis* from 9 to 3 each Day, where the Records of the County are usually kept, to make Copies of Duplicates, &c.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 16.

Clerks of the Peace making default in any of the above Clauses, shall forfeit L. 500 to the party aggrieved. Action to be brought within Two Months.

By the 17th, 18th, and 19th Clauses of this Act, final Judgement upon any Verdict against a Clerk of the Peace, shall be deemed a sufficient conviction: Penalties to be recovered by Action of Debt, and Prosecutions to be commenced within Twelve Calendar Months.

In consequence of some jarring Decisions, with respect to whether it was necessary that the Name of the Owner should appear upon the Rate—the following Act was passed.

This Act, after reciting Act 30th Geo. III. Cap. 35. which recites the Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 17. enacts as follows, viz.

Act 30th Geo. III. Cap. 35. § 1. 2.

Nothing in the said Acts contained shall be construed to prevent any Person from voting in respect of any Tenements charged for Six

Calendar Months next before such Election, or entitled by Descent, Marriage, Marriage Settlement, Devise, Promotion to Church Benefice, or Office, although the Name of the Tenant or Tenants actually occupying such Tenements, or the Name of the Person so claiming to vote, or that of the Person by whom such Person so claiming to vote derives his Title, or of the Predecessor of the Person so claiming to vote, shall not be inserted in the Assessment, according to the form of the Assessment to the said first recited Act annexed.*

ANNUITIES.

The following Legislative Enactments have been made with respect to Annuities, viz.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 1.

To prevent fraudulent and occasional Votes, in so far as relates to Annuity or Rent Charge, no Person may vote in Elections of Knights of the Shire, or Members for Cities and Towns, which are Counties of themselves, in Right of any Annuity or Rent Charge, granted before June 1763, unless a Certificate to be entered with the Clerk of the Peace or other proper Officer, Twelve Months before any such Election begin † : and in like manner with respect to such Qualifications as shall come by Descent, Marriage, Devise, Presentation or Promotion.

Act

* It has been held, that a Rector may vote in respect of Tithes let to the Parsonages, although he is not assessed for the same.

† This Act also prescribes the Oath to be taken : the substance of which is, that the Voter, in respect of such Annuity, is really and bona fide seized of the same to his own use, and that the Persons under whom he claims were seized of the same Annuity or Rent Charge before June 1, 1763.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 3.

Nor may any Person vote in any Election in respect of any Annuity or Rent Charge granted after June 1, 1763, unless a Memorial of the Grant be duly attested and registered as aforesaid†.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 4.

Nor may any one vote in Right of any Assignment of any Annuity or Rent Charge made before 1763, unless a Certificate of the original Annuity be entered as aforesaid; and if the Assignment be made after the said 1st of June, then a Memorial thereof, and of the Grant, to be attested and registered, as is directed in cases of original Grants.

Act 20th Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 5.

Books to be kept by the proper Officers for entering such Certificates and Memorials, and shall be allowed One Shilling and no more for the entry of every Certificate, and Two Shillings for the entry of every Memorial, and for search of every Certificate or Memorial, One Shilling; and shall furnish every Person being desirous of a Copy of the same, paying for such Copy after the rate of Sixpence for every 200 words: the Officer may administer the Oaths in the aforesaid Cases, and Copies attested by the proper Officer shall be deemed legal Evidence.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 6.

Memorials of Grants or Assignments made and executed above Forty Miles from the Office of Clerk of the Peace, &c. to be registered upon producing an Affidavit made by one of the Witnesses before one of the Judges of Westminster, by a Master in Chancery.

† This Clause also prescribes the Oaths to be taken,

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 7.

The Officer or Deputy to attend, upon reasonable Notice and Satisfaction, with the Books of Entries, at every such Election.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 8.

Officers guilty of Neglect or Misdemeanour to forfeit L.100.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 24. § 9.

Prosecutions to be commenced within Twelve Months,

ELECTORS OF CITIES, TOWNS, BOROUGHS, AND CINQUE-PORTS.

Electors as Freeholders.

The Acts 7th and 8th William III. to prevent fraudulent Votes, was a general Act, and not confined to Electors for Counties only ; but the subsequent Regulations by the Acts 10th and 12th of Anne, Cap. 23. 25. were confined to Electors for Knights of the Shire only ; it being however thought necessary that the Provisions contained in the two last mentioned Acts should be extended to Cities and Towns, Counties of themselves, wherein Persons have a Right to vote in respect of an Estate of the yearly value of Forty Shillings, Act 13th Geo. II. Cap. 20. after reciting the Act 10th of Anne, Cap. 23. St. 1. 2. (*See Supra*), and Act 12th of Anne, St. 1. Cap. 5. (the last-mentioned Act since repealed by the Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. St. 2.) enacts as follows, viz.

Act

Act 13th Geo. II. Cap. 20.

Persons voting as Freeholders, not having an Estate *One Year before Election*, shall be subject to the Penalties and Forfeitures ordained by the 10th of Anne.

But the Act 19th Geo. II. Cap. 28. § 2. after reciting the Act 10th of Anne, Cap. 23. and the Act 12th Anne, St. 1. Cap. 5.; the Act 13th Geo. II. Cap. 20. and the Act 18th Geo. II. Cap. 18. repeals so much of the Act 13th Geo. II. as extends the said Provisions to such Cities and Towns that are Counties of themselves, and exacts as follows, viz.

Act 19th Geo. II. Cap. 28. § 3.

That no Person shall vote for the Election of Members for any City or Town, being a County of itself, in respect of any Freehold, unless assessed to the Land Tax Twelve Calendar Months next before such Election: provided that nothing shall extend to any Person voting for Cities and Towns as are Counties in themselves, in Right of any Rents, Messuages, or Seats belonging to any Offices, not usually charged to the Land Tax, and the Commissioners of the Land Tax are to sign Duplicates of the Assessment, to be delivered to the Clerks of the Peace, &c. and filed amongst the Records of the Sessions, and Copies are to be given to Persons paying for them, after the rate of Sixpence for every 300 words.

Persons voting to have a Freehold Estate of Forty Shillings, and to be in possession above Twelve Calendar Months, except the same came to them within such time aforesaid by Descent, Marriage, Marriage Settlement, Devise, or Promotion; and no Person shall vote in right of any Freehold fraudulently conveyed, or vote more than once at the same Election, under Penalty of L.40.

Act

Act 19th Geo. II. Cap. 28. § 5.

No Parliamentary or Parochial Tax or Duty to be deemed any Charge payable out of or in respect of any Freehold.

Act 19th Geo. II. Cap. 28. § 13.

This Act, other than the Clauses concerning the Allowance of Cheque-Books, and the Notice of the Time and Place of Election, and proceeding to Election, shall not extend to any City or Town being a County of itself, or where the Right of voting is by Burgage tenure, or where the Right of voting in respect of such Freehold does not require the same to be of the clearly yearly value of Forty Shillings.

**ELECTORS FOR CITIES, TOWNS, BOROUGHS,
AND CINQUE PORTS.**

*Of Burgage Tenures.**Definition.*

Burgage Tenure has been defined as one undivided and indivisible Tenement, neither created, nor capable of being created within time of Memory, which has immemorially given a right of voting; or an entire indivisible Tenement, holden of the superior Lord of a Borough, by an immemorial, certain Rent distinctly reserved, to which the right of voting is incident.

Of

Of Electors as Freemen or Burgesses.

Every Person, to be entitled to vote as a Freeman or Burgess, ought to be regularly admitted, and the Entry thereof stamped as directed by Act 5th Geo. III. Cap. 46. § 1. which repeals the former Acts of 5th and 6th William and Mary, and the 9th and 10th William III. charging the Duties on the Admissions, and enacts that the following Duties * shall be paid upon the Entries, Minutes, or Memorandums of any Admission into any Corporation or Company.

Act 5th Geo. III. Cap. 46.

Officers neglecting or refusing for one month, to make such Entry, shall forfeit L.20.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15. § 1.

By Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15. (the Durham Act) no Person claiming as a Freeman, to vote at any Election, shall be permitted to give his vote, unless such Person shall have been admitted to the Freedom of such City, Town, or Borough, 12 *Calendar Months* before the first Day of such Election; but this not to extend to any Person entitled to his Freedom by Birth, Marriage, or Servitude.

Proceedings to obtain Admissions.

Act 12th Geo. III. Cap. 21. § 1.

Any Person entitled to be admitted a Citizen, Burgess, or Freeman, of any City, &c. Town Corporate, Borough, Cinque Port, &c. and

* These Duties have been increased by several subsequent Acts, which were repealed by Act 44th Geo. III. Cap. 98. for consolidating the Stamp Duties, pursuant to which the Duty upon Admission to any Corporation in England, is now L.1.—in Scotland, 19s.

and applying to the Mayor, or other proper Officer, giving him Notice, and specifying the nature of his Claim; if such Mayor or other Officer shall refuse to admit such Person, and a Mandamus shall issue for compelling his Admission, the Mayor, &c. shall pay all Costs.

Act 12th Geo. III. Cap. 21. § 2.

Freemen to be admitted to inspect the Entries of Admission, to take Copies, &c. and any Mayor or Bailiff denying inspection of such Entries, or to give Copies thereof, shall for every Refusal forfeit L. 100 to be recovered by Action of Debt, but the Action must be commenced within one Year after cause arisen.

In consequence of the Constitution of some Corporations admitting of Freemen and Burgesses being made either by purchase or favour, without any antecedent Titles, and voting for Members of Parliament, the Legislature, in some degree, to check that Privilege, which had been greatly abused in Durham, enacted by Act 3d Geo. III. therefore called the Durham Act, as follows, viz.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15 § 1. 2.

None to vote at Elections, (except persons entitled to their Freedom by Birth, Marriage, or Servitude), as Freemen, who have not been admitted 12 Months.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15. § 3.

Officers of Corporation, or other Persons wilfully antedating any Admission, to forfeit L. 500.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15. § 4.

Any Candidate, or his Agent, or any two Freemen, may inspect the Books and Papers of Admission.

The

The 5th and 6th Sections point out the mode for recovering the Penalties, and the latter enacts, that Proceedings must be commenced within one Year after the Penalties incurred.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15. § 7.

This Act shall be read by the Returning Officer at every Election, where the Right is in the whole or in part in Freemen, immediately after reading the 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24.

Act 3d Geo. III. Cap. 15. § 8.

This Act not to extend to London or Norwich.

Act 32d Geo. II. Cap. 58. § 1.

Defendants to Informations in the Nature of Quo Warranto for the Exercise of any Office or Franchise in any City, Borough, or Town Corporate, may plead the holding it for 6 Years or more.

Act 32d Geo. II. Cap. 58. § 2.

But forfeiture of Office, within 6 Years before Information, may be replied to such Plea.

Act 32d Geo. II. Cap. 58. § 3.

Titles derived under an Election, not to be affected on account of defect in the Title of the Person electing, if he was in the exercise of his Office 6 Years previous to the Information.

Act 32d Geo. II. Cap. 58. § 4.

Officers having the Custody of the Corporation Records, are to permit any Member thereof to inspect the Book of Admission of Freemen, &c. on penalty of L.100.

Of

Of Electors as Inhabitants.

These must be—1st. Inhabitants, Householders*, or—2d. Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. In some Cases, as in Peterborough, the Electors consist of both Descriptions of Persons.

To be an Inhabitant *paying Scot and Lot*, is now understood to mean a Person who is rated, and pays the Parish Taxes.

Burgesses, Commonalty, Potwallers, and Populacy.

Burgesses are defined by Whitelocke, to be the Inhabitants and Freemen of Boroughs, or Inhabitants of Towns or Boroughs, inclosed or fortified.

Commonalty, by the particular Constitution and Corporate Name of a Place, may signify a restricted Number, but its more proper and general Acceptation comprehends the whole body of the Inhabitants.

Populacy.—This Term, in the Case of Seaford, was explained by the House to mean Inhabitant Housekeepers, paying Scot and Lot; but in the Case of Honiton, 3d Feb. 1710-11, the word *Populace* is used both by the Parties and the Committee, as different from Inhabitants.

Occasionality is fatal to all Descriptions of Inhabitants.

Act

* With respect to what Persons shall be deemed Householders, it has been determined, that no Person can be deemed a Householder who does not possess the exclusive Right to the use of the outward Door of the Building, although by taking Inmates he may for a time have relinquished the Exercise of that exclusive Right; nor can a Person whose Habitation is composed of more Apartments than one, be so deemed, unless he possess the exclusive right to the use of the Staircase, Doorway, &c. The House must also be a Dwelling House, and the legal meaning of the term *Householder*, or *Inmate*, must be determined on the general Principles of the Law of the Land, and not on any thing suggested by Local Usage.

Act 26th Geo. III. Cap. 100.

Any Person voting as an Inhabitant, paying Scot and Lot, &c. who shall not have been so *six Months* previous to the Election, shall forfeit L.20, but this not to extend to Persons acquiring Possession in any Borough, by Descent, Devise, Marriage, Marriage Settlement, or Promotion to any Office or Benefice, nor to Persons claiming a Right to vote, under any other Description than Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot.

MEMBERS.

1. *Of Persons ineligible to be Members.*
2. *Of the Qualifications.*
3. *Of their Privileges.*

1. *Of Persons ineligible to be Members.*

Acts 7th and 8th of William III. Cap. 25.

Minors.—Persons under 21 Years, who shall presume to sit or vote in Parliament, shall incur such Penalties and Forfeitures, as if they had presumed to sit and vote without being chosen or returned, and every Election or Return of any Person under that age, is declared to be null and void.

Commons Journal 10th March 1623, and 18th Feb. 1625.

Aliens, by the Law of Parliament are incapable of being Members, and excluded by a Vote of the House.

Acts

Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 2.

Denizens and Naturalized Aliens.—No Person born out of England, Scotland, or Ireland, or the Dominions thereto belonging, is capable of being a Member of either House.

Act 1st Geo. I. Stat. 2. Cap. 4.

No Person naturalized before the Accession of George I. shall be incapacitated to be a Member, &c.

Act 1st Geo. I. Stat. 2. Cap. 4. § 2.

No Person to be naturalized unless in the Bill there be a disabling Clause inserted, nor any Bill to be received for that purpose without such Clause.

Papists, by 30th Car. II. Stat. 2. Cap. 1. which directs the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the Declaration against Popery.

Traitors and Felons, as being incapable to sit anywhere.

Outlaws in criminal Prosecutions, but not in civil Suits.

Idiots and Madmen, and *Deaf and Dumb*, (said to be.)

Peers and Judges, as constituting a separate Branch of the Legislature.

Clergy.

Sheriffs, Mayors, and Bailiffs of Boroughs in their respective Jurisdictions, as being Returning Officers.

A Person who is elected to serve in the House of Commons by the People, may, by the Law and Custom of Parliament, be disabled and incapable to sit as a Member, as where a Person has been guilty of any Crime which renders him infamous, and the like.

Bribery.—Persons guilty of a Breach of the Treating Act, labour under a temporary Incapacity.—(See after Bribery.)

Members on double Returns are incapable of sitting till the Returns are

are determined by a Committee, and there is a Resolution of the House to this Effect, made at the commencement of every Session.

Members who have taken their Seats are ineligible for any other Place, until they have vacated their former Seats; but Persons elected for one Place, may, before they take their Seats, be returned for any other Place, in which case, by an Order of the House, they are to make their Election by that Day three Weeks, for which of the Places they will serve, provided there be no Question upon the Return from that Place.

Act 5th William and Mary, Cap. 7.

No Members, except Commissioners of the Treasury and Land Tax, to be concerned directly or indirectly, in farming, collecting, or managing any of the Salt Duties, granted by this or any other subsequent Act relative thereto.

Acts 11th and 12th William III. Cap. 2. § 15, 152.

No Member of Parliament shall be a Commissioner or Farmer of the Excise, or a Commissioner of Appeals, or Comptroller, or Auditor of the Duty of Excise; and such person, if elected, is declared incapable of sitting in the House of Commons.

Act 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 10. § 89, 90.

No Member to be a Commissioner, or Farmer of the Customs, and Persons executing such Offices shall be incapable of sitting.

Act 6th Anne, Cap. 7. § 25.

Persons also holding any *new Office or Place of Profit* whatsoever under the Crown, created since the Year 1705, shall be incapable of sitting*.

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P

Act

By Act 15th Geo. II. Cap. 13. Sec. 8. Governors, Directors, or Proprietors of the Bank of England, shall not be thereby incapacitated from taking their seats in Parliament.

Act 6th Anne, Cap. 7. § 26.

Members accepting any Office of Profit, whilst Members, their Election to be void, but such Persons may be re-elected.

Act 6th Anne, Cap. 7. § 27.

No Office to be executed by too many Commissioners.

Act 6th Anne, Cap. 7. § 28.

This Act not to extend to Officers of the Army or Navy.

Act 6th Anne, Cap. 7. § 29.

Persons disabled, if returned as Members, their Election to be void, and to be liable to a Penalty of L.500.

Pensioners of the Crown.

Act 1st Geo. I. St. 2. Cap. 56.

After reciting Act 6th Anne, Cap. 7. it is enacted, that no Person having a Pension from the Crown, shall be capable of being elected a Member of the House of Commons, under Penalty of forfeiting L.20 for every Day's sitting.

Placemen.

Act 15th Geo. II. Cap. 22. § 1.

No Commissioners of the Revenue in Ireland, or of the Navy or Victualling Office, or any Deputies or Clerks in any of the said Offices,

or in any of the following Offices, viz. the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, Auditor, Tellers, or Chancellor of the Exchequer, Commissioners of the Admiralty, Paymasters of the Army or Navy, Principal Secretaries of State, or Commissioners of Salt, Stamps, Appeals, Wine Licences, Hackney Coaches, Hawkers and Pedlars; Persons holding any Office, Civil or Military, in the Island of Minorca, or in Gibraltar, except Officers holding Commissions in any Regiment there only, shall be capable of being elected, or sitting or voting as a Member of any Parliament.

Act 15th Geo. II. Cap. 22. § 2.

The Returns of such Members to be declared void, and the Persons so sitting, or voting, shall be liable to a Penalty of L.20 for every day of such sitting, and be incapable of holding any Office of honour or profit under his Majesty.

Act 15th Geo. II. Cap. 22. § 3.

Exempts the Treasurer and Comptroller of the Navy, the Secretaries of the Treasury, Secretary to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Secretaries to the Admiralty, Under-Secretary to any of the principal Secretaries of State, or the Deputy Paymaster of the Army, from the operations of this Act.

Act 22d Geo. III. Cap. 45. § 1, 2.

For further securing the freedom and independence of Parliament, all persons holding Contracts for the public Service, are declared incapable of being elected or sitting, and any Member accepting a Contract, his seat shall be void; but by Sec. 3. this not to extend to incorporated trading Companies.

Persons disqualified by this Act, if elected, such Election to be void, and disabled Persons who shall sit in the House of Commons, shall forfeit L.500 for each Day.

Act 22d Geo. III. Cap. 45. § 10. 11.

A condition shall be inserted in all public Contracts, that no Member of the House of Commons shall have any share thereof; and Contractors admitting Members to share in their Contracts, shall forfeit L.500, and prosecutions shall be commenced within 12 Months.

OF THE QUALIFICATIONS OF MEMBERS.

Act 33d Henry VI. Cap. 14.

Knights of the Shires, for the Parliament hereafter to be chosen, shall be notable Knights of the same Counties, as shall be able to be Knights, and no Man to be such Knight, who stands in the degree of a Yeoman, or under.

Act 9th Anne, Cap. 5.

No Person shall be capable to sit and vote as a Member of the House of Commons, who shall not have an Estate of Freehold or Copyhold, for his own Life, or some greater Estate, either in Law or Equity, over and above what will satisfy and clear all incumbrances, of the respective annual Value hereafter limited, viz. L.600 per Ann. for every Knight of the Shire, and L.300 per Ann. for every Citizen, Burgess, or Baron of the Cinque Ports; and Persons not being possessed of such Estates respectively, their Election and Return shall be void.

Act 9th Anne, Cap. 5. § 2, 3.

This Act not to extend to the eldest Son of a Peer, or of a Person qualified to be a Knight of the Shire, and the Universities may elect Members as formerly.

Act 9th Anne, Cap. 5. § 4.

No Person to be qualified by virtue of any mortgaged Premises, unless the Mortgagee has been in possession *seven Years* before the Election.

Every Candidate, at the request of another Candidate, or of two of the Voters, shall take the Oaths of Qualification, according to the form therein prescribed, viz. L.600 for a County, and L.300 for a City.

Such Oaths to be administered by the Sheriff, or Under-Sheriff of such County, or Mayor, Bailiff, or other Officers for any City, Borough or Port, who shall, within three Months after the taking thereof, certify the same into the Queen's Bench, or Chancery, under Penalty of L.100, and any Candidate refusing to take the Oath, his Election to be void.

Act 9th Anne, Cap. 5. § 8.

One Shilling only shall be received as a Fee for administering the Oath, Two Shillings for the Certificate, and Two Shillings for filing.

Act 33d Geo. II. Cap. 20.

All Members (not particularly excepted), before the Act, are to deliver in at the Table, while the House is sitting, a signed Schedule of their respective Qualifications, and take and subscribe the

Oaths prescribed therein*, which Oaths are to be administered by the House, and enrolled after the usual Oaths of Qualification having been taken, and the Schedules are to be filed†.

Act 33d Geo. II. Cap. 20. § 2.

Any Member presuming to act contrary thereto, or without being duly qualified, his election shall be void, and a new Writ shall be issued.

Act 33d Geo. II. Cap. 20. § 3.

Exempts the eldest Sons or Heirs apparent of Peers or Lords of Parliament, or of Persons qualified to be Knights of the Shire, Members of Universities, or Scots Members, from the operation of this Act.

Act 30th Car. II. St. 2. Cap. 1.

For disabling Papists to sit in the House, no Member shall act until he has taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and subscribed the Declaration therein mentioned.

Act 30th Car. II. St. 2. Cap. 1. § 4.

Regulates the Time and Place of taking the Oaths, and making and subscribing the Declaration.

* The substance of this, and the preceding Oath, are as follows, viz. that the Member has an Estate of sufficient Value to qualify him according to the true meaning of the several Acts of Parliament, and such Estate is situated as described in the Paper signed by such Members, and by him delivered to the Clerk of the House of Commons.

† By Act 33d Geo. III. Cap. 20. extending these Qualifications to Members of the United Parliament, Qualifications may be situate in England, Wales, Berwick-upon-Tweed, or Ireland.

Act 30th Car. II. St. 2. Cap. 1. § 5.

Members of Parliament not swearing and declaring, as aforesaid, and Recusants convict are forbidden the King's or Queen's presence.

Act 30th Car. II. St. 2. Cap. 1. § 6.

Inflicts a Penalty of L.500 upon Members offending contrary to this Act.

Act 30th Car. II. St. 2. Cap. 1. § 7.

Either House of Parliament may cause any of their Members to swear or subscribe, as aforesaid.

Act 30th Car. II. St. 2. Cap. 1. § 8.

The Places of Members disabled to vote shall be void, and Writs shall be issued for new Elections.

Act 1st Geo. I. St. 2. Cap. 13.

No Member of either House of Parliament shall be capable of voting, &c. till he has taken the Abjuration Oath; and Members presuming to vote contrary hereto, shall forfeit L.500.

OF THE PRIVILEGES OF MEMBERS.

The most notorious of these are privilege of *Speech*, of *Person*, of their *Domestics*, and of their *Lands* and *Goods*. These Privileges

are as antient as Edward the Confessor, and included formerly not only privilege from illegal violence, but also from legal arrests and Seizures by process from Courts of Law; and by Act 5th Henry IV. Cap. 6. and 11th Henry VI. Cap. 11. to assault, by violence, a Member of either House of Parliament, or his menial Servants, is a high contempt of Parliament, and there punished with the utmost severity.

This Law and Privilege of Parliament, is part of the Law of the Land, and a Member cannot be arrested except in cases of Treason, Felony, and actual Breach of the Peace, without a Breach of the Privilege of Parliament; but all other Privileges derogating from the common Law, in matter of Civil Right, the Freedom of a Member's Person alone excepted, are now abolished.

These Privileges, which obstructed the ordinary course of Justice, were restrained by Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3.; Acts 2d and 3d Anne, Cap. 18.; and the 11th Geo. II. Cap. 24, and abolished by Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 50.

Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3.

For preventing any inconveniences that may happen by Privilege of Parliament, by Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3. it is enacted as follows, viz.—

Act 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3. § 1.

“ An Action may be commenced against any Peer, or Member of Parliament, or their menial Servants, &c. in the interval of Parliament, viz. from and immediately after the Dissolution or Prorogation of any Parliament, until the Meeting of a new one, and from and immediately after any adjournment of both Houses, for above 14 Days, until both Houses shall meet or re-assemble; and the Courts where such Action shall be brought may, after such dissolution, prorogation, or adjournment, proceed to give Judgment, and to award Execution thereupon, notwithstanding any privilege of Parliament.

Acts

Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3. § 2.

Persons may have Process against any Peer, &c. after Dissolution of Parliament, and may exhibit Bills against any Peers or Members, and sequester the party's Estate, but not arrest his body.

Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3. § 3.

Plaintiffs prevented from prosecuting, by privilege of Parliament, are not to be barred by any Statute of Limitation, but shall be at liberty, upon the rising of Parliament, to proceed to Judgment and Execution.

Acts 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 3. § 4.

No Process against the King's Debtor shall be barred by privilege of Parliament, but such Persons shall not be arrested.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 50. St. 1. 2.

Suits may be prosecuted in Courts of Record, Equity, or Admiralty; and Courts having cognizance of Causes, Matrimonial and Testamentary, against Peers and Members of the House of Commons, and their Servants, &c.; but the Persons of Members of the House of Commons are not to be arrested or imprisoned.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 50. § 3.

The Court out of which any Writ of Distringas may proceed, may order the issues to be sold, and the money arising thereby to be applied to pay Costs to the Plaintiff, and the surplus shall be retained till appearance of the Defendant.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 50. § 4.

When the purpose of the Writ is answered, the Issues to be returned; or if sold, the money remaining shall be paid.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 50. § 5.

Obedience to the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, may be enforced against persons having privilege of Parliament, by Distress infinite.

OF BRIBERY:

Act 7th William III. Cap. 4. § 1. 2.

Candidates after the Teste of the Writ, or after any Place becomes vacant, giving or promising any Present or Reward to any Person having a Vote for being elected, shall be incapable of serving in Parliament.

Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 1.

Electors are to take the Bribery Oath, if the same shall be demanded.

Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 2.

Officers admitting Persons to poll, and Persons voting without taking the Oaths, shall forfeit L.100.

Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 7. 8.

Persons taking a Bribe, or corrupting others, shall forfeit L.500, but Offenders not having been themselves before convicted, by discovering others, shall be themselves indemnified.

Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 11.

Prosecutions must be commenced within Two Years after the Offence committed.

Act 9th Geo. II. Cap. 38.

Reciting the above Act, it is enacted, that no Person shall be liable to any Penalty under the Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. unless personally served with Process in Two Years after the fact.

OF PETITIONS.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 1.

No Petitions complaining of an undue Return shall be proceeded upon in the manner prescribed in the Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. and 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. and 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. unless the same shall be subscribed by a Person claiming therein to have had a Right to vote, or be returned, or alledging himself to have been a Candidate at the Election.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16.

A Day and Hour shall be appointed by the House for taking the
same

same i. to Consideration, and the Speaker shall give the Notice and Order to attend.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42.

Where there are several Parties on distinct Interests, the like Notices and Orders to be given to all.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. § 2.

No Petition shall be taken into consideration within Fourteen Days after the commencement of the Session, nor within Fourteen Days after the Return filed.

Act 10th Geo. III. § 3.

The House may alter the time on like Notice and Order.

Proceedings on the Death of Members petitioned against, where no Notice is given to defend.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52.

In Cases above-specified, where the Speaker shall be informed of the Death of any sitting Member, or that any Member petitioned against does not intend to defend his Election, such Speaker shall immediately send Notice thereof to the Sheriff, who shall order a Copy of the same to be affixed on the Doors of the County or Town Hall, or nearest the Church, and Notice also to be inserted in the Gazette. The Order for taking such Petition into Consideration shall also be adjourned.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 3.

Within Thirty Days after Notice so inserted in the Gazette, any Voter may present a Petition to be admitted a Party in the Complaint.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 4.

Members giving Notice of their Intention to defend their Election, not to be admitted as Parties against any such Petition, nor to sit in the House till the Petition is decided.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 5.

No Proceeding to be had upon any Petition, unless one of the Subscribers enter into a Recognizance to appear before the House at the time fixed for taking it into Consideration; and if no Recognizance be duly entered into, the Order for taking the Petition into Consideration shall be discharged, unless cause shall be seen for enlarging the time.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 58. § 6.

Recognizances to be entered into before the Speaker, and the sufficiency of the Sureties to be allowed of by him on the Report of two Persons appointed by the Speaker to examine the same, of which two Persons, the Clerk or Clerk Assistant of the House shall always be one, and one of the following Officers, *not being Members*, the other, viz. Masters in Chancery, Clerks of the Court of King's Bench, Prothonotaries in the Common Pleas, and Clerks in the Court of Exchequer.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 58. § 7.

Sureties living more than Forty Miles from London, may enter Recognizance before a Justice; and Affidavits made before a Master in Chancery or a Justice, to be received as evidence of the sufficiency of Sureties.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 58. § 8.

Recognizances of Petitioners not appearing before the House at the

the time fixed for proceeding to the Appointment of a select Committee, to be certified into the Exchequer, such Recognizances and Certificate to be delivered by the Clerk Assistant into the Exchequer.

Of Petitions to oppose the Right.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 26.

Persons may within Twelve Months after the Report, Petition to be admitted to oppose the Right of Election by such Report established.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 27.

If no such Petitions be presented, the Judgement of the Committee to be conclusive:

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 28.

Forty Days are to intervene between the presenting and hearing such Petitions.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 29.

Before the hearing such Petitions, any Person may petition to be admitted to defend such Right of Election.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 30.

Committee to be appointed to try the Merits of such Petitions, whose Determinations shall be conclusive.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 31. 32.

The Act 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. § 4. is repealed as far as relating to any Determination subsequent to passing this Act, and all the Rules

Rules and Regulations of the Act, 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. the 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. and the 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84. shall remain in force with respect to Committees appointed under this Act, and Regulations touching Recognizances and payment of Costs, not to apply to Petitions relating solely to Questions respecting the Right of Election.

Of Renewed Petitions.

Act 34th Geo. III. Cap. 83. § 1.

Renewed Petitions as to the Right to be prosecuted within Fourteen Days after every new Session, and taken into Consideration within Fourteen Days after presenting.

If not renewed within the Fourteen Days, the Judgement of Committees to be final, and renewed Petitions delivered in together at the table, shall be read in the order in which they were directed to be taken into consideration in the last Session.

Of Withdrawing Petitions.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 8.

No Petitions shall be withdrawn, unless the Member's Seat shall have been vacated.

OF COMMITTEES.

Of Select Committees.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. § 16.

(Mr Grenville's Act)—Previous to taking any Petition into consideration, the Clerk is to put the Names of the Members drawn, into

a box or parcel, and attest the same, which shall be sealed by the Speaker, who shall attest the making up thereof in his presence, and the Names of the Members undrawn may be read by the Clerk.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42.

The House shall not proceed to other Business previous to reading the Order of the Day, except swearing Members, and by Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. except the receiving Reports from the select Committees; altering and amending any Return; and attending his Majesty, or his Majesty's Commissioners, in the House of Lords. By Act 32d Geo. III. Cap. 1. the House may also, on the Day appointed for taking into consideration Petitions complaining of undue Elections, receive any Message from the Lords; and on the Days appointed for the Trial of Articles of Impeachment, may proceed to any Business necessary for carrying on the Prosecution.

Act 36th Geo. III. Cap. 59.

If, after counting the House, according to the Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. there be not One Hundred Members present, or if Forty-nine not set aside or excused, cannot be completed, the House may proceed upon any Order of the Day for the Call of the House which shall have been previously fixed on for that Day; but if such Forty-nine Members cannot be completed, the House not to proceed until the door is unlocked, and the parties withdrawn.

When Petitions are to be taken into Consideration, the House not to proceed to other Business, until there be due Attendance, except calling over the House.

OF COMMITTEES.

Of Forming Select Committees.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16.

The Serjeant at Arms, before the reading of the Order of the Day for appointing a Committee, is to require the attendance of the Members,

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 14.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 5.

Members Excused from Serving.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 6.

Voting Members at the Election of the Complainants are to be set
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aside, and by § 7. 8. all above Sixty Years old are to be excused, or those who have served upon Election Committees in the same Session, unless the Number who have not served be insufficient.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 9.

Members excused shall not be deemed to have served on any such select Committee.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 10.

Members verifying other Excuses, Allegations to be entered, and if the House resolve that they are unable, &c. they are to be excused, and others to be drawn instead, so as to complete the number Forty-nine.

Petitioners declaring that any Member drawn is intended for a Nominee, and such Member consenting thereto, he is to serve as such, and another to be drawn to supply his place, but on default of Nomination the Deficiencies to be supplied by Lot, leaving always Fifteen as a select Committee.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. § 3.

If at the time of drawing, Forty-nine Members cannot be completed, the House to proceed in manner directed by Act 10th Geo. III.

Appointing Nominees.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 11. 12.

Petitioners are to name one Nominee, and the sitting Members another, who may be set aside for the like causes as those chosen by Lot, or excused, and others named.

Act

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. § 6.

When more than two Parties on distinct Interests, neither of the Parties to name a Nominee, but when the List is returned to the House, the Thirteen Members are to withdraw, and *within one Hour*, report the Names of such two Members, and in case such two Members shall be set aside, they shall choose others, until two are not objected against.

When the Nominees are directed to be named, no Member to depart until the time of meeting of the said Committee is fixed.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 17. § 13.

For reducing the Lists.

After the Forty-nine are chosen, the door to be opened, and the House may proceed on other Business. Lists of the Forty-nine to be then given to the Petitioners, who, with the Clerk, are to withdraw and strike off, one alternately, till the Number be reduced to Thirteen, and the Clerk is within one Hour to deliver a List of them, who with the Nominees, are to be sworn a select Committee.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. § 1.

If on complaint of undue Election, there shall be more than two Parties on distinct Interests, each Party shall strike off a Number from Forty-nine successively, until the Number be reduced to Thirteen.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 51. § 14. 15.

Special Regulations are enacted for reducing the Lists, where no Party appears to oppose the Petition, or waves his right for reducing such List.

Regulations where no Special Return has been made.

Act 25th Geo. III. Cap. 84.

Where no Return or a special Return has been made, any Elector may petition, and thereupon a Day and Hour to be appointed, and Notice of the meeting of Committees to be given to the Petitioners and returning Officer.

By the 11th Sect. of this Act the Regulations of Act, 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. and 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42. are extended to this Act.

Act 35th Geo. III. Cap. 84. § 12.

When returning Officers cannot be found, or do not appear at Committees, other Persons may be appointed to appear in their stead, and where more than one Petition is presented, the House to determine whether the returning Officer is to strike off from the List of Members drawn by Lot.

Meetings of Committees, and Proceedings when met.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 13.

The House shall order the select Committee to meet within Twenty-four Hours, and by Section 17. a Chairman shall be elected out of the Members chosen by Ballot; and in case of an equality, the Member first drawn to have a casting vote.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 17.

The 17th Section also regulates the Proceedings in the cause by Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 5. When the Merits of Petitions depend on questions respecting the Right of Election, statements of such Right are to be delivered in writing.

Act

Act 10th Geo. III. § 29.

Empowers the Clerk of the Committee to administer the Oath ; prescribes the form of the Oath, and inflicts the pains and penalties of wilful and corrupt Perjury, as inflicted by Law in other cases.

Adjournment and Dissolution of Committees,

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 19.

Select Committees are not to adjourn for more than Twenty-four Hours without leave ; and if the House be then sitting, Business to be stayed, and Motion to be made for Adjournment.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 20.

Sunday, Christmas-day, or Good Friday intervening, not to be deemed included.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 42.

Regulates the manner of adjourning the select Committee, on their having occasion to report when the House are adjourned.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 21.

Select Committee-men not to be absent without leave, nor Committee to sit, until all who have not leave be met, and on failure of meeting within one Hour, a farther Adjournment is to be made, and reported, with the cause thereof.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 22.

The Chairman at next meeting is to report Absentees, who are to be directed to attend next sitting, and be censured or punished at discretion, unless Absence proved unavoidable.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 23.

If Thirteen do not meet, the Committee to adjourn.

Act 10th Geo. II. Cap. 16. § 24.

If the Members of such Committee, from Death or otherwise, shall for three whole Days continue to be less than Thirteen, the Committee to be dissolved, and past Proceedings are to be void.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52.

But if a Committee shall have sat for Business Fourteen Days, Twelve Members may proceed therein, and if Twenty-five Days, Eleven Members may proceed.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 33.

The Committee shall not be dissolved by any Prorogation of Parliament.

Of the Determinations of Committees, and their Report to the House.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 18.

The Committee are to determine finally, and the House shall thereupon confirm or alter the Return, or issue a Writ for a new Election, as the case may require.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 25.

Other Resolutions may be reported at the same time, and the House may make Order thereon.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 27.

When Committees choose to deliberate, the Room may be cleared, and Questions shall be determined by a Majority, in which the Chairman is to have a casting vote.

Act 10th Geo. III. Cap. 16. § 28.

No Determination to take place unless Thirteen present, nor any Member to vote who has not attended every sitting.

Act 28th Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 18.

Committees in their Reports to mention whether Petitions appear frivolous or vexatious; and by the 25th Section of this Act, when Statements in writing are delivered in, the Committee are to report, with their Determination on the Merits of such Petition, their Judgment on such Statements; such Report to be entered on the Journals, and Notice thereof to be sent to the Returning Officer: and by the subsequent clauses of this Act, the Report on the Statements delivered in, is to be final and conclusive at all subsequent Elections, unless a Petition is presented to oppose the same within Twelve Calendar Months after the Report to the House, or within Fourteen Days after the commencement of the next Session.

ABSTRACT OF THE ACTS FOR REGULATING ELECTIONS IN LONDON, NORWICH, AND COVENTRY.

LONDON.

Act 11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

On all Elections by the Liverymen, and at the Wardmotes, the presiding Officer to appoint a convenient Number of Clerks to take the Poll, and none to be polled who is not sworn, (this clause also prescribes the Liverymen's Oath,) on refusal to swear, Poll to be rejected.

Act 11th Geo. I. Cap. 18. § 2.

The Oaths to be taken if required, as appointed by Act 1st Geo. I. St. 2. Cap. 13. and the presiding Officer, and sworn Clerk, to administer the Oaths, on penalty of L.60.

Act 11th Geo. I. Cap. 18. § 3.

Persons taking false Oaths, or suborning others to do so, are to be liable to all the penalties and disabilities of Persons guilty of Perjury.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 18. § 4.

If a Poll shall be demanded, the presiding Officer shall begin the same upon the Day it is demanded, or the next Day following at the farthest, except Sunday, and proceed therein from day to day until such Poll be finished, and shall finish the Poll at Elections by the Liverymen within Seven Days, (exclusive of Sundays,) and the Poll

at

at the Wardmotes within Three Days, (exclusive of Sunday,) after the commencing the same respectively, and shall upon adjourning the Poll each Day at each Election, seal up the Poll-Books with the Seals, and in the presence of such of the Candidates as shall desire the same, and the said Poll-Book shall not be opened again but at the place of Election, and be duly and truly cast up; and within *Two Days* after such castings up, the Number of the Votes or Polls for each Candidate, shall be fairly and publicly declared to the Electors at the place of Election; and if a Scrutiny be demanded, the Scrutineers shall not exceed *Six* on each side: the Scrutiny, if demanded, shall be commenced within *Ten Days* after the delivery of the Copies of the said Polls, and be proceeded upon day by day, (Sundays excepted,) and be finished within Fifteen Days after the commencement of such Scrutiny, and the presiding Officer shall within Four Days after finishing such Scrutiny, publicly declare at the place of such Election which of the Candidates are duly elected, and the Number of legal Votes appearing to him upon the Scrutiny.

This Section also regulates the Elections at Wardmotes, and enacts that true Copies of the objections against the Pollers shall be delivered, and subjects Persons offending to L.200 penalty.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 18. § 5.

A true List to be given of the Voters disallowed.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 18. § 6.

The Mayor is to issue Precepts to the Companies to bring in Lists.

Act 11th Geo. III. Cap. 18. § 14.

No Person shall vote at any Election, who shall not have been upon the Livery Twelve Calendar Months before such Election; and who shall not have paid their respective Livery Fines, or having paid them shall have received back any Allowance in respect thereof,

nor

nor who shall within Two Years before such Election be discharged from paying any of the Rates or Taxes payable by the Citizens of London, or within the above period have received Alms, and the Vote of every such Person shall be void.

The 20th Section prescribes the Distribution of Forfeitures.

NORWICH.

Act 3d Geo. II. Cap. 8.

Persons before they are permitted to poll as Freemen, must take the Oath prescribed by this Act, and if refusing, their Votes to be disallowed.

One of the Clerks is also by this Act to go into the Prisons to take the Votes there, and Persons guilty of Perjury are to be punished as in other cases.

COVENTRY.

Act 21st Geo. III. Cap. 54.

An open Council is to be held at St Mary's Hall on the first and last Tuesday in every Month.

By the 2d Section of this Act, the Fee for taking up freedoms for this City shall not exceed Three Shillings, exclusive of Stamps.

Act 21st Geo. III. Cap. 54. § 3-7.

Persons taking up their freedom are to produce regular Indentures of Apprenticeship for *Seven Years*, and declare, upon Oath, the Name of the Master, the Trade to which they served, the place of residence during the time they served, and their own residence at the time of claiming to be admitted to their freedoms.

Act 21st Geo. III. Cap. 54. § 6.

The Town Clerk is to enter all the above particulars in a Book, and Lists of the Names of all the Freemen, &c. admitted, are to be pasted on the Church doors.

No Council to be held for admitting the Claims of Freemen, after notice given by the Sheriff for any Election.

Act 31st Geo. III. Cap. 54. § 7.

The Electors are to be sworn, and the Parties swearing falsely to be liable to all the penalties of Perjury.

Act 31st Geo. III. Cap. 54. § 9. 10.

Returning Officers admitting Persons to poll without being sworn, and Members of the Council for refusing to admit Electors, to be liable to a penalty of L.100.

If the Town Clerk shall neglect, or make fraudulent entries, he shall forfeit L.10 for every such offence.

Act 31st Geo. III. Cap. 54. § 13.

This Act shall not extend to any Freemen of the said City, but such as have a right to vote for the election of Members of Parliament for the said City.

The remaining Sections of this Act prescribe the Election Booths to be erected in the Market Place, called *Cross Cheaping*; regulate the recovery of Penalties; limit Actions to be brought within two Years, and constitute this a public Act, and enact that Deeds or Indentures of Apprenticeships, &c. shall be registered by the Town Clerk.

UNITED

UNITED PARLIAMENT OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The following modifications of the Parliamentary Statutes have taken place since the Union, and have never yet been stated or noticed, it is presumed, in any Publication upon the Laws of Election, viz.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 1.

All Persons disabled from sitting in the British Parliament, shall be disabled from sitting in the United Parliament.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 2.

All Persons disabled from sitting in the Irish Parliament, shall be disabled from sitting for Ireland.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 3.

All Persons disabled by British Statutes, shall not hereby be enabled to sit for Ireland, nor *e contra*.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 4.

Persons holding certain specified Places in Ireland, viz. Commissioners of the Customs, Excise, Stamp Duties, (except Commissioners of the Treasury,) Commissioners of Appeals, Accounts, Army Agents, Contractors, (except Members of Trading Companies) Deputies, or Clerks of the Treasury, (except the Secretary of the Treasury) Auditors of the Exchequer, or Chancellor of the Exchequer, (except the Secretary,) or Clerks to Commissioners of Stamps, or Appeals, shall be disabled from sitting in any future Parliament of the United Kingdom.

Act

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 5.

Persons holding Places under the Lord Lieutenant, created since the 33d Geo. III. Cap. 41. shall also be in future disabled.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 6.

Disabled Persons sitting in Parliament shall incur the Penalties under former British or Irish Acts, and if disabled under this Act, shall forfeit L.500 per Day.

Act 41st Geo. II. Cap. 52. § 8.

This Act not to extend to Offices held for life, or during good Behaviour, except in certain Cases.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 52. § 9.

Members accepting Offices under the Crown, shall thereby vacate their Seats, but they may be re-elected.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 63. § 1.

No Person ordained a Priest, or being a Minister of the Church of Scotland, shall be capable of being elected.

Act 41st Geo. III. Cap. 63. § 2.

If any Person who has been ordained a Priest shall be elected, his seat shall be vacated.

IRISH PETITIONS.

Acts 41st Geo. III. Cap. 101. and 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106.

All former British Acts respecting Petitions, for undue Elections, Returns, opposing Right of Election, &c. are extended to such Petitions to the United Parliament from any Place in the United Kingdom.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 1.

Former Regulations of British Acts are extended to Petitions on Irish Elections.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 2.

Irish Petitions shall state all matters to which Witnesses are to be examined.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 3.

Parties shall interchange Lists of Voters.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 4. 7.

The Committee may, on application of the Parties, make an Order for appointing Commissioners to take evidence in Ireland, as to matters assigned and limited by the Committee.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 8.—13.

Prescribe the mode of nominating such Commissioners.

Act

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 14. 15. 16.

The Chairman of the Committee shall issue his Warrant to the Commissions to proceed, and the Committee shall adjourn.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 17.—25.

Regulate the Proceedings of the Commissioners in taking the evidence accordingly.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 23. 26.

When the Evidence is closed, the Commissioners shall transmit one Copy thereof to the Clerk of the Crown in Ireland, and another to the Speaker of the House of Commons, who may re-assemble a Committee, who shall proceed to determine the merits of Elections, determining all matters referred to the Commissioners, according to the evidence transmitted to them.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 27.

Commissioners may re-assemble on Warrant of the Committee.

Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 106. § 28. 30.

Inflicts the Penalties of Perjury, and compels the Attendance of Witnesses; and the 31st Section regulates the Allowance to Commissioners.

OF THE POLL.

When the Poll is demanded for any Place in England, &c. the Returning Officer shall appoint two Persons to administer the Oaths, and make the Declarations prescribed by Law, 42d Geo. III. Cap. 62. § 1.; but this Act is, by the 43d Geo. III. Cap. 74, repealed, as far as relates to the Bribery Oath, which shall be taken under the 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24.

Petitions.

The Act 42d Geo. III. Cap. 84. for further regulating the Proceedings on contested Elections, points out the mode to be pursued where two or more Petitions are to be taken into consideration on the same Day. § 1.—6. exempts Nominees from Ballot; § 4. and § 7. regulate the mode of chusing Nominees, when there are more than two Parties.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 26. § 1.

Officers employed in any Department of the Revenue in Ireland are incapacitated for 12 Months after holding such Office, from voting at Elections for Members of Parliament for Ireland, under penalty of L.100.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 25. § 3.

This Act is not to extend to patent Offices; § 2. nor to Persons resigning before June the 1st, 1803.

PRIVILEGE OF PARLIAMENT.

Proceedings against Members.

Act 43d Geo. III. to amend Act 4th Geo. III. Cap. 33. recites the inconveniencies which had arisen from Persons having Privilege of Parliament; and enacts that Traders having such privilege shall, within two Months after summons under the 4th Geo. III. enter an Appearance, or be adjudged a Bankrupt.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 25. § 3.

On proceeding by Summons without Affidavit, Appearance may be entered by Defendant.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 25. § 4.

Appearance may also be put in for Defendants having privilege of Parliament in Courts of Equity, on return of Process of sequestration.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 33. § 5. 6.

In default of Answer to any Bill in Equity, against Persons having privilege of Parliament, the Bill shall be taken *pro confesso*; such bill shall be read in Evidence, as an answer admitting the Fact.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 33. § 7.

Traders having privilege of Parliament disobeying Orders in Chancery, to pay Money, shall be declared Bankrupts.

Act 43d Geo. III. Cap. 33. § 8.

Contains a saving of *personal liberty* to Members of Parliament.

A LIST

OF ALL THE

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND BOROUGHs,

Whose Representatives constitute the

HOUSE OF COMMONS OF GREAT BRITAIN,

Shewing the time they first began to send Members to Parliament ; also the Corporation of each City and Borough, the Returning Officer ; the Right of Election, as last decided by the House, and the Number of Voters supposed to be in each ; the whole arranged in Alphabetical Order.

The Figures prefixed are the Number of the Place,

271. *Aberdeenshire, Scotland.*

Anne, Oct. 27, 1707.

7. *Abingdon, Berkshire.*

4th Philip and Mary.

It is governed by a Mayor, two Bailiffs, and nine Aldermen ; the Mayor and Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of
of

of Election is in the inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving Alms, or any Charity. 18th Jan. 1708.—600.

12. *Agmondesham, Bucks.*

28th Edward I.—21st James I.

This is a Borough by prescription. The Returning Officer is the Constable of the Lord of the Manor's Court Leet. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants; that is the Lord of the Manor's Tenants, paying Scot and Lot. Dec. 1, 1705—150.

272. *Ayrshire, Scotland.*

Anne, Oct. 23, 1707.

85 *St Alban's, Hertfordshire.*

35th Edward I.—7th Edward VI.

It is governed by a Mayor, a High Steward, a Recorder, twelve Aldermen, a Town Clerk, and twenty-four Assistants. Returning Officer the Mayor; the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Freemen, and such Householdiers as only pay Scot and Lot. April 27, 1714—1000.

176. *Aldborough, Suffolk.*

3d Elizabeth.

It is governed by two Bailiffs, twelve capital Burgesses, and twenty-four inferior Members. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the above, and the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. 80.

235. *Aldborough, Yorkshire.*

Phil. and Mary.—1558.

Right of Election not in the select Number of Burgesses, holding by Burgage-tenure, but all the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot, a Right to vote. May 17, 1690—57.

166. *Andover, Hants.*

23d Edward I.—27th Elizabeth.

It is governed by a Bailiff, a Steward, a Recorder, two Justices, and twenty-two capital Burgesses; these chuse the Bailiff annually, who is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Bailiff, and select Number of Burgesses only.—April 1, 1689, Jan. 28, 1702.—24.

247. *Anglesea.*

27th Henry VIII.

201. *Appleby, Westmoreland.*

23d Edward I.

It is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, twelve Aldermen, a common Council, and two Serjeants at Mace. The Returning Officer is the Mayor. The Right of Election is by Burgage-tenure. 120.

273. *Argyllshire, Scotland.*

Anne, 1707.

196. *Arundel, Sussex.*

23d Edward I.

This is a Borough by prescription, and is governed under a Charter of Queen Elizabeth, by a Mayor, Twelve Burgesses, a Steward, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants at large paying Scot and Lot. Feb. 22, 1693. 200.

56. *Ashburton, Devon.*

26th Edward I.

This is a Borough by prescription, but was never incorporated; it is governed by a Portreeve, annually chosen at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freeholders, having Lands or Tenements holden of this Borough only; and the Freeholders of Lands and Tenements called Halshanger and Hallwell Lands, lying within the Borough, and subject to pay Borough Rent, have a right to vote. Feb. 20, 1707, March 17, 1710. 200.

11. *Aylesbury, Bucks.*

1st Mary.

The Corporation, by the Charter, consisted of a Mayor, Nine Aldermen, and Twelve Burgesses, who elected the Members to serve in Parliament, but by neglect of keeping up the succession of the Community, the Corporation was dissolved. The Members are now elected by the Householdors of this Borough, and

not receiving Alms; Persons receiving Alms, pursuant to the Will of Mr Bedford, are disabled from voting. Jan. 28, 1695, Feb. 7, 1698. The Returning Officers are the Constables, chosen at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. 500.

By Act of Parliament in 1804, the Right of Election was extended to the Freeholders of Three adjoining Hundreds.

187. *Banbury, Oxfordshire.*

1st Mary.

It is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, and Six Capital Burgesses, and in them is vested the Right of Election.—The Mayor is the Returning Officer. Dec. 29, 1691. 18.

52. *Barnstaple, Devonshire.*

28th Edward I.

By a Charter from Queen Mary, it is governed by a Mayor, Two Aldermen, and Twenty-four Common Council Men. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Corporation, and such as are Freemen, free-born, or made by the Magistrates. 500.

274. *Banffshire, Scotland.*

Anne, Oct. 27, 1707.

147. *Bath, Somersetshire.*

23d Edward I.

It is governed, in virtue of a Charter from Queen Elizabeth, by a Mayor, Eight Aldermen, and Twenty-four Common-Council Men. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of

of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council only. Jan. 27, 1706. 33.

248. *Beaumaris, Anglesea.*

27th Henry VIII.

It is governed by a Mayor, Recorder, Two Bailiffs, Twenty-one Burgesses, a Town Clerk, and Two Serjeants at Mace. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor and Capital Burgesses. March 3, 1729. 24.

1. *Bedfordshire.*

2. *Bedford, Bedfordshire.*

23d Edward I.

The Corporation consists of a Mayor, Recorder, Deputy-Recorder, Two Bailiffs, Thirteen Common Council-Men, and an uncertain Number of Aldermen, but not to exceed Twelve.—The Returning Officers are the Mayor and Bailiffs. The Right of Election is in the Burgesses, Freemen, and Inhabitants, being Householders of Bedford, and not receiving alms. 1400.

214. *Great Bedwin, Wiltshire.*

30th Edward I. with various intermissions until Edward IV.

Is a Borough by prescription, is governed by a Portreeve, chosen annually at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Borough; the Portreeve chuses a Bailiff and other Officers. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Free-

holders and Inhabitants of ancient Burgage-messuages. March
26, 1729. 80.

58. *Beerlston, Devonshire.*

27th Elizabeth.

An ancient Borough by prescription. This Borough is no Corporation, but is governed by a Portreeve, chosen annually at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor, and he returns the Members to serve in Parliament. The Right of Election is in the Freehold Tenants of this Borough, holding by Burgage-tenure, and paying Threepence per annum, or more, ancient Burgage-rent, to the Lord of this Borough, and in them only. June 7, 1721. 70.

3. *Berkshire.*

275. *Berwickshire, Scotland.*

128. *Berwick-upon-Tweed, Northumberland.*

Henry VIII.

Berwick was incorporated by King Charles I. and is governed by a Mayor, Four Bailiffs, a Recorder, and a Common Council. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is stated in the Report to be in the Freemen of Berwick. March 9, 1695. 500.

236.

236. *Beverley, Yorkshire.*

23d Edward I.—5th Elizabeth.

It is an ancient Borough, governed under a Charter of Queen Elizabeth, by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Mayor, and the Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders. 1000.

223. *Bewdley, Worcestershire.*

3d Jac. I.

It is governed by a Bailiff, Twelve Capital Burgesses, a Recorder, a Steward, a Town Clerk, and Two Serjeants at Mace. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Bailiff, and 12 Capital Burgesses, who elect other Burgesses to vote with them. In the Bailiff and Burgesses appointed by the Charter, 3d Jac. I. exclusive to all others. April 28, 1662. Not in all the Inhabitants of the said Borough. May 27, 1679. 13.

144. *Bishop's Castle, Salop.*

17th Elizabeth.

It is an ancient Borough, and having a Corporation, consisting of a Bailiff, a Recorder, and Fifteen Aldermen, out of which the Bailiff is annually chosen. The Returning Officer is the Bailiff, and the Right of Election is in the Bailiff, and all the Burgesses within the Borough. Feb. 3. 1699. 100.

181. *Blechingley, Surrey.*

23d Edward I.

Is a Borough by prescription. The Right of Election is in the Borough-holders, and that the Bailiff had nothing to do with the Election. March 22, 1724. 90.

25. *Bodmin, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I.

It is governed by a Mayor, Eleven Aldermen, Twenty-four Common Council Men, and a Town Clerk. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Corporation. 36.

232. *Boroughbridge, Yorkshire.*

1st Mary.

This Borough is governed by a Bailiff. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders. 65.

34. *Bossiney, Cornwall.*

7th Edward VII.

It is governed by a Mayor and Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in all who have free Land, and live in the Parish, are deemed Freemen. 4.

105. *Boston, Lincolnshire.*

Edward VI.

Is governed by an Mayor, who is Clerk of the Market and Admiral of the Coast, a Recorder, a Deputy Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, a Town Clerk, Eighteen Common-Councilmen, a Judge, and Marshal of the Admiralty, a Coroner, &c. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is only in the Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, and Freemen of the said Borough, resident in the said Borough, paying Scot and Lot, and claiming their freedom by birth or servitude. March 2, 1720. 380.

123. *Brackley, Northamptonshire.*

1st Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, Six Aldermen, and Twenty-six Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses. April 20, 1714. 33.

193. *Bramber, Sussex.*

23d Edward I.—7th Edward IV.

Is a Borough by prescription, has no Corporation, but is governed by a Constable, chosen annually by a Jury of the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Constable is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Persons inhabiting ancient Houses, or in Houses built on ancient foundations, paying Scot and Lot. January 18, March 10, 1703, June 1, 1714. 20.

249. *Brecon County.*

27th Henry VIII.

250. *Brecon Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, a Recorder, Fifteen Aldermen, Two Chamberlains, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Corporation and free Burgesses. 100.

141. *Bridgenorth, Salop.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, annually elected out of Twenty-four Aldermen, by a Jury of Fourteen Men, together with a Recorder, Forty-eight Common Councilmen, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Returning Officers are the Bailiffs. The Right of Election is in the Corporation and Freemen. 700.

150. *Bridgewater, Somersetshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Two Aldermen, and Twenty-four Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election agreed to be in those that pay Scot and Lot, inhabiting the said Borough, Dec. 10, 1692, March 9, 1769. If the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgesses, are not inhabitants, though they pay Scot and Lot, yet they

they have no Right to vote. March 9, 1769. The inhabitants of the Eastern and Western divisions of the Parish of Bridgewater, have no Right to vote for Representatives, but the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants of that division of the said Parish, commonly called the Borough, paying Scot and Lot within the said division, and in them only. March 14, 1769. 300.

66. *Bridport, Dorsetshire.*

23d Edward I.

The Corporation consists of Two Bailiffs, to be annually chosen by the Capital Burgesses, who are Fifteen in Number, including the Two Bailiffs: they choose a Recorder, Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers.—The Right of Election, according to the last decision of the House, is in the Inhabitants being Housekeepers, and paying Scot and Lot. 1762. 230.

146. *Bristol, Somersetshire.*

47th Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, and Forty-two Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freemen and Inholders. 5000.

8. *Buckinghamshire.*

9. *Buckingham Town.*

33d Henry VIII.

The Corporation consists of a Bailiff, and Twelve Burgesses :
the

the Bailiff is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Corporation. 13.

276. *Bute and Caithness, Scotland.*

Anne, 27th October, 1707.

41. *Callington, Cornwall.*

27th Elizabeth.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is not incorporated, but is governed by a Portreeve chosen annually at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freeholders, and resident beneficial Leaseholders, being rated. 62.

209. *Calne, Wiltshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is governed by Two Stewards annually chosen, and Burgesses without limitation. The Stewards are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the ancient Burgesses of this Borough only, and the Right of returning Burgesses is in the Guild Stewards. Feb. 25, 1723. 24.

15. *Cambridgeshire.*

16. *Cambridge University.*

1st James I.

The Returning Officer is the Vice-Chancellor of the University

sity. The Right of Election is in the Doctors and Masters of Arts only. 1200.

17. *Cambridge Town.*

Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, High Steward, Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, &c. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Freemen. Feb. 24, 1709. 200.

28. *Camelford, Cornwall.*

Edward VI.

Was incorporated by King Charles I. and is governed by a Mayor, Eight Burgesses or Aldermen, and Ten Freemen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Corporation. 9.

90. *Canterbury City, Kent.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, a Sheriff, Twenty-four Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen and Citizens. 1500.

262. *Cardiff, Glamorganshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

This Town is an ancient Corporation, governed by a Mayor who

who is always Constable of the Castle, Two Bailiffs, Twelve Aldermen, Twelve Capital Burgesses, a Steward, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgesses of Cardiff, Aber-avor, Cowbridge, Kensigg, Llantrissant, Lougher, Neath, and Swansea. 1000.

251. *Cardiganshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

252. *Cardigan Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Thirteen Aldermen, and Thirteen Common Councilmen, of which the Mayor is always one. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgesses of Cardigan, Aberystwith, Lampeter, and Alpar, only. It was resolved that the Burgesses of Tregarron have no Right to vote, May 7, 1730. 1200.

43. *Carlisle City, Cumberland.*

3d Charles I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, Two Sheriffs or Bailiffs, Twenty-four Capital Citizens or Common Councilmen, and a Recorder. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election, as last determined by the House, March 3, 1791. 85.

253. *Carmarthenshire.*

254. *Carmarthen Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, Two Sheriffs, Sixteen Aldermen, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Sheriffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Burgesses of the Borough. March 19, 1727. 150.

255. *Carnarvonshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

256. *Carnarvon Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

The Constable of the Castle is always Mayor, by virtue of his patent; and subordinate to him, the Borough is governed by Two Bailiffs, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses of Carnarvon, Criccieth, Puleley, Nevin, and Conway.

119. *Castle Rising, Norfolk.*

Ult. Philip and Mary.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is governed by a Mayor and Twelve Aldermen. The Returning Officer is the Mayor, and the Right of Election is in the free Burgesses. 50.

18. *Cheshire.*

34th Henry VIII.

19. *Chester City.*

34th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twenty-four Aldermen, Two Sheriffs, and Forty Common Councilmen. The Returning Officers are the Sheriffs. The Right of Election is stated to lie in the Freeman. Dec. 2, 1790. 1000.

188. *Chichester, Sussex.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and Aldermen, (Four of whom are Justices of the Peace), and Common Councilmen without limitation. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot.

211. *Chippenham, Wiltshire.*

23d Edward I. with intermissions until the 1st of Henry VI.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Bailiff and Twelve Burgesses. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgesses and Freeman, more than Twelve: and it was resolved, that the new Charter altereth not the custom. 2d and 9th April 1634. 150.

163. *Christ Church, Hants.*

13th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the
Returning

Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. 70.

78. *Cirencester, Gloucestershire:*

13th Elizabeth.

Is governed by Two High Constables and Fourteen Wardsmen, who are appointed yearly by the Court-leet. The Constables are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in all the Inhabitants (Householders.) The House resolved, in this case, that where there is no custom or charter for the Election, then the Inhabitants (Householders), ought to elect—May 21, 1624. The Inmates were excluded—Nov. 4, 1690. As also were the Inhabitants of the Abbey, the Emery, and the Spiringate-lane—Dec. 8, 1709. 700.

277. *Clackmannan and Kinross-shire:*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

57. *Clitheroe, Lancashire:*

1st Elizabeth.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by Two Bailiffs. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers; and the Right of Election is in such Freeholders only, as, according to the Resolution of July 16, 1660, are described to be Free Burghers, seized for Life, or in Fee of Burgage Lands or Houses there—Feb. 4, 1661. 102.

44. *Cockermouth, Cumberland.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough, and is governed by a Bailiff, chosen yearly,

yearly, by a Jury of Sixteen Burghers, at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgage Tenure. 200.

73. *Colchester, Essex.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a High Steward, a Recorder, Eleven Aldermen, a Chamberlain, a Town Clerk, Eighteen Assistants, and Eighteen Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is agreed to be in the Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, and Free Burgesses, not receiving alms—May 6, 1714. 1400.

69. *Corfe-Castle, Dorsetshire.*

14th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor and Eight Burgesses, called Barons. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election (as in the Report) appeared to be in the Lessees for Years, paying Scot and Lot; and also in such Persons as had the Freehold in Reversion, upon such Lease for Years—April 6, 1699.—Agreed to be in such as have an Estate of Inheritance, or a Lease for Life, determinable upon Life or Lives, payng Scot and Lot—March 2, 1700. Agreed to be in such Persons as are seized in fee, in possession or reversion of any Messuage, Tenements, or corporal Hereditaments, within this Borough, and in such Persons as are Tenants for Life or Lives; and, for want of such Freehold, in Tenants for Years, determinable on any Life or Lives, paying Scot and Lot, and in no others—January 2, 1719. Number of Voters 14, resident, and about 30 non-resident.

20. *Cornwall.*

198.

198. *Coventry City, Warwickshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed (by virtue of a Charter from King James I.) by a Mayor, Ten Aldermen, a Recorder, Two Bailiffs, Two Sheriffs, a Steward, Two Chamberlains, a Coroner, Two Wardens, and other inferior Officers. The Sheriffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election (according to the Resolutions of the House) is in such as have served Seven Years Apprenticeship, within the said City to one and the same Trade, not receiving alms—March 1, 1709. But Persons receiving the Sacrament or Bread-money, Sir Thomas White's or Sir Thomas Wheatley's gifts, were not then disqualified. Members of the Fullers Company, being Freemen, who have served Seven Years Apprenticeship in the City or Suburbs, not receiving alms or weekly charity, have a Right to vote—March 13, 1711. In such Freemen as have served Seven Years Apprenticeship to one and the same Trade, in the City or Suburbs, and do not receive alms or weekly charity, such Freemen being duly sworn and enrolled—Nov. 20, 1720. 2400.

213. *Cricklade, Wiltshire,*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription ; is governed by a Bailiff. The Returning Officer is the Bailiff. The Right of Election, as reported by a Committee of the House, and agreed to, to be in the Freeholders, Copyholders, and Leaseholders, for not less than Three Years—Feb. 20, 1696. At the general Election in 1780, there was a contested Election at this Place, the Merits of which was tried by a Committee, agreeable to the Grenville Act, when the conduct of the Bailiff and some of the

Electors appeared so extremely faulty, that the same was reported to the House, who made a strict enquiry into the business, and resolved to provide a remedy against such abuses in future—accordingly a Bill was brought into Parliament entirely altering the Constitution of this Borough, and extending the Rights of Election to the Freeholders of the adjoining Hundreds in common with the Voters of the Borough, and this passed into a Law in 1782. 900.

42. *Cumberland.*

57. *Dartmouth, alias Clifton Dartmouth Hardness,
Devonshire.*

26th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and Twelve Masters or Magistrates ; which Mayor, with the concurrence of the majority of the Masters, has a power to elect Officers, namely Two Bailiffs, a Town Clerk and High Steward. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freemen of the Borough—November 28, 1689—confirmed Feb. 16, 1793. 98.

257. *Denbighshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

258. *Denbigh Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and Two Bailiffs, annually chosen out of Twenty-five Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the free Burgesses of Denbigh, Leon, alias Holt, and Ruthyn, Feb. 7, 1743. 500.

45. *Derbyshire.*

46. *Derby Town.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed (by virtue of a Charter from King Charles I.) by a Mayor, a High Steward, Nine Aldermen, a Recorder, a Town Clerk, Fourteen Brethren, and Fourteen Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Corporation, Freemen, and sworn Burgesses. 700.

210. *Devizes, Wiltshire:*

23d Edward I.

Was incorporated by King Charles I. and is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Eleven Masters, and Thirty-six Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor and a select number of Burgesses—March 21, 1688. 30.

47. *Devonshire.*

62. *Dorsetshire.*

60. *Dorchester, Dorsetshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Two Bailiffs, Six Aldermen, Six Capital Burgesses, and Twenty-four Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The House resolved that the Right of Election, agreeable to the last Deter-

mination, is in the Inhabitants of the Borough paying to Church and Poor in respect of their personal Estates, and in such Persons as pay to Church and Poor in respect of their Estates within the said Borough, though not Inhabitants or Occupiers, and although their Names do not appear upon the Poor Rates—April 14, 1791. 400.

240. *Dover, Kent.*

2d Edward III.

The Town is governed by a Mayor, Assistants, and Commonalty. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freemen and Free Burgesses, inhabitants of Dover. March 24, 1623. The Non-inhabitant Freemen, as well as the Inhabitant Freemen, and Free Burgesses, have a voice in the Election of Barons to serve in Parliament. March 12, 1770. 1200.

205. *Downton, Wilts.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, chosen annually at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders. 1780. Number of Voters sometimes 80.

221. *Droitwich, Worcestershire,*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Bailiff, a Recorder, Burgess and other Officers. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses of the Corporation of Saltsprings of Droitwich. Nov. 11, 1690. 40.

279. *Dumfrieshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

280. *Dunbartonshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

174. *Dunwich, Suffolk.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, a Recorder, and other inferior Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. There have been several contradictory Decisions of the House concerning the Right of Election for this Place; but the last one fixes it to be only in the Freemen inhabiting within the said Borough, not receiving Alms. Feb. 5, 1708. 40.

70. *Durham County.*

28th Charles II. First Writ ordered May 14th, 1675.

71. *Durham City.*

28th Charles II.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, a Recorder, Twelve Common Council-men, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Mayor. The Right of Election is in the Corporation and Freemen. 1200.

31. *East Looe, Cornwall.*

13th Elizabeth.

The Corporation consists of Nine Burgesses, one of whom is annually chosen Mayor, and they have jointly the power of chusing a Recorder. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Burgesses, and Freemen.—
25.

281. *Edinburghshire.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

179. *St. Edmundsbury, Suffolk.*

30th Edward I. An intermission from that Time until the 4th
James I.

Is governed by an Alderman, Twelve Burgesses, and Twenty-four Common Council-men. The Alderman is the Returning Officer; and the Corporation elect the Member. 37.

282. *Elginshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

72. *Essex County.*222. *Evesham, Worcestershire.*

23d Edward I. but discontinued until the 1st of James I.

It is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Seven Aldermen,
Twelve

Twelve Capital Burgesses, Twenty-four Assistants, a Chamberlain and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the common Burgesses. September 22 1669. 600.

48. *Exeter, Devonshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twenty-four Aldermen, a Recorder, a Chamberlain, a Town Clerk, a Sheriff, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Sheriff. The Right of Election is in the Freeholders and Freemen. June 4, 1660.—1500

178. *Eye, Suffolk.*

13th Elizabeth.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, Ten Principal Burgesses, and Twenty-four Common Council-men. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. 200.

283. *Fifeshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

259. *Flintshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

260. *Flint Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor and — Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Decisions of the House as to the Right of Election have been contradictory; they are as follows: The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants of the Boroughs of Flint, Rhydlan, Overton, Caerwys, and Caergurley, paying Scot and Lot; and it was resolved that the Inhabitants of Knolton and Overton Foreign, have a Right to vote in the Election of a Burgess for Parliament for the said Town of Flint, May 21, 1728. The inhabitants of the several Boroughs of Flint, Rhydlan, Caerwys, Caergurley, and Overton, (including Knolton and Overton Foreign), renting Lands and Tenements, for which the Landlords thereof pay Scot and Lot, have a Right to vote in the Election of a Burgess for the Borough of Flint. April 5, 1737. The same have not a Right, 19th March, 1742. 1.

36. *Fowey, Cornwall.*

13th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Portreeve, a Mayor, Eight Aldermen, and other Officers. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Prince's Tenants, who are capable of being Portreeves, and such of the Inhabitants only as pay Scot and Lot. May 5, 1701. Number of Voters 63.

185. *Gallon, Surrey.*

29th Henry VI.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is governed by a Constable,

stable annually chosen at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor, and the Constable is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election, by the last Decision of the House, was determined to be in the Freeholders and inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. December 15, 1696. 20.

37. *St German's, Cornwall.*

5th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Portreeve, chosen annually at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen. 50.

261. *Glamorganshire.*

76. *Gloucestershire.*

77. *Gloucester City:*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Steward, a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, a Recorder, Two Sheriffs, Twenty-six Common Councilmen, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Returning Officers are the Sheriffs. The Right of Election is in the Freemen. 1500.

30. *Grampound, Cornwall.*

6th Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, Eight Aldermen, a Recorder, and a Town Clerk, &c. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right

Right of Election is in the Mayor, Recorder, and Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. 59.

108. *Grantham, Lincolnshire.*

Edward IV.

Is an ancient Corporation, and governed by an Alderman, Twelve Justices of the Peace, a Recorder, a Coroner, an Escheator, Twelve Second-men, who are of the Common Council, and other Officers. The Alderman is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen of the Borough not receiving alms or charity. Jan. 11, 1710. 400.

106. *Great Grimsby, Lincolnshire.*

26th Edward I.

It is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, Twelve Common Council-men, Two Bailiffs, and other inferior Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election according to the last Decision of the House is in the Freemen, admitted at a full Court by the Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council-men, and Burgesses, such Freemen being resident, and paying Scot and Lot, in all Cases, except where no Rate has taken Place subsequent to their Admission. April 11, 1793. 150.

195. *East Grinstead, Sussex.*

1st Edward II.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Bailiff chosen by the Burgage-holders at the annual Court of the Duke of Dorset, who is Lord of the Borough, and is returned
by

by the Steward of the Court. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election according to the last Decision of the House, is in the Burgage-holders only, and not in the Burgage-holders and Inhabitants. Feb. 9, 1695. 36.

184. *Guildford, Surrey.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Seven Aldermen, Sixteen Bailiffs, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freemen and Freeholders only, paying Scot and Lot, resident in the Town. April 24, 1689. It was agreed that one who had served Seven Years to a Freeman, was, ipso facto, a Freeman. Feb. 3, 1710.

285. *Haddingtonshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

75. *Harwich, Essex.*

17th Edward III. discontinued until 12th James I.

It is governed by a Mayor, elected out of Eight Aldermen, a Recorder, and Twenty-four capital Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and capital Burgesses, or Head-boroughs, resident within the Borough. April 6, 1714. 33.

186. *Haslemere, Surrey.*

27th Elizabeth.

Is a Borough by prescription, governed by a Bailiff chosen at the

the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor, &c. The Returning Officer is the Bailiff. The Right of Election is in the Freeholders resident within the Borough. May 20, 1661, February 9, 1698. By the word Freeholders is meant only Freeholders of Messuages, Lands, or Tenements, lying within the Borough and Manor of Haslemere, whether the same pay Rent to the Lord of the said Borough and Manor, or not, exclusive of any Lands or Tenements which are, or have been, parcel of waste Ground of the said Borough and Manor, or any Messuages, or Buildings which are, or shall be standing thereon. April 25, 1755. 60.

239. *Hastings, Sussex.*

42d Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Jurats, and Commonalty. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Jurats, and Freemen, resident, and not receiving alms. Jan. 30, 1698. 200.

268. *Haverford-West, Pembrokeshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Sheriff, Two Bailiffs, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freeholders, Burgesses, and Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving alms. July 4, 1714. 500.

26. *Helston, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I.

By a Charter of the 27th of Queen Elizabeth, and another of the

the 16th of King Charles I. it was governed by a Mayor, Four Aldermen, and an indefinite Number of Freemen. The Freemen were to be selected out of the Inhabitants, by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, or the major Part of them; the Aldermen by the Mayor, and Aldermen out of the Freemen; the Mayor by the Freemen out of Two Aldermen, to be nominated by the Mayor and Aldermen. The Right of Election of Burgesses to serve in Parliament has constantly been in the Mayor and Commonalty, which was always understood to mean the Mayor, Aldermen, and Freemen only. Some irregularities in the Admission of Freemen having been exercised, this business was brought before the Court of King's Bench in the Year 1769, where it was litigated. It appeared that soon after the Charter granted by Queen Elizabeth, a Bye-law had been made by the Corporation, by which the Right of electing Freemen was confined to the Mayor and Aldermen. After several Trials, the Court of King's Bench, and the House of Lords, delivered their opinion, "That the Election of Freemen could not be exercised by the Mayor and Aldermen, exclusive of the Commonalty." By these, and other Prosecutions of the same sort, Judgment of Ouster was obtained against all the Members of the Corporation, except Two Aldermen and Eight Freemen. In 1772, a Petition was presented to the King in Council, from several Merchants, Tradesmen, Freeholders, and Inhabitants of Helston, in which Two of the Ten remaining Corporations joined, stating the facts just mentioned, and alledging that the Corporation was totally dissolved; praying therefore such Relief as should be thought fit. After various hearings, a new Charter was granted to the Borough on the 3d of September 1774, similar to the former, with only the Alteration, "that the Freemen, who, notwithstanding the Charter, had by the usage, been excluded from a share in the Election of new Freemen, should be expressly excluded by the new Charter;" and by the new Charter a Mayor, Four Aldermen, and Thirty-

one Freeman, including the Mayor and Aldermen were appointed *nominatim* by this Charter. Of the Eight remaining Corporators, one of them had died in the interim, another was made an Alderman, and the other Six were made Freeman by the new Charter; but these Six would not accept or act under this new Charter, and formally protested against it. At the Election for Members for the Borough, on the 11th of October, 1774, the new Mayor, and other Members of the new Corporation, voted for the Marquis of Carmathen, and Francis Owen, Esq.; but after protesting against the illegation of this Election, they gave their votes for Philip Yorke and Francis Cust, Esqs. Richard Johns acted as presiding Officer for the Six old Corporators, and made a Return of the Two Gentlemen they had voted for: Mr Rogers, the Mayor, returned the Marquis of Carmarthen and Mr Owen, and the Sheriff annexed this last Return to the Writ, and sent it by his Agent to the Clerk of the Crown. He also sent the other Return by his Agent, but not annexed to the Writ. This the Clerk of the Crown would not receive, but it was produced by the Under-Sheriff on the Trial before the Committee. A full account of this Trial will be found in Mr Douglas's Account of the Trials of Contested Elections. The Committee determined that Philip Yorke, and Francis Cust, Esqs. the Petitioners, were duly elected, and ought to have been returned. An Order was accordingly made by the House for taking off the Indenture of Return, annexed to the Writ for the County of Cornwall, and annexing thereto the Indenture of Return expected by Richard Johns and others. 36.

80. *Herefordshire.*

81. *Hereford City.*

28th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Six Aldermen, and Twenty-four
com-

common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Citizens and Freemen. 1200.

84. *Hertfordshire.*

86. *Hertford, Hertfordshire.*

26th Edward I. with various intermissions until 1621.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Nine Aldermen, a Town Clerk, a Chamberlain, Ten Capital Burgesses, Sixteen Assistants, and Two Serjeants at Mace. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election according to the last Decision of the House, is in the Inhabitants not receiving Alms, and in such Freemen only as at the Time of their being made free were Inhabitants of this Borough, or the Parishes thereof. The Number of Freemen living out of the Borough not exceeding Three Persons. December 5, 1705. 700.

231. *Heydon, Yorkshire.*

23d Edward I. with intermissions until 1st Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Nine Aldermen, and Two Bailiffs. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses. April 3, 1746. 150.

207. *Heytesbury, Wiltshire.*

27th Henry VI.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is governed by a Bailiff and Burgesses. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders. 50.

124. *Higham Ferrers, Northamptonshire.*

2d, 3d, Philip and Mary.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Steward, a Recorder, Seven Aldermen, Thirteen capital Burgesses and Commonalty, with inferior Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Freemen, being Householders, and not receiving Alms, Jan. 28, 1702. 100.

206. *Hindon, Wilts.*

27th Henry VI.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by a Bailiff, and Burgesses. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants of Houses within said Borough, being Housekeepers and Parishioners, and not receiving Alms. April 12, 1728. 250.

54. *Honiton, Devonshire.*

28th Edward I. with several intermissions to the 4th Edward II. when it ceased, until it was restored the 16th Charles I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, but has no Corporation; is governed by a Portreeve, who is annually chosen at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor, and he is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, Housekeepers, commonly called Potwallers, not receiving Alms. December 18, 1724, 450.

189. *Horsham, Sussex.*

23d Edward I.

Is a Borough by Prescription, governed by two Bailiffs, annually chosen at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor, by a Jury, who return Four Candidates, out of which the Steward nominates Two. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in all such Persons as have an Estate of inheritance, or for life, in Burgage houses, or Burgage-lands, lying within this Borough. June 16, 1715. 25.

87. *Huntingdonshire.*

88. *Huntingdon Town.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, and Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen and Inhabitants. 200.

242. *Hythe, Kent.*

42d Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Jurats, and Commonalty. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Jurats, common Council, and Freemen. Jan. 27, 1710. 50.

152. *Ivelchester, Somersetshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, and Twelve Burgesses, who are Lords of the Manor. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election agreeable to the last Decision of the House, is in the Bailiffs, Capital Burgesses, and Inhabitants, not receiving Alms. Jan. 28, 1702. 100.

173. *Ipswich, Suffolk.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, a Recorder, a High Steward, Twelve Portmen, of whom Four are Justices of the Peace, a Town Clerk, Twenty-four Chief Constables, a Treasurer, and Two Chamberlains. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Bailiffs, Portmen, Commonalty, and Freemen, not receiving Alms. Feb. 3, 1710. A resolution passed, that Portmen are an essential constituent part of the great Court for making Freemen of this Borough, without some of which Portmen being present, the said Court cannot be held. March 31, 1714. 600.

35. *St. Ives, Cornwall.*

5th Mary I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Capital Burgesses, Twenty-four inferior Burgesses, and a Town Clerk.—The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. Dec. 8, 1702. 183.

89. *Kent.*

287. *Kincardineshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

226. *Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire.*

23d Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, a Recorder, a Chamberlain, a Water Bailiff, a Sheriff, and other Officers.—The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses and Freemen. 1090.

227. *Knaresborough, Yorkshire.*

1st Mary I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Bailiff. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders. May 17, 1690. 50.

288. *Kircudbright Stewartry, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

94. *Lancashire.*

96. *Lancaster, Lancashire.*

23d Edward I. intermitted from 23d Edward III. to Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Seven Aldermen, Two

Bailiffs, Twelve Capital Burgesses, Twelve common Burgesses, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen and Inhabitants. 1000.

21. *Launceston, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I.

Was incorporated by Queen Mary, in 1555, and is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and Eight Aldermen, and Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Freemen, being Inhabitants at the Time they were made free, and not receiving pay of the Parish. March 17, 1723. The Aldermen to be elected out of the legal Freemen. March 24, 1724. 30.

101. *Leicestershire,*

102. *Leicester Town.*

28th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, a Steward, a Bailiff, Twenty-four Aldermen, Forty-eight Common Councilmen, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freemen, not receiving Alms, and in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot; but Persons living in the Borough, by certificate, not having gained a Settlement, by renting L.10 per annum, or serving in an annual Office, are not entitled, (by paying Scot and Lot), to vote. February 8, 1705. 1100.

82. *Leominster, Herefordshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a High Steward, a Bailiff, a Recorder, Twelve Capital Burgesses, out of whom the Bailiff is chosen, and a Town Clerk. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Bailiff, Capital Burgesses, and Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. April 16, 1725. 400.

22. *Leskeard, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I.

It is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Eight Capital Burgesses, and Fifteen Assistants. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Corporation and sworn free Burgesses. 100.

23. *Lestwithiel, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I.—4th Edward II.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Six Capital Burgesses, and Seventeen Assistants. Returning Officer the Mayor. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, and Six capital Burgesses, together with the Seventeen Assistants annually chosen, and who had a Right to vote at the preceding Election of a Mayor. Dec. 20, 1709. 25.

191. *Lewes, Sussex.*

23d Edward I.

Is a Borough by prescription, and governed by

bles, chosen annually at the Court-leet held alternately by the Dukes of Norfolk and Dorset, and the Earl of Abergavenny.—The Constables are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. May 8, 1735. 400.

103. *Lincolnshire.*

104. *Lincoln City.*

49th Henry III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, Two Sheriffs, a Recorder, Four Chamberlains, and other Officers. The Sheriffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Citizens and Freemen. 1100.

290. *Linlithgowshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

168. *Litchfield, Staffordshire.*

33d Edward I. with intermissions until Edward VI.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, Twenty-four Burgesses, a Recorder, a Sheriff, a Steward, and other Officers. The Sheriff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election, by the last Decision of the House, is in the Bailiffs, Magistrates, Freeholders of 40s. per annum, and all that hold by Burgage-tenure; and in such Freemen only as are enrolled. Dec. 10, 1718.—600.

100. *Liverpool, Lancashire.*

Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and a Common Council of Forty one, including the Mayor, Recorder, and Town-Clerk. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Freemen, not receiving Alms. March 5, 1729. 1200.

111. *London City.*

49th Henry III.

Is governed by a Lord Mayor, who is annually elected out of Twenty-six Aldermen, a Recorder, Two Sheriffs, who are also Sheriffs of Middlesex, a Town Clerk, a Chamberlain, and other Officers. The Returning Officers are the Two Sheriffs; and the Right of Election is in the Livery of London. Act of 1725.—7000.

142. *Ludlow, Salop.*

12th Edward IV.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, Twelve Aldermen, Twenty-five Common Councilmen, a Recorder, Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, who resolved, that the Sons of Burgesses of Ludlow, and those that marry the Daughters of Burgesses, have a Right to be made Burgesses; and that every Person having a Right to be made a Burgess, ought to demand the same by Petition, signed by the Petitioner,

tioner, according to the Bye-law of 1663, and not otherwise,
March 1, 1698. 500.

215. *Ludgershall, Wiltshire.*

23d Edward I. intermitted to the 9th Henry V.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by a Bailiff, annually chosen at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. The House resolved, that pursuant to their last Determination, the Right of voting for Members to serve in Parliament for this Borough, is in such Persons as have any Estate of Inheritance or Freehold, or Leasehold, determinable upon Life or Lives, within the Borough, not confined to ancient Houses, or the scites of ancient Houses within this Borough—April 15, 1791, May 20, 1793. 70.

63. *Lyme-Regis, Dorsetshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, who is a Justice of the Peace during his Mayoralty, and the Year following, and in the Third Year is both Justice and Coroner; a Recorder, Fifteen capital Burgesses, Two of whom are Justices, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election was alledged to be in the Mayor, capital Burgesses, and Freemen—Feb. 28, 1727. 50.

164. *Lymington, Hants.*

27th Elizabeth.

Is an ancient Borough, governed by a Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, without limitation. The Mayor is the Returning Officer;

Officer; and the Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, is not in the Mayor, Burgesses, and Inhabitants, not receiving alms, but in the Mayor and Burgesses only—Jan. 11, 1710. 80.

116. *Lynn-Regis, Norfolk.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is governed by a Mayor, an High Steward, an Under Steward, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, and Eighteen Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen. 300.

92. *Maidstone, Kent.*

Edward VI.—lost its Right until the 2d Elizabeth.

Is governed a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Jurats, and Twenty-four Commoners. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freemen not receiving alms or charity—Dec. 8, 1702. 700.

74. *Malden, Essex.*

2d Edward III.

It is governed by Two Bailiffs, Eight Aldermen, and Eighteen capital Burgesses. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in such Freemen as do not receive alms, and are entitled to freedom by birth, marriage, or servitude; and Persons deriving their Right of freedom from honorary Freemen, and Persons claiming their freedom by Purchase, and

exercising Trades within this Borough, have no Right to vote—
May 20, 1715. 250.

212. *Malmesbury, Wiltshire.*

23d Edward I.

It is governed by an Alderman, who is chosen Yearly, Twelve capital Burgesses, and Twenty-four Assistants, Landholders, and Commoners. The Alderman is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Alderman and Twelve capital Burgesses—Dec. 13, 1702.

233. *Malton, Yorkshire.*

23d, 26th Edward I. it then ceased—restored in 1640, Charles I.

Is a Borough by prescription, governed by a Bailiff chosen at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders. 100.

218. *Marlborough, Wiltshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Mayor, Two Justices, Twelve Aldermen, Twenty Burgesses, a Town Clerk, Two Bailiffs, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor and Burgesses only—May 13, 1717. 21.

14. *Great Marlow, Bucks.*

28th Edward I. to the 2d of Edward II. it then ceased to send Members until 21st James I.

Is no Corporation, and is governed by the Constable, who is annually chosen at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Constable is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants only who pay Scot and Lot—Nov. 21, 1690. 216.

40. *St. Maw's, Cornwall.*

5th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Portreeve, or Mayor. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor or Portreeve, and the resident Burgesses. 40.

38. *St. Michael's, or Mitchell, Cornwall.*

7th Edward VI.

Is a Borough by prescription, is governed by a Portreeve, chosen annually by a Jury of the chief Inhabitants out of the Six principal Tenants, who are called Deputy Lords of the Manor, because they possess Lands in the Borough. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Portreeve and Lords of the Manor, who are capable of being Portreeves, and the Inhabitants of this Borough paying Scot and Lot—March 20, 1700. 26.

65. *Melcomb-Regis, Dorsetshire.*

(See Weymouth.)

263. *Merionethshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

109. *Middlesex.*190. *Midhurst, Sussex.*

4th Edward II.

Is a Borough by prescription, governed by a Bailiff, annually chosen by a Jury at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgageholders. 100.

153. *Milbourne-Port, Somersetshire.*

26th Edward I.

Is governed by Nine capital Bailiffs, who choose Two under Bailiffs, which last are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is only in the capital Bailiffs and their Deputies—in the Commonalty, Stewards, and other Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot—Dec. 8, 1702. 50.

151. *Minehead, Somersetshire.*

1st Elizabeth.

Is governed by Two Constables, annually chosen at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. They are the Returning Officers; and the Right of Election is in the Parishioners of Minehead and Dunster, being Housekeepers in the Borough of Minehead,

head, and not receiving alms—Feb. 24, 1717. The Precept to be directed to the Two Constables, and they to make the Return—June 13, 1717. 160.

112. *Monmouthshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

113. *Monmouth Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, Fifteen Common Councilmen, and a Town Clerk. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election, as last decided by the House, is as follows : Doth not belong to the Burgesses and Inhabitants of Monmouth only, but the Inhabitants of the Borough of Newport and Aske have a right to vote—Nov. 26, 1680. 800.

264. *Montgomeryshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

265. *Montgomery Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, Coroners, Burgesses, and other Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers; and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses of the Borough only. 80.

127. *Morpeth, Northumberland.*

1st Mary.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by Two Bai

liffs, and Seven Aldermen. The Two Bailiffs, who are the Returning Officers, are chosen out of Four Persons presented by the free Burgesses to the Lord of the Manor's Steward, who holds a Court here twice a year. The Right of Election is only in the Bailiffs and free Burgesses of this Borough—March 9, 1695. 200.

132. *Newark, Nottinghamshire.*

24th Charles II.

Is governed by a Mayor and Twelve Aldermen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and all the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot within this Borough—March 22, 1791. 800.

170. *Newcastle-under-Line, Staffordshire.*

27th Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Two Bailiffs, Twenty-four Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election, by the last Decision of the House, was agreed to be in the Freemen residing in this Borough—March 21, 1792. 500.

126. *Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Northumberland.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Nineteen Aldermen, a Recorder, a Sheriff, a Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Sheriff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Corporation and free Burgesses. 2500.

39. *Newport, Cornwall.*

7th Edward VI.

Is governed by Two Vianders, chosen annually at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Vianders are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Two Vianders, with the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. 62.

160. *Newport, Hants.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, and Twelve Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Eleven Aldermen, and Twelve Burgesses; in all 24.

97. *Newton, Lancashire.*

1st Elizabeth.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Steward, a Bailiff, and Burgesses. The Steward, who is also Steward of the Lord of the Manor, is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the free Burgesses. 36.

162. *Newton, Hants.*

27th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor and Twelve Burgesses, chosen annually by the Lord of the Manor. The Mayor is the Returning

Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor and Burgesses, having Borough Lands within the Borough—April 22. 1729. 39.

114. *Norfolk.*

237. *Northallerton, Yorkshire.*

26th Edward I. but intermitted from that time until 1640,
16th Charles I.

This ancient Borough is governed by a Bailiff, deputed and authorised by the Bishop of Durham, for the time being, by patent for Life. The Bishop is the Lord of the Manor, and the Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgageholders. 180.

120. *Northamptonshire.*

122. *Northampton Town.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Two Bailiffs, four Aldermen, Twelve Magistrates, Forty-eight Burgesses, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants being Householders, not receiving alms; and the sharing in the charitable gift distributed at Christmas is a taking of alms—April 26, 1665. 800.

125. *Northumberland.*

115. *Norwich City, Norfolk.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, a Steward, Two Sheriffs, Twenty-four Aldermen, Sixty Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Sheriffs are the Returning Officers. The House resolved, that the Right of Election is in the Freeholders, and such Freemen only of this City as are entered in the Books, and do not receive alms or charity. Resolved, That such Persons as had a Right to their Freedom before the Test of the Writ, and took out their Freedom after the said Test, not having demanded the same before the said Test, had not a Right to vote at the last Election—March 12, 1702. 3000.

129. *Nottinghamshire.*

130. *Nottingham Town.*

26th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Six Aldermen, a Recorder, Two Sheriffs, Two Coroners, Two Chamberlains, a Town Clerk, and Twenty-four Common Councilmen. The Sheriffs are the Returning Officers; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Freemen, and Freeholders of Forty Shillings per annum. It was also agreed, that the eldest Sons of Freemen by their Birth; the youngest Sons of Freemen, who have served Seven Years Apprenticeship, whether in Nottingham or elsewhere; and also such Persons as served an Apprenticeship to any Freeman of Nottingham, were well entitled to demand their Freedom—10th June 1701. 1800.

51. *Oakhampton, Devonshire.*

28th Edward I. 7th Edward II. and 16th Charles I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Seven capital Burgesses, and Eight Assistants. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Freeholders and Freemen, being made Free according to the Charter and Bye-laws of this Borough—Feb. 24, 1710. That the Mayor of the Town and Borough of Oakhampton is the Returning Officer of the said Borough—Feb. 28, 1791. 400.

175. *Orford, Suffolk.*

23d Edward I. ceased until Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, Eight Portmen, and Twelve capital Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Portmen, capital Burgesses, and Freemen, not receiving alms—Feb. 10, 1609, Jan. 29, 1708. 80.

291. *Orkney and Zetland-shires, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

133. *Oxfordshire.*134. *Oxford University.*

1st James I.

The Right of Election is in the Doctors and actual Masters.

The

The Returning Officer is the Vice-Chancellor of the University.
450.

135. *Oxford City, Oxfordshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a High Steward, a Recorder, Four Aldermen, Two Chamberlains, Eight Assistants, Two Bailiffs, a Town Clerk, all who have served the Office of Bailiff and Chamberlain, and Twenty-four Common Councilmen. The Mayor for the time being officiates at the King's Coronation in the Buttery, and has a large gilt bowl and cover for his Fee.—The Right of Election is stated to be in the Mayor, Fifteen more, called the Magistrates, and Common Council; making in all 48.—Feb. 29, 1620. 18th James I.

292. *Peebleshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

266. *Pembrokeshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

267. *Pembroke Town.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Mayor, Bailiff, and Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Bailiff, and Burgesses of the several Boroughs of Pembroke, Tenby, and Whiston—Feb. 23, 1711. 500.

32. *Penryn, Cornwall.*

7th Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Portreeve, Four Aldermen, Twelve Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor and Portreeve are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Portreeve, Aldermen, and Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. 140.

306. *Perthshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

121. *Peterborough City, Northamptonshire.*

1st Edward VI.

It is governed by a Mayor, Aldermen, and other Officers.—The Returning Officer is the Bailiff appointed by the Dean and Chapter. The Decisions of the House concerning the Right of Election are as follows: Agreed to be in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot—June 16, 1701. The Execution and Return of the Precept was resolved to be in the Bailiff appointed by the Dean and Chapter—April 9, 1728. The Right of electing Burgesses to Parliament was resolved to be in the Inhabitants within the Precincts of the Minster there, being Householders, not receiving alms; and in the other Inhabitants within the City, paying Scot and Lot—May 13, 1728. 400.

159. *Petersfield, Hants.*

35th Edward I. when it ceased until Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor and Commonalty; the Mayor, who
is

is the Returning Officer, is annually chosen at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Right of Election is in the Freeholders of Lands, or ancient Dwelling-houses, or Shambles, or Dwelling-houses or Shambles built upon ancient Foundations within this Borough—May 9, 1727. 150.

50. *Plymouth, Devonshire.*

26th Edward I. when it ceased until 20th Henry VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, Twenty-four Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Mayor; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor and Commonalty—June 9, 1660. Resolved, that the word Commonalty above-mentioned extends only to the Freemen of the said Borough—Jan. 17, 1739. 500.

53. *Plympton-Earle, Devonshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Eight Aldermen or Principal Burgesses, a Bailiff, and a Town-Clerk. The Mayor and Bailiff are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Mayor, Bailiff, and Freemen, and in the Sons of Freemen, who have right to demand their freedom—Jan. 28, 1702. 200.

238. *Pontefract, Yorkshire.*

23d, 26th Edward I. when it ceased until the James I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, a Recorder, and Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election, agreeable to the last Des

House, is as follows : Resolved, that the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants (Householders), resident there—May 28, 1624. Determined to be in the Persons having within the said Borough a Freehold Burgage-Tenure, paying Burgage-Rent—Feb. 5, 1770, April 11, 1783, June 11, 1784, March 9, 1791. 400.

61. *Poolc, Dorsetshire.*

36th Edward III. when it ceased until the 31st Henry VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Sheriff, a Recorder, Four Justices, and an uncertain number of Aldermen, (as every Person after he has served the office of Mayor commences Alderman), a Town Clerk, and Common Councilmen. The Sheriff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in Out-Burgesses as well as in the In-Burgesses—June 15, 1661. 100.

157. *Portsmouth, Hants.*

23d Edward I. when it ceased until the 29th Henry VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, a Recorder, and Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses—Jan. 24, 1695. 60.

95. *Preston, Lancashire.*

23d Edward I. restored by King Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Eight Aldermen, Four Under Aldermen, Seventeen Common Councilmen, and a Town Clerk. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election

Election is in all the Inhabitants—December 18, 1661. It was determined that the words *All the Inhabitants*, did not mean only the In-Burgesses of the last Guild, or those admitted since by copy of Court-roll, who are Inhabitants of this Place, but in all the Inhabitants at large—Nov. 29, 1768. 600.

93. *Queenborough, Kent.*

13th Elizabeth.

It is governed by a Mayor, Four Jurats, a Constable, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Jurats, and Bailiffs only—April 17, 1729. 134.

269. *Radnorshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

270. *New Radnor, Radnorshire.*

27th Henry VIII.

Is governed by a Bailiff, a Recorder, Two Aldermen, and Twenty-five Burgesses. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Burgesses of Radnor, Ryader, Knighton, Knuckless, and Kevenlice only—Nov. 12, 1690. 1200.

5. *Reading, Berkshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, and Twelve Capital Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants—~~See and Lot~~—May 30, 1716. 560.

131. *East Retford, Nottinghamshire.*

9th Edward II. when it ceased until the 13th Elizabeth.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, a Steward, Twelve Aldermen, and other Officers. The Returning Officers are the Bailiffs.—The Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, is in such Freemen only as have a Right to their Freedom by Birth, as eldest Sons of Freemen, or by serving Seven Years Apprenticeship, or have it by Redemption, inhabiting in the said Borough at the time of their being made free.—Jan. 11, 1710. 150.

230. *Richmond, Yorkshire.*

19th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, Twenty-four Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer; and the Right of Election is in such Persons only as are Owners of ancient Burgages in this Borough, having a Right of Pasture in a common, called Whitcliffe Pasture—March 9, 1727. 270.

229. *Rippon, Yorkshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Aldermen, Twenty-four Assistants, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgageholders, 170.

91. *Rochester City, Kent.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen,
Twelve

Twelve Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen. 600.

March 2, 1807.—The merits of the Rochester Election were tried before a select Committee of the House, upon the Petition of Thomas Moulden, Henry Lark, Robert Brooks, and Gregory Warner, Freemen, complaining of an undue Election and Return for said City, when Mr Blackburne from the Committee informed the House, that it appeared to the said Committee, that the merits of the Petition did depend upon the Right of Election; and that therefore the said Committee required the Counsel for the several parties to deliver to the Clerk of the said Committee, statements in writing, of the Right of Election, for which they respectively contended.

That in consequence thereof, the Counsel for the Petitioners delivered in a statement as follows:

“That the Right of Election of Members of Parliament for the City of Rochester, is in all the Freemen of the said City not receiving alms or charity.”

That the Counsel for the sitting Member, James Barnett, esq. delivered in a statement as follows:

“That the Right of Election of Members of Parliament for the City of Rochester is in the Freemen of the Corporation, who are admitted in right of being the eldest Sons of Freemen, born within the City, or by servitude or purchase, and not receiving alms.”

That, upon the statement delivered in by the Counsel for the sitting Member, the said Committee have determined,

That the Right of Election, as set forth in the said statement, is not the Right of Election for the said City of Rochester.

That, upon the statement delivered in by the Counsel for the Petitioners, the said Committee have determined,

That the Right of Election, as set forth in the said statement,
is

is the Right of Election for the said City of Rochester, so far as the said Right is therein described.

That the said Committee having duly considered the said statements, and the evidence adduced before them, touching the Right of Election for the said City of Rochester, have determined,

That the Right of Voting for Members to serve in Parliament for Rochester is in all Freemen not receiving alms or charity.

That the said Committee have also determined, that James Barnett, esq. is duly elected a Citizen to serve in the present Parliament for the said City of Rochester ;

And also, That the said Committee have determined, that the said Petition did not appear to the said Committee to be frivolous or vexatious.

And the said Determinations were ordered to be entered in the Journals of the House.

243. *New Romney, Kent.*

43d Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Jurats, and Commonalty. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Five Jurats, and Twenty-six Freemen. 32.

295. *Rosshire, Scotland:*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

296. *Roxburghshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October, 27, 1707.

138. *Rutlandshire.*

244. *Rye, Sussex.*

42d Edward III.

Rye being an appendage to the Cinque Port of Hastings, enjoys the same Privilege with the other Cinque Ports. It is a Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Mayor, Twelve Jurats, and the Freemen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Jurats, and Freemen, inhabiting in the said Port, and paying Scot and Lot.—Dec. 19, 1702. 100.

183. *Ryegate, Surrey.*

23d Edward I.

The Right of Election is in the Freeholders. The Returning Officer is the Bailiff. The Property is nearly equally divided between the Earl of Hardwicke and Lord Somers. The number of Voters about 200.

139. *Salop County, or Shropshire.*

27. *Saltash, Cornwall.*

Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, Six Aldermen, and Twenty Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election was in the Corporation and Freeholders; but in the Fourth Imperial Parliament several of the Inhabitants petitioned against the Return of Matthew Russel, esq. and Arthur Champenoune, esq. and the same being tried by a select Committee

of

of the House of Commons, on the 19th of February 1807, they came to the following Resolution: "That the Right of voting for Members of Parliament for the Borough of Saltash, is in the Mayor and free Burgesses of the same, being Members of the Corporation within the same, and in no other Persons.

241. *Sandwich, Kent, one of the Cinque Ports.*

42d Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor, Jurats, and Commonalty. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen Resiant, and Non-Resiant, except those who receive Alms. 700.

203. *Salisbury City, or New Sarum, Wilts.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a High Steward, a Recorder, a Deputy Recorder, Twenty-four Aldermen, Thirty Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor and Corporation, consisting of Fifty-six Persons. April 1, 1689.

216. *Old Sarum, Wilts.*

23d Edward III.

The Right of Election is in the Freeholders, being Burgageholders of this Borough. November 14, 1688. 7.

228. *Scarborough, Yorkshire.*

23d Edward III.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, Two Coroners, Four Chamberlains, and 36 Burgesses. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Corporation as above-mentioned. 44.

246. *Seaford, Sussex,*

An Appendage of Hastings, one of the Cinque Ports.

26th Edward I. continued with intermissions until the 1st of Henry IV. when it ceased to send Representatives to Parliament; restored as a Cinque Port 30th of Henry VIII. but did not send Representatives to Parliament until the 16th of Charles I.

Is governed by Two Bailiffs, and Jurats. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Bailiffs Jurats, and Freemen, and the popularity also. Feb. 10, 1671. That the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, Housekeepers, of the said Town and Port, paying Scot and Lot, and in such Inhabitants, Housekeepers, only. March 19, 1792. 50.

297. *Selkirkshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

67. *Shafton, or Shaftesbury, Dorsetshire.*

11th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Mayor. The Right of Election is not only in the Mayor and Burgesses, but in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. Feb. 29, 1695. 300.

192. *New Shoreham, Sussex.*

23d Edward I.

Is a Borough by Prescription, is governed by Two Constables, who are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election was formerly in the Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. But an Act of Parliament passed in 1771, whereby it was declared that all the Freeholders of Forty Shillings per annum, in the Rape or Hundred of Bramber, (in which Shoreham is situated), have a right to vote. 1500.

140. *Shretesbury, Salop.*

29d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, a Steward, a Town Clerk, Twenty-four Aldermen, and Forty-eight Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election, as determined by the House is as follows: "In the Burgesses inhabiting the said Borough, or in the suburbs thereof, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving Alms or Charity, Dec. 20, 1709—9th April, 1723. Is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses, May 27, 1714.

N. B.

N. B. Several Parishes and Villages were voted to be no part of the ancient Borough or suburbs. April 9, 1723. 500*.

145. *Somersetshire.*

154. *Southampton.*

156. *Southampton Town.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, a Sheriff, and Two Bailiffs, all those who have served in any of the foregoing Offices constitute the Common Council, which consequently is unlimited; but the Corporation have a Power of chusing Burgesses, who, tho' not Members of the Common Council, are yet of the Corporation, and have Votes. There are Eleven Justices of the Peace, viz. the Mayor for the Time being, the Bishop of Winchester, the Recorder, the last Mayor, Five Aldermen, and Two Burgesses. All who have passed the Chair are Aldermen. The Corporation have likewise a Town Clerk, and several other Officers. The Mayor and Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses and Inhabitants. December 31, 1689. Resolved, that the outliving Burgesses, as well as the Burgesses, (Inhabitants) paying Scot and Lot, had a Right to Vote. March 17, 1695. The Mayor and Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. April 3, 1735. 400.

X 2

181.

* STATE OF THE POLL IN 1796.

18TH PARLIAMENT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Out-Voters.</i>	<i>Assessed-Voters.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
Sir William Pulteney,	1514	370	1884
John Hill, Esq.	854	153	1007
Hon. William Hill,	721	242	963

N.B. The Returning Officers rejected all the Out-Voters, by which the Hon. William Hill had a Majority over J. Hill, Esq.

181. *Southwark, Surrey.*

23d Edward I.

By the grant of King Edward VI. this Borough is under the Government of the Lord Mayor of London, and constitutes one of the Twenty-six Wards of that City, by the name of Bridge-ward Without; and has an Alderman that presides over it. The Lord Mayor appoints a Steward and Bailiff, who hold Courts, and the Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. November 10, 1702. 1900.

167. *Staffordshire.*169. *Stafford Town.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Ten Aldermen, Twenty Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses resident within the Borough. November 27, 1722. 400.

107. *Stamford, Lincolnshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, a Deputy Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, a Town Clerk, Twenty-four Capital Burgesses, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving Alms or public Charities. March 8, 1735. 500.

298. *Stirlingshire:*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

194. *Steving, Sussex.*

4th Edward II.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and governed by a Constable, chosen annually at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Constable is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, is—That no Persons have a Right to vote at an Election for Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Steving, in respect of any Houses within the Borough of Bramber, the Tithing of Bidlington, or the Manors of Charlton, or King's Barnes; and that the Right of Election for Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Steving, in the County of Sussex, is in the Constable and Householdiers, Inhabitants within the said Borough, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving Alms. April 4, 1792. 80.

161. *Stockbridge, Hants.*

1st Elizabeth.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by a Bailiff, a Constable, and a Serjeant at Mace. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. 100.

177. *Sudbury, Suffolk:*

1st Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor, 2 Recorder, Six Aldermen, Twenty-

four Capital Burgesses or Common Councilmen, a Town Clerk, a Bailiff, and Two Serjeants at Mace. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election is only in the Sons of Freemen, born after their Fathers were made free; and such as have served Seven Years Apprenticeship, or made Freemen by redemption. Dec. 6, 1703. 80.

172. *Suffolk.*

180. *Surrey.*

187. *Sussex.*

299. *Sutherlandshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

171. *Tamworth.*

Partly in Stafford and partly in Warwick-shires, being divided by the River Thame, each side of the Town chuses a Representative in Parliament.

5th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a High Steward, Two Bailiffs, one for that Part of the Town in each County, a Recorder, an Under Steward, Twenty-four Principal Burgesses, and other Officers. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, is in the Inhabitants, being Householders, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving Alms. Jan. 22, 1722. 250.

55. *Tavistock, Devonshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, and governed by a Portreeve,

Portreeve, who is annually chosen on Michaelmas Day by Twenty-four Freeholders, at the Court-leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Portreeve is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freeholders of Inheritance in Possession, inhabiting within the said Borough. March 13, 1695—Feb. 4, 1696,—19th Jan. 1702. 10.

149. *Taunton, Somersetshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, a Justice of the Peace, Two Aldermen, Twenty-four Capital Burgesses, a Town Clerk, Two Constables, Two Portreeves, and Two Serjeants at Mace. The Mayor and Aldermen are annually chosen out of the Twenty-four Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants within the said Borough, being Potwallers, and not receiving Alms or Charity. July 28, 1715. 500.

79. *Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire.*

12th James I.

Is governed by Twenty-four Burgesses, Two of whom are annually chosen Bailiffs. The Bailiffs are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, paying Scot and Lot. 500.

118. *Thetford, Norfolk.*

1st Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Ten Aldermen, Twenty Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Burgesses,

Burgesses, or Aldermen, and Commonalty, or Common Council, amounting in the whole to Thirty-one. June 7, 1685. 31.

234. *Thirske, Yorkshire.*

23d Edward III. when it ceased until 1553, Edward VI.

Is an ancient Borough by Prescription, and is governed by a Bailiff, and between Forty and Fifty Burgage-holders. The Bailiff is chosen by the latter, and sworn by the Steward of the Lord of the Manor, for whom he holds a Court-leet twice a year, on Lady-day and Michaelmas-day. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgage-holders of Old Thirske. 45.

59. *Tiverton, Devonshire.*

1615, James I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Principal Burgesses, and Twelve Inferior Burgesses, or Assistants, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Recorder, Burgesses, and Assistants. 26.

49. *Totness, Devonshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by a Mayor, Thirteen Members or Assistants, Two Counsellors, and Twenty Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freemen not inhabiting, as well as Freemen, inhabiting within the Borough. March 4, 1695. 117.

33. *Tregony, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I. when it ceased until the 1st Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and Seven Capital Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election was agreed to be in all the Inhabitants that provide for themselves, whether they live under the same roof or not. March 3, 1695. 100.

24. *Truro, Cornwall.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Four Aldermen, Twenty Capital Burgesses, and a Recorder. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, and a select Number of Burgesses. May 21, 1689. 26.

6. *Wallingford, Berkshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Six Aldermen, a Town Clerk, Two Bailiffs, a Chamberlain, and Eighteen Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Eighteen Burgesses or Assistants, together with the Inhabitants of the said Borough, paying Scot and Lot, and not receiving alms. Dec. 15, 1709. 150.

68. *Wareham, Dorsetshire.*

30th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Six Capital Burgesses,
and

and Twelve Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, is only in the Mayor and Magistrates of the said Borough who pay Scot and Lot, and in the Freeholders of Lands or Tenements there, who have been *bona fide*, to their own use, in the actual occupation, or in the Receipts of the Rents and Profits of such Lands or Tenements, for the space of one whole Year next before the Election, except the same came to such Freeholders by descent, devise, marriage, marriage-settlement, or promotion to some benefice in the Church. May 19, 1747. 150.

197. *Warwickshire.*

199. *Warwick Town.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen or Brethren, Twenty-four Burgesses or Common Councilmen, and other inferior Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in such Persons only as pay to Church and Poor in said Borough. January 22, 1722. Confirmed to be in such as pay to Church and Poor. Feb. 18, 1793. 500.

148. *Wells City, Somersetshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Seven Masters or Aldermen, Sixteen Gownsmen, or Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House,

re-

resolved to be in the Mayor, Masters, and Burgesses, and in such Persons as are (by consent of the Mayor and Common-Council) admitted to their freedom, in any of the Seven Trading Companies, on account of Birth, Servitude, or Marriage.— May 2, 1723. The same Resolution, April 18, 1729. The same again, March 14, 1734. 500.

13. *Wendover, Bucks.*

28th Edward I. intermitted from the 2d Edward II. to 21st James I.

Is governed by Two Constables, annually chosen at the Court Leet of the Lord of the Manor. The Constables are the Returning Officers, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants, (Housekeepers within the Borough), not receiving alms; but Persons, coming by Certificate to live in the Borough, have not a Right to vote, November 21, 1701. 160.

143. *Great Wenlock, Salop.*

Edward IV.

Is governed by a Bailiff, a Recorder, Two other Justices of the Peace, and Twelve Bailiff Peers, or Capital Burgesses. The Bailiff is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses. 100.

83. *Weobley, Herefordshire.*

23d Edward I. when it ceased until 16th Charles I.

Is governed by

The Right of Election is in the Inhabitants of the ancient vote Houses

Houses of Twenty Shillings per annum value and upwards, residing in the said Houses Forty Days before the Day of Election, and paying Scot and Lot; and also in the Owners of such ancient vote Houses, paying Scot and Lot, as shall be resident in such Houses at the time of the Election. March 3, 1736.
—85.

208. *Westbury, Wiltshire.*

27th Henry VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, and Twelve Aldermen or Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in every Tenant of a Burgage-tenement in Fee, for Life, or Ninety-nine Years, determinable upon Lives, or by copy of Court Roll, paying a Burgage-rent of Fourpence, or Twopence yearly, being resident in the Borough, and not receiving Alms. June 1, 1715. 50.

29. *West Looe, Cornwall.*

6th Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, and Twelve Aldermen or Capital Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Freemen. 100.

110. *Westminster City, Middlesex.*

1st Edward VI.

This City is governed by the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, both in Civil and Ecclesiastical Affairs. The Civil Administration.
mi-

ministration is in the Hands of Laymen, elected by the Dean and Chapter. The Principal Magistrate is the High Steward, who is commonly one of the greatest Peers of the Kingdom; a Deputy Steward, who is nominated by the High Steward, and confirmed by the Dean; an High Bailiff, nominated by the Dean and Chapter, and confirmed by the High Steward. These enjoy their Places for Life. Besides these Officers there are Sixteen Burgesses, and as many Assistants, a High Constable, chosen by the Burgesses at the Court-leet, which is held by the Deputy of the High Steward. The High Bailiff superintends Elections for Members of Parliament, and is the Returning Officer. The Right of Election for the City and Liberty of Westminster is in the Inhabitants, Householders, paying Scot and Lot, within the united Parishes of St Margaret and St John, and the several Parishes of St Paul, Covent Garden, St Anne's, St James's, St George's, Hanover-Square, in the Liberty of St Martin Le Grand, in the County of Middlesex, and in so much of the Parishes of St Martin-in-the-Fields, St Clement Danes, and St Mary Le Strand, as are not within any of the Four Wards of the Liberty of the Duchy of Lancaster. May 11, 1589. 10,000.

200. *Westmoreland.*

64. and 65. *Weymouth, and Melcomb-Regis, Dorsetshire.*

Weymouth 12th Edward II.—Melcomb-Regis, 8th Edward II.

They were united by Queen Elizabeth, by Act of Parliament, which Act was confirmed 15th James I. and as formerly they sent each Two Burgesses, so they now send Four, returned by one Returning Officer, in Two Indentures, viz. the Two who have the Majority are returned as Burgesses, for Weymouth, and the other Two as Burgesses for Mel-

Melcomb-Regis. These united Boroughs form One Corporation, consisting of a Mayor, a Recorder, an uncertain Number of Aldermen, as every person who has served the Office of Mayor, is an Alderman for life ; Two Bailiffs, and Twenty-Four Capital Burgesses and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Capital Burgesses, inhabiting in the Borough, and in Persons seised of Freeholds within the Borough, and not receiving alms. May 7, 1730. 400.

165. *Whitechurch, Hants.*

27th Elizabeth.

Is an ancient Borough by prescription, governed by a Mayor, chosen yearly at the Court-leet of the Dean and Chapter of Winchester, who are Lords of the Manor. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Freeholders only of Lands or Tenements in right of themselves or their Wives, not split since the Act of the 7th and 8th Years of the Reign of K. William. Dec. 21, 1708. 70.

98. *Wigan, Lancashire.*

23d and 35th Edward I. when it ceased until 2d Edward VI.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, Two Bailiffs, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Free Burgesses. 200.

300. *Wigtonshire, Scotland.*

Anne, October 27, 1707.

204. *Wilton, Wiltshire.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Five Aldermen, Three Capital Burgesses, Eleven Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Mayor is the Returning Officer. The House agreed that the Right of Election be in the Mayor and Burgesses, who are to do all Corporate Acts, and receive the Sacrament.—Nov. 28, 1702—March 17, 1710. 80.

202. *Wiltshire.*

245. *Winchelsea, Cinque-Port, Sussex.*

43d Edward III.

Is governed by a Mayor and Jurats. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Jurats, and Freemen—Feb. 11, 1711. 40.

155. *Winchester City, Hants.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a High Steward, a Recorder, Aldermen, (not limited, out of whom are chosen Six Justices), Two Coroners, Two Bailiffs, Twenty-four Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Mayor. The Right of Election is stated to be in the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Corporation—Oct. 20, 1690. 120.

4. *New Windsor, Berks.*

30th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Two Bailiffs, and Twenty-eight other Persons, chosen from amongst the most substantial Inhabitants, Thirteen of whom are called Fellows, or Benchers of the Guildhall, and of these Ten are named the Aldermen, from among whom the Mayor and Bailiffs are chosen. The Returning Officer is the Mayor. The Right of Election, according to the last Decision of the House, is not in the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgesses, but that all the Inhabitants have the Right of electing—April 5, 1697. 300.

136. *New Woodstock, Oxfordshire.*

30th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Four Aldermen, and Sixteen Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Freemen of the said Borough—March 16, 1714. 400.

217. *Wotton Bassett, Wilts.*

25th Henry VI.

Is a Borough by prescription, and is governed by a Mayor, Two Aldermen, and Twelve capital Burgesses. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Inhabitants paying Scot and Lot. 150.

219. *Worcestershire.*

220. *Worcester City.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Six Aldermen, who are Justices of the Peace, (that are chosen of Twenty-one Common Councilmen), a Sheriff, and Forty-eight Assistants; also a Recorder, Town Clerk, and other Officers. The Returning Officer is the Mayor. The Right of Election is in the Citizens not receiving alms, and admitted to their Freedom by Birth, Servitude, or by Redemption, in order to trade within the said City—Feb. 11, 1747. 2000.

10. *Chipping Wycombe, Bucks.*

28th Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, Two Bailiffs, &c. The Mayor and Bailiffs are the Returning Officers. The House agreed that the Right of Election be in the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgesses, not receiving alms—Jan. 28, 1702. 170.

117. *Yarmouth, Norfolk.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Mayor, Seven Aldermen, a Recorder, and Thirty-six Common Councilmen. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election is in the Burgesses at large. 750.

158. *Yarmouth, Hants.*

23d Edward I. when it ceased until the 27th Elizabeth.

Is governed by a Mayor, who is elected by an Inquest, consisting of Ten Common Councilmen, and Two Commoners, who are shut up in the Guildhall without provisions until Nine out of the Twelve agree in the choice. The Mayor is the Returning Officer, and the Right of Election, as last determined by the House is as follows:—The Bye-law, made September 21, 1670, for electing Free Burgesses by the Mayor, and Five Chief Burgesses, was a good Bye-law—April 11, 1717. 50.

224. *Yorkshire.*225. *York City.*

23d Edward I.

Is governed by a Lord Mayor, Two Sheriffs, a Recorder, Twelve Aldermen, who are chosen Justices of the Peace, Twenty-four Assistants, a Town Clerk, Eight Chamberlains, Seventy-two Common Councilmen, and other Officers. The Sheriffs are the Returning Officers. The Right of Election is in the Corporation and Citizens. 1500.

A List

A List of those Places which formerly sent Members to Parliament, and now do not.

Alresford	Egremont	Odyham
Aulton	Exmouth	Overton
Axbridge	Ely	Polurun
Bamburgh	Farnham	Pershore
Basingstoke	Fareham	Pickering
Berkhamstead	Fremington	Raverser
Blandford	Glastonbury	Ross
Bishops-Stortford	Halifax	South-Moulton
Bradnesham	Highworth	Sherborne
Bradford	Jervall	Spalding
Bromyard	Kidderminster	Stoke-Cursy
Burford	Kingston	Tickhill
Chelmsford	Lidford	Tunbridge
Canebrig	Langport	Teignmouth
Crediton	Lidbury	Torrington
Chard	Leeds	Wainfleet
Chipping-Norton	Mere	Wisbeach
Dunstable	Montacute	Whitney
Dunster	Manchester	Whitby
Dudley	Milton Mowbraw	Were
Doncaster	Medbury	Watchet
Dedington	Newbury	

THE

THE ELECTION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE
ROYAL BOROUGHS OF SCOTLAND.

THE Laws for electing Members of the Royal Boroughs are very plain, as they were inserted in the Treaty of Union. The City of Edinburgh is allowed to elect one Commissioner or Representative to serve in Parliament; and the remainder of the Boroughs are divided into Fourteen Districts, each District to send One Representative agreeably to the List subjoined to this. Each Borough is governed by its own Charter or Set.—The Members of Parliament are not chosen by the Inhabitants at large of the different Boroughs, but by Delegates chosen by the Councils of the different Boroughs of the Fourteen Districts. Thus the Right of Election is delegated to Four or at most Five Persons, who elect the Member for the Boroughs they represent.

As to the manner of Election of the Fifteen Representatives, it is ordered, that—the Sheriff of the Shire of Edinburgh shall, on the receipt of the Writ directed to him, forthwith direct his Precept to the Lord Provost of Edinburgh, to cause a Burgess to be elected for that City; and, on receipt of such Precept, the City of Edinburgh shall elect their Member, and their common Clerk shall certify his Name to the Sheriff of Edinburgh, who shall annex it to his Writ, and return it.

The procedure at electing a Member for the City of Edinburgh is this.—The Right of Election is vested in the whole Magistrates
and

and Council, ordinary and extraordinary. The Clerk takes the Oath against Bribery, and to make a faithful Return. The Proceedings are regulated by a Clause.

The form prescribed by the Law for procedure at the Election of the Representatives of the Fourteen Districts of Boroughs, is this.—The Sheriff, on receiving the Writ, endorses on it the Date at which it came to hand; he then makes out a Precept to every Borough within his Jurisdiction, requiring them to elect a Commissioner to meet at the presiding Borough of the District, there to assist in electing a Burgess to serve in Parliament. These Precepts must be delivered by the Sheriff to the Chief Magistrate residing in each Borough, within Four Days from the receipt of the Writ, under the penalty of One Hundred Pounds Sterling for each Offence. Under a similar penalty, the Chief Magistrate must endorse upon the Precept the Date of its delivery, and within Two Days must call a Meeting of the Council of the Borough, to fix a Day, at the distance of at least Two free Days, for the Election of a Commissioner or Delegate to go to the Head-Borough to vote at the Election of the Member for the District. When the Council is met for this Election, they first take the Oath of Allegiance, and sign the Assurance; and also take the Oath of Abjuration, if required by any Member. The Town Clerk then takes an Oath against Bribery, and to make a faithful Return. The Members of the Meeting also take an Oath against Bribery, if any of the number require it. The Votes are then put; and the Clerk is directed to draw up a Commission to the Person who has the majority, and to sign it, and affix to it the common Seal of the Borough. The Clerk not doing his duty forfeits Five Hundred Pounds to the Commissioner duly elected. No particular Qualification is requisite to entitle a Person to be elected Commissioner for a Borough. The Commissioners from the different Boroughs being thus chosen, meet at the presiding or Head-Borough of the District, on the Thirtieth Day after the Date of the Writ; or if that should

fall on Sunday, on the Day following, betwixt Eleven and Twelve o'clock before Noon. The Commissioner from the presiding Borough, puts to the Clerk of his own Borough, (who is also Clerk of the Meeting,) an Oath against Bribery, and that he shall make a faithful Return.

If the Clerk refuse to act, or take the Oath, the Commissioners have power to choose another, and administer the Oath to him. The Commissions are then read; and Protefts may be entered against them. The Commissioners take the Oaths to Government, and the Oath against Bribery; they then give their Votes for a Burgess to serve in Parliament; and the Person presiding, and Clerk, having signed the Minutes, the Meeting is dissolved. But if any Person assert that he was duly elected Delegate from a Borough in the District, but has got no Commission, and declare for whom he would have voted; upon taking the Oaths, his Declarations will be inserted in the Minutes of the Meeting, but he cannot be allowed to vote. The Clerk of the Meeting must return to the Sheriff the Person who is elected by the majority of Commissioners, producing regular Commissions, signed by the Clerk, and having the common Seal of their Borough annexed; leaving it to the House of Commons, on Petition, to rectify any errors or injustice that may have been committed. If the Votes of the Commissioners are equal, the Commissioner chosen by the presiding Borough, besides his own, has also a casting vote; and the Boroughs preside by rotation.

If a vacancy should happen during the course of a Parliament, by the Death of the Member, or a vacancy be occasioned by his acceptance of a Place, the Borough which presided last, continues to do so at this intermediate Election, and its Commissioner has the casting vote. If the Commissioner from the Borough is absent, or refuse to vote, the Commissioner from the Borough which presided last but one, has the casting vote, over and above his own; and if he too is absent, or refuse to vote, it goes to the Commissioner of the Borough which presided last but two,
and

and so on backwards. If a Borough have no Magistrates at the time of an Election, on account of having been deprived of its elective Privileges, and not yet revived, the next Borough in order entitled to preside, becomes the Returning Borough, and its Commissioner has the casting vote; and the Borough which ought to have presided, is not allowed to do so, till all the others of the District have presided in their turn. If a Commissioner, after he is chosen, cannot attend on the Day of Election, a town Council has no power to choose a new Commissioner to vote for them at the Election of the Member for the District.

Any man, not otherwise incapacitated from holding a Seat in Parliament, may be elected to serve as Member for the City of Edinburgh, or for a District of Boroughs in Scotland. It is even no good objection, that he has not been created an honorary Burgess of any Borough in the District.

A TABLE

OF

The several Constitutions or Setts of the Fourteen Districts of Royal Boroughs in Scotland.

Edinburgh City.

1 Provoost	1 Old Dean of Guild
4 Baillies	1 Old Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	3 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	2 Trades Counsellors
1 Old Provoost	6 Ordinary Council Deacons
4 Old Baillies	8 Extraordinary ditto
Total 33.	

FIRST

FIRST DISTRICT.

Aberdeen.

1 Provost	1 Master of Kirk & Bridge Works
4 Baillies	1 Master of the Guild Brethren's Hospital
1 Dean of Guild	6 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	2 Trades Counsellors
1 Shoremaster	
1 Master of Mortifications	
Total 19.	

Aberbrothock.

1 Provost	1 Convener of the Trades
2 Baillies	1 Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	13 Counsellors
Total 19.	

Inverbervie.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	9 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 15.	

Montrose.

1 Provost	1 Old Dean of Guild
3 Baillies	1 Old Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	1 Master of the Hospital
1 Treasurer	1 Old Master of the Hospital
1 Old Provost	3 Merchant Counsellors
3 Old Baillies	2 Trades Counsellors
Total 19.	

Brechin.

1 Provost	1 Master of the Hospital
2 Baillies	5 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	2 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	
Total 13.	

SECOND DISTRICT.

Anstruther Easter.

3 Baillies 15 Counsellors

1 Treasurer

Total 19.

Anstruther Wester.

3 Baillies 11 Counsellors

1 Treasurer

Total 15.

Pittenvy.

4 Baillies 19 Counsellors

1 Treasurer

Total 24.

Crail.

3 Baillies 11 Merchant Counsellors

1 Treasurer

6 Trades Counsellors

Total 21.

Kilrenny.

3 Baillies 11 Counsellors

1 Treasurer

Total 15.

THIRD

THIRD DISTRICT.

Ayr.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	10 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	2 Trades Counsellors
Total 17.	

Campbelton.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	12 Common Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 17.	

Rothsay.

1 Provost	4 Common Counsellors
2 Baillies	11 Trades Counsellors
1 Treasurer	
Total 19.	

Troine.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	10 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	2 Trades Counsellors
Total 17.	

Inverary.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	9 Counsellors
Total 13.	

FOURTH

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Banff.

1 Provost	1 Deacon Convener
4 Baillies	1 Deacon Assessor to the
1 Dean of Guild	Deacon Convener
1 Treasurer	18 Guild Counsellors
Total 27.	

Cullen.

3 Baillies	1 Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	21 Counsellors
Total 26.	

Inverury.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
4 Baillies	9 Counsellors
Total 15.	

Kintore.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	3 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 9.	

Elgin.

1 Provost	4 Old Baillies
4 Baillies	1 Old Dean of Guild
1 Dean of Guild	1 Old Treasurer
1 Treasurer	3 Counsellors
1 Old Provost	2 Deacons of Crafts
Total 19.	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Burntisland.

1 Provost	11 Merchant Counsellors
2 Baillies	7 Trades Counsellors*
Total 21.	

Dysart.

2 Baillies	21 Counsellors
1 Treasurer	
Total 24.	

Kirkcaldy.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	16 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 21.	

Kinghorn.

1 Provost	13 Counsellors
2 Baillies	5 Deacons
1 Treasurer	
Total 22.	

SIXTH

* When a Nobleman is Present, there are Three Baillies, and the Council consists of Twenty-two.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Cupar.

1 Provost	13 Merchant Counsellors
3 Baillies	8 Trades Counsellors.
1 Dean of Guild	4 Adjoined Counsellors
1 Treasurer	

Total 31.

St Andrew's.

1 Provost	14 Guild Counsellors
4 Baillies	1 Deacon Convener
1 Dean of Guild	7 Deacons of Trades
1 Treasurer	

Total 29.

Dundee.

1 Provost	1 Old Provost
4 Baillies	2 Old Baillies
1 Dean of Guild	5 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	3 Trades Counsellors
1 Shoremaster	

Total 19.

Forfar.

1 Provost	11 Merchant Counsellors
2 Baillies	4 Deacons of Crafts
1 Treasurer	

Total 19.

Perth.

1 Provost	3 Old Merchant Baillies
3 Merchant Baillies	1 Old Trades Baillie
1 Trades Baillie	1 Old Dean of Guild
1 Dean of Guild	1 Old Treasurer
1 Treasurer	2 Merchant Counsellors
1 Old Provost	10 Trades Counsellors

Total 26

SEVENTH

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Culross.

2 Merchant Baillies	1 Deacon Convener
1 Trades Baillie	8 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	5 Trades Counsellors
1 Treasurer	

Total 19.

Dumfermline.

1 Provost	1 Old Dean of Guild
2 Baillies	1 Old Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	2 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	2 Trades Counsellors
1 Old Provost	8 Deacons of Crafts
2 Old Baillies	

Total 22.

Queensferry.

2 Seamen Baillies	5 Landmen Counsellors
1 Landman Baillie	3 Deacons of Crafts
10 Seamen Counsellors	

Total 21.

Stirling.

1 Provost	1 Dean of Guild
4 Baillies	7 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	7 Trades Counsellors

Total 21.

Inverkeithing.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	10 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	

Total 15.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Dingwall.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	10 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 15.	

Dornock.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
4 Baillies	8 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 15.	

Tain.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	9 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 15.	

Wick.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	7 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 12.	

Kirkwall.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
4 Baillies	12 Common Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	4 Deacons of Crafts
Total 23.	

NINTH DISTRICT.

Glasgow.

1 Provost	1 Master of Works
2 Merchant Baillies	1 Deacon Convener
1 Trades Baillie	12 Trades Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	13 Merchant Counsellors *
1 Treasurer	

Total 33.

Dumbarton.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	10 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	

Total 15.

Renfrew.

1 Provost	1 Dean of Guild
2 Baillies	1 Treasurer
1 Old Provost	13 Counsellors
2 Old Baillies	

Total 21.

Ruglen or Rutherglen.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	15 Counsellors

Total 19.

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Z

TENTH

* The ordinary Council consists only of Twenty-nine, but the Dean of Guild, Treasurer, Master of Works, Deacon Convener, are Extraordinary Counsellors; *en officio*.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Dunbar.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	15 Counsellors
Total 20.	

Haddington.

1 Provost	12 Merchant Counsellors
2 Merchant Baillies	1 Trades Counsellor
1 Trades Baillie	7 Deacons of Crafts
1 Treasurer	
Total 25.	

North Berwick.

2 Baillies	1 Old Treasurer
1 Treasurer	6 Counsellors
2 Old Baillies	
Total 12.	

Lauder.

2 Baillies	14 Counsellors
1 Treasurer	
Total 17.	

Jedburgh.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
4 Baillies	14 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	4 Council Deacons
Total 25.	

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Forres.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
4 Baillies	10 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	

Total 17.

Fortrose.

1 Provost	1 Dean of Guild.
3 Baillies	9 Counsellors
1 Treasurer	

Total 15.

Inverness.

1 Provost	1 Dean of Guild
4 Baillies	11 Merchant Counsellors
1 Treasurer	3 Trades Counsellors

Total 21.

Nairn.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	11 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	

Total 17.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Linlithgow.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
4 Baillies	12 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	8 Deacons of Crafts
Total 27.	

Peebles.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	11 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	1 Deacon
Total 17.	

Selkirk.

2 Baillies	1 Old Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	5 Deacons
1 Treasurer	5 Colleagues to the Deacons
2 Old Baillies	10 Merchant Counsellors
1 Old Dean of Guild	5 Trades Counsellors
Total 33.	

Lanark.

2 Baillies	1 Treasurer
1 Dean of Guild	12 Common Counsellors
1 Deacon Convener	
Total 17.	

THIR.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Dumfries.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	12 Merchant Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	7 Deacons
Total 25.	

Annan.

1 Provost	1 Dean of Guild
3 Baillies	13 Counsellors
1 Treasurer	
Total 19.	

Kirkcudbright.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	13 Common Counsellors
Total 17.	

Sanquhar.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
3 Baillies	11 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	
Total 17.	

Lochmaben.

1 Provost	1 Dean of Guild
3 Baillies	10 Counsellors
Total 15.	

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Wigton.

1 Provost	14 Counsellors
2 Baillies	1 Town Clerk
1 Treasurer	

Total 19.

Whitehorn.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	15 Counsellors

Total 19.

New Galloway.

1 Provost	1 Dean of the Market
2 Baillies	15 Counsellors
1 Treasurer	

Total 20.

Stranraer.

1 Provost	1 Treasurer
2 Baillies	13 Counsellors
1 Dean of Guild	

Total 18.

A TABLE OF THE DURATION OF THE SEVERAL PARLIAMENTS,
From the beginning of the Reign of HENRY VIII. to the present Time.

Names of the Monarchs.	When met.		When dissolved.		Existed.		
					Y.	M.	D.
Henry the Eighth	21 January,	1509	23 February,	1509	0	1	2
	4 February,	1511	4 March,	1513	2	1	0
	5 February,	1514	22 December,	1515	1	10	17
	15 April,	1523	13 August,	1523	0	3	29
	3 November,	1530	4 April,	1536	5	5	1
	8 June,	1531	8 July,	1536	0	1	10
	28 April,	1539	24 July,	1540	1	2	26
	16 January,	1541	29 March,	1544	3	2	13
Edward the Sixth	23 November,	1545	31 January,	1547	1	2	8
	4 November,	1547	15 April,	1552	4	5	11
	1 March,	1553	31 March,	1553	0	1	0
	5 October,	1553	6 December,	1553	0	2	1
	2 April,	1554	5 May,	1554	0	1	3
	12 November,	1554	16 January,	1555	0	2	4
	21 October,	1555	9 December,	1555	0	1	17
	20 January,	1557	17 November,	1557	0	9	28
Elizabeth	23 January,	1558	8 May,	1558	0	3	16
	11 January,	1562	2 January,	1567	4	11	22
	2 April,	1571	29 May,	1571	0	1	27

<i>Names of the Monarchs.</i>	<i>When met.</i>	<i>When dissolved.</i>	<i>Existed.</i>
Elizabeth	8 May, 1572	18 March, 1580	7Y. 10M. 10D.
—	23 November, 1585	14 September, 1586	0 9 21
—	29 October, 1586	23 March, 1587	0 4 23
—	4 February, 1588	29 March, 1588	0 1 25
—	19 November, 1592	10 April, 1593	0 4 22
—	24 October, 1597	9 February, 1598	2 3 16
—	7 October, 1601	29 December, 1601	0 2 22
James the First	19 March, 1603	9 February, 1611	7 10 21
—	5 April, 1614	7 June, 1614	0 2 2
—	30 January, 1620	8 February, 1621	1 0 9
Charles the First	19 February, 1623	24 March, 1625	2 1 5
—	17 May, 1625	12 August, 1625	0 2 26
—	6 February, 1626	15 June, 1626	0 4 9
—	17 March, 1627	10 March, 1628	0 11 23
—	13 April, 1640	3 May, 1640	0 0 22
Charles the Second	3 November, 1640	20 April, 1653	12 5 17
—	25 April, 1660	29 December, 1660	0 8 4
—	8 May, 1661	24 January, 1678	16 8 16
—	6 March, 1679	12 July, 1679	0 4 6
—	17 October, 1679	18 January, 1681	1 1 3
James the Second	21 March, 1681	28 March, 1681	0 0 7
—	12 March, 1685	28 July, 1687	2 4 16
—	22 January, 1688	26 February, 1689	1 1 4
William the Third	20 March, 1689	11 October, 1695	6 6 22
—	27 November, 1695	7 July, 1698	2 7 10

Names of the Monarchs.	When met.	When dissolved.	Existed.	
			2Y.	3M. 26D.
William the Third	24 August,	1698	19 December,	1700
	26 February,	1700	11 November,	1701
	30 December,	1701	7 July,	1702
	20 August,	1702	5 April,	1705
	14 June,	1705	15 April,	1708
Anne	8 July,	1708	21 September,	1710
	25 November,	1710	8 August,	1713
	12 November,	1713	15 January,	1715
	17 March,	1715	10 March,	1721
	10 May,	1722	5 August,	1727
George the First	28 November,	1727	18 April,	1734
	13 June,	1734	28 April,	1741
	25 June,	1741	18 June,	1747
	13 August,	1747	8 April,	1754
	31 May,	1754	20 March,	1761
George the Second	6 November,	1761	12 March,	1768
	10 May,	1768	30 September,	1774
	29 November,	1774	1 September,	1780
	31 October,	1780	25 March,	1784
	8 May,	1784	11 June,	1790
George the Third	25 November,	1790	20 May,	1796
	27 September,	1796	29 June,	1802
	2 February,	1801	24 October,	1806
	12 November,	1802	29 April,	1807
	10 December,	1806		
	22 June,	1807		

A LIST OF THE SCOTCH PEERAGE.

At the Union in 1707.

DUKES.

Hamilton	Argyll
Buccleuch	Douglas
Lennox	Athole
Gordon	Montrose
Queensberry	Roxburgh

MARQUISSES.

Tweeddale	Annandale
Lothian	

EARLS.

Crawfurd and Lindsay	Monteith
Erroll	Roths
Marischal	Morton
Sutherland	Buchan
Marr	Glencairn

EARLS

EARLS.

Eglintoun	Panmure
Cassilis	Selkirk
Caithness	Northesk
Moray	Kincardine
Nithsdale	Balcarras
Wintoun	Forfar
Linlithgow	Aboyne
Home	Newburgh
Perth	Kilmarnock
Wigtoun	Dundonald
Strathmore	Dumbarton
Abercorn	Kintore
Kellie	Breadalbane
Haddington	Aberdeen
Galloway	Dunmore
Lauderdale	Melville
Seaforth	Orkney
Kinnoul	Ruglen
Loudoun	March
Dumfries	Marchmont
Stirling	Seafield
Elgin	Hyndford
Southesk	Cromarty
Traquair	Stair
Ancrum	Roseberry
Wemyss	Glasgow
Dalhousie	Portmore
Airlie	Bute
Findlater	Hopetoun
Carnwath	Deloraine
Callander	Solway
Leven	Ilay
Dysart	

VISCOUNTS.

Kingston	Newhaven
Oxford	Strathallan
Irwin	Tiviot
Kenmure	Dupplin
Kilsyth	Garnock
Dumblane	Primrose
Preston	

BARONS.

Forbes	Colville of Culross
Saltoun	Cranstoun
Gray	Burleigh
Ochiltree	Jedburgh
Cathcart	Maddertie
Sinclair	Dingwall, (D. of Ormond)
Mordington	Coupar
Semple	Napier
Elphinstone	Fairfax
Oliphant	Reay
Lovat	Forrester
Borthwick	Pitsligo
Rosse	Kirkcudbright
Somerville	Fraser
Torphichen	Bargenny
Spynie	Banff
Lindores	Elibank
Balmerino	Halkertoun
Blantyre	Belhaven
Cardross	Abercrombie

BARONS

BARONS.

Duffus	Newark
Rollo	Nairne
Colville of Ochiltree	Aymouth, (D. of Marlbro')
Ruthven	Kinnaird
Rutherford	Glassford
Ballenden	

SCOTCH PEERS,

Created Peers of England before the Union in 1707.

DUKES.

Rothsay,	-	-	Prince of Wales
Buccleuch,	-	-	Earl of Doncaster
Lennox,	-	-	Duke of Richmond

VISCOUNT.

Dumblane	-	-	Duke of Leeds
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BARON.

Aymouth	-	-	(Churchill) D. of Marlborough
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SCOTCH

SCOTCH PEERS.

Created Peers of Great Britain since the Union in 1707.

DUKES.

Hamilton	-	-	Duke of Brandon
Gordon,	-	-	Earl of Norwich
Queensberry,	-	-	Lord Douglas of Ambresbury
Argyll	-	-	Lord Sundridge
Athole	-	-	Earl Strange
Montrose	-	-	Earl Graham of Belford
Roxburgh	-	-	Earl Ker of Wakefield

EARLS.

Morton	-	-	Lord Douglas of Lochleven
Eglinton	-	-	Lord Ardrossan
Cassilis	-	-	Lord Ailsa
Moray	-	-	Lord Stuart
Galloway	-	-	Lord Stewart
Lauderdale	-	-	Lord Lauderdale
Breadalbane	-	-	Lord Breadalbane
Bute	-	-	{ Lord Montstuart, and Marquis of Bute

VISCOUNT.

Stormont	-	-	Earl of Mansfield
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SCOTCH

SCOTCH PEERAGES

Become Extinct since the Union in 1707.

DUKE of DOUGLAS.

EARLS.

Wigtoun
Stirling
Forfar
Dumbarton

Marchmont
Solway
Ilay

VISCOUNTS.

Dunbar
Oxfurd
Irwin

Preston
Newhaven
Tiviot

BARONS.

Oliphant
Borthwick
Rosse
Spynie
Cramond
Lindores
Fraser
Bargenny

Banff
Abercrombie
Colville of Ochiltree
Rutherford
Ballenden
Glassford
Aymouth (D. of Marlbro'.)

SCOTCH

SCOTCH PEERAGES MERGED IN SUPERIOR TITLES.

EARLS.

Ancrum,	- - - -	in Lothian
Callander,	- - - -	in Linlithgow
Seafeld,	- - - -	in Findlater
Melville,	- - - -	in Leven
Kincardine,	- - - -	in Elgin
Ruglen and March,	- -	in Queensberry

VISCOUNTS.

Dupplin,	- - - -	in Kinnoul
Garnock,	- - - -	in Craufurd
Primrose,	- - - -	in Roseberry
Jedburgh,	- - - -	in Lothian
Maddertie,	- - - -	in Strathallan

BARONS.

Cardross,	- - - -	in Buchan
Coupar,	- - - -	in Balmerino
Halkerton,	- - - -	in Kintore

SCOTCH

SCOTS PEERS DORMANT, BUT NOT EXTINCT.

DUKE of ROXBURGH.

MARQUIS of ANNANDALE.

EARLS.

Menteith
Glencairn
Airlie

Newburgh
Marchmont

BARONS.

Oliphant

Borthwick

SCOTS PEERAGES FORFEITED IN 1715.

EARLS.

Marischal
Mar

Nithsdale
Wintoun

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A a

EARLS

 EARLS.

Linlithgow	Carnwath
Perth	Callander
Seaforth	Panmure
Southesk	Kenmure
Airlie	

 VISCOUNTS.

Kingston	Kilsyth
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 BARONS.

Burleigh	Duffus
Dingwall (D. of Ormond)	

 SCOTS PEERAGES FORFEITED IN 1715.

 EARLS.

Kilmarnock	Cromartie
Viscount Strathallan.	

 BARONS.

Lovat	Pitsligo
Balmerino and Coupar	Nairn
Maddertie	

OF ELECTIONS IN GENERAL,
AND
OF BRIBERY.

ELECTIONS of Members of Parliament ought to be free—so declared by the Bill of Rights, Stat. 1. W. and M. Sess. 2. Cap. 2. and often before by Parliament: and the Nominations claimed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, of one Person to be elected for each Port or Town, is declared contrary to Law, by Stat. 2. W. and M. Cap. 7. And by Stat. 5. W. and M. Cap. 20. No Person concerned in managing the Excise shall in any manner endeavour to persuade or dissuade any Elector about giving his Vote, on penalty of L.100, and perpetual incapacity of any Office or Place of Trust under the Crown. And by Stat. 12. 13. W. III. Cap. 10. the like penalty is inflicted on Persons employed in the Customs, for the like Offence. No Candidate, after the Teste of the Writ, or after any Place becomes vacant, shall, by himself or any other means on his behalf, or at his charge, before his Election, directly or indirectly, give, present, or allow to any Person having a Vote, any money, meat, drink, entertainment, or provision, or make any present, gift, reward, or entertainment, or make any promise, agreement, obligation, or engagement, to give or allow any money, meat, drink, provision, present, reward, or entertainment, to or for any Person in particular, or to any County, City, &c. in general, for the use, advantage, benefit, employment, profit, or preferment of such Person or Place, in order to be elected.

And every Person so giving, presenting, or allowing, making, promising, or engaging, doing, acting, or proceeding, is disabled, upon such Election, to serve in Parliament for such County, City, &c. and shall not act, sit, or vote, but shall be as if never returned. Stat. 7. W. III. Cap. 4.

Every Voter, before he is admitted to poll, on demand of one Candidate, or any two Electors, shall swear as follows: "I, A. B. do swear, (or being a Quaker, I, A. B. do solemnly affirm,) I have not received, or had, by myself, or any Person in trust for me, or for my use and benefit, directly or indirectly, any sum or sums of money, office, place, or employment, gift, or reward, or any promise or security, for any money, office, employment, or gift, in order to give my Vote at this Election, and that I have not before been polled at this Election." And the Returning Officer is to administer the said Oath, or Affirmation, gratis, if demanded, on pain of L.50 to him that will sue for the same, with full costs. And if he admits any Person to be polled without taking such Oath or Affirmation, if demanded, he forfeits L.100 with full costs; and such Voter incurs the same penalty. And by the same Statute, 2d Geo. II. Cap. 24. the Returning Officer, immediately after the reading the Writ or Precept, shall take and subscribe the following Oath:—"I, A. B. do solemnly swear, that I have not, directly or indirectly, received any sum or sums of money, office, place, or employment, gratuity, or reward, or any bond, bill, or note, or any promise or gratuity whatsoever, either by myself or any other Person, to my use, or benefit, or advantage, for making any Return at the present Election of Members to serve in Parliament; and that I will return such Person or Persons, as shall, to the best of my judgment, appear to me to have the most number of legal Votes." The said Oath to be administered by any Justice of Peace of the County, City, &c. where the Election is, or in his absence, by any three Electors, and to be entered among the Records of the Sessions of such County, &c.

&c. And if any Officer, Elector, or Person taking the said Oath or Affirmation, shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury, or false affirming, he shall suffer as for corrupt perjury. No Person convicted of wilful and corrupt perjury, or subornation, shall be capable of voting. If any Person claiming a Right to vote, shall ask, receive, or take any money or other reward, by way of gift, loan, or other device, or agree and contract for any money, gift, office, employment, or other reward whatsoever, to give his Vote, or to refuse or forbear to give his Vote; or if any, by himself, or any employed by him, shall by any gift, reward, promise, agreement, or security for any gift or reward, corrupt or procure any Person to vote, or forbear voting, the Offender forfeits L.500 with full costs, and every Offender in the cases aforesaid, after judgment against him, or other lawful conviction, incurs perpetual disability to vote in any Election of Members, &c. and to hold any office or franchise in any City, Borough, &c. And if any Offender against this Act shall within Twelve Months next after such Election, discover any other Offender, so as to be convicted, the Discoverer not having been before convicted of offending against this Act, shall be indemnified from the penalties and disabilities aforesaid. Stat. 2. Geo. II. Cap. 24.

And the Returning Officer is to read or cause to be read openly this Act at the time of Election, immediately after the reading the Writ or Precept, &c. Every Officer who ought to execute any such Precept or Writ, &c. forfeits L.50, with full costs, for every wilful Offence contrary to this Act. Prosecution to be commenced within Two Years after the Offence, and carried on without wilful delay.—*Ibid.*

Of Electors in general.

THERE are some requisites which are to be expected in all Electors, whether for Knights, Citizens, Burgesses or Barons

of the Ports, &c. and if they will not conform themselves to the Laws prescribed, and take the Oaths, when required, their Votes are to be rejected ; and for some instances of malversation they incur other severe penalties.

Every Elector, if required, shall, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, take the Oath, appointed by Stat. 1. W. and M. Cap. 1. with which I shall not incur this short Treatise, they being so well known, and in every hand, this is by Stat. 7. and 8. William III. Cap. 27. And shall also (by the same Act) make and subscribe the Declaration, appointed by Stat. 30. Cap. 2. § 1. and (by Stat. 4. Anne, Cap. 8.) the Oath of Abjuration.

And by Stat. 2. Geo. II. Cap. 24. Every Voter shall take the Oath (which see in Cap. 1.) of Bribery, if demanded by a Candidate, or any two Electors.

Quakers in all these cases are allowed Affirmation instead of an Oath, by 1st Geo. Sess. 1. Cap. 7.

All Electors must be Twenty-one Years of Age, by Stat. 7. and 8. William III. Cap. 25.

Of Electors for Knights of Shires.

THESE must be Freeholders of Forty Shillings per Annum at least, above all charges, in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, (see Stat. 8. Henry VI. Cap. 7.) and besides the Oaths mentioned in the preceding Section, shall, if required by a Candidate or any Person having a Right to vote, take the Oath appointed by Stat. 10. Anne, Cap. 23. No Person shall be allowed to vote by reason of a Trust-Estate or Mortgage, unless he be in actual possession, or receipt of rents or profits, but the Mortgagor or *Celui qui trusts* may vote. All Conveyances of any Hereditament, in order to multiply votes, or split the interest among several, to enable them to vote, are void, and only one single Person shall

shall be admitted to vote for the same House or Tenement—7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. See Cap. 8. for the Freeholders Oath.

Estates and Conveyances made collusively to qualify Persons to give their votes at Elections of Knights of the Shire, shall be taken against the Granters, &c. as free and absolute, and be held by the Grantee, &c. acquitted from all manner of trusts, clauses of re-entry, &c. and all bonds, covenants, &c. for restoring thereof, shall be void.

And every Person who executes such Conveyances, or being privy to such purpose, devises, or prepares the same, or who, by colour thereof, gives a vote at any Election of Knights of a Shire forfeits L.40 to him that will sue—Stat. 10. Anne, Cap. 23.

No Person shall vote for a Knight of a Shire in England, in Right of Lands which have not been assessed to public Taxes, Church-Rates, and Parish Duties, in such proportion as other Lands of 40s. per Annum in the same Parish, and for which such Person has not received the Rents, or was entitled so to do, to the value of 40s. or more, to his own use, for one Year before such Election, unless it came by descent, marriage, devise, presentation to some benefice, or promotion to an office. He that votes contrary to the true intent of this Act, forfeits L.40, a moiety to the Poor where the Lands lie, the other to the Person suing—Stat. 10. Anne, Cap. 23.

The last mentioned Act is not to restrain any Person from voting in Right of Rents, Tithes, or other incorporeal Inheritances, Messuages or Lands in Extra-Parochial Places, Chambers in the Inns of Court, or Inns of Chancery, Messuages or Seats belonging to any Offices, or in Right of any other Messuages or Lands, that have not been actually charged and assessed to all and every the public Taxes, Church-Rates, and Parish-Duties; provided such Messuages or Lands have been usually charged or assessed to some one or more of the said public Taxes, Rates, or Duties, in such proportion as other Messuages

or Lands of 40s. per Annum, within the same Parish or Township, are usually charged—Stat. 12. Anne, Cap. 5.

By Stat. 18. Geo. II. Cap. 18. After 24th June 1745, upon every Election in England or Wales, of any Knight of a Shire, every Freeholder, instead of the Oath of Affirmation prescribed by Stat. 10. Anne, before he is admitted to poll, shall (if required by a Candidate, or any other Person having a Right to vote) first take the Oath (or, being a Quaker, the solemn Affirmation) following, viz.

You shall swear, (or being one of the People called Quakers, you shall solemnly affirm) that you are a Freeholder in the County of _____ and have a Freehold Estate, consisting of _____ (specifying the nature of such Freehold Estate, whether Messuage, Land, Rent, Tythe, or what else; and if such Freehold Estate consists in Messuages, Lands, or Tythes, then specifying in whose Occupation the same are; and if in Rent, then specifying the Names of the Owners or Possessors of the Lands or Tenements, out of which such Rent is issuing, or of some or one of them) lying, or being at _____ in the County of _____ of the clear yearly value of Forty Shillings, over and above all Rents and Charges payable out of, or in respect of the same; and that you have been in the actual Possession or Receipt of the Rents or Profits thereof, for your own use, above Twelve Calendar Months, or that the same came to you, within the time aforesaid, by descent, marriage, marriage settlement, devise, or promotion to a benefice in a Church, or by promotion to an Office; and that such Freehold Estate has not been granted or made to you fraudulently, on purpose to qualify you to give your vote; and that the Place of your Abode is at _____ in _____ and that you are Twenty-one Years of Age, as you believe; and that you have not been polled before at this Election.

Which

Which Oath, &c. the Sheriff by himself, his Under Sheriff, or such sworn Clerk, or Clerks, as shall be by him appointed for the taking of the poll, is to administer; and if any Person taking the said Oath, &c. shall thereby commit wilful perjury, and be thereof convicted; and if any Person do unlawfully and corruptly procure or suborn any Person to take the said Oath, &c. in order to be polled, whereby he shall commit such wilful perjury, and shall be thereof convicted, he, for every such Offence, shall incur the pains and penalties in Stat. 5. Elizabeth, and Stat. 2. Geo. II.

Whereas by the said Stat. 10. Anne, it is enacted, that after May 1, 1712, no Person shall vote for the electing of any Knight of a Shire in England, in right of any Lands, &c. which have not been charged or assessed to the public Taxes, Church-Rates, and Parish-Duties, in such proportion as other Lands, &c. of 40s. per Annum, within the same Parish or Township, are usually charged; and whereas by Stat. 12. Anne, for explaining the said recited clause, it was enacted, that the said Act shall not restrain any Person from voting in such Election, in right of any Rents, Tithes, or other incorporeal Inheritances, or Messuages, or Lands in extra-parochial Places, or Chambers in the Inns of Courts, or Chancery, or Messuages or Seats belonging to any Officers, in regard that the same have not been usually charged or assessed to all or any of the public Taxes, &c. or in right of any other Messuages, &c. not herein before specified, by reason that the same have not been usually charged or assessed to all public Taxes, &c. aforesaid; provided that such Messuages, &c. have usually been charged or assessed to some one or more of the said public Taxes, &c. in such proportion as other Messuages, &c. of 40s. per Annum, in the same Parish, &c. are usually charged to the same; be it enacted, that so much of the said recited Acts shall be repealed.

Provided, that after the said 24th June, no Person shall vote

for the electing of a Knight, &c. in England or Wales, in right of any Messuages, &c. which have not been charged or assessed towards a Land-tax in Great Britain, Twelve Calendar Months next before such Election.

This Act shall not restrain any Person from voting in right of any Rents, or Chambers in the Inns of Court or of Chancery, or Messuages or Seats belonging to any Officer, by reason that the same have not been usually charged or assessed to the Land-tax. The acting Commissioners of the Land-tax, or any three, &c. at their Meetings for the Divisions, shall sign and seal one other Duplicate of the Copies of the Assessments to be delivered to them by the Assessors, after all Appeals determined, and deliver the same to the Clerks of the Peace, to be kept among the Records of the Sessions; all Persons may inspect the same, paying 6d. and the Clerks of the Peace, or their Deputies, are forthwith to give Copies of the same, or any part thereof, to any Person who shall require the same, paying after the rate of 6d. for every 300 words.

After the said 24th June 1745, no Person shall vote in any such Election, without having a Freehold Estate in the County, of the clear yearly value of 40s. over and above all Rents and Charges, or without having been in the actual Possession, or in Receipt of the Rents and Profits thereof, for his own use, above Twelve Calendar Months, unless the same came to him within the time aforesaid, by Descent, Marriage, Marriage Settlement, Devise, or Promotion to any Benefice or Office, or shall vote in right of any Freehold Estate which was made to him fraudulently, on purpose to qualify him to give his vote, or shall vote more than once at the same Election; and if any Person shall vote contrary to the true intent hereof, he shall forfeit to any Candidate, for whom such vote shall not have been given, and who shall first sue, 40l. to be recovered by him, his Executors, &c. with full Costs, by Action of Debt, in any Court of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed; and the
proof

proof shall lie on the Defender, unless the fact on which such Action is grounded be, the having polled more than once at the same Election.

No public Tax, Rate, or Duty, or other Tax, &c. to be assessed upon any County, &c. shall be construed to be any charge payable out of, or in respect of any Freehold Estate within the meaning of this Act, or of the Oath or solemn Affirmation aforesaid.

After the 24th of June, 1745, at every such Election in England and Wales, the Sheriff, &c. shall make, at the expence of the Candidates, such number of convenient Booths, or places for taking the Poll, as the Candidates, or any of them shall, three days at least before the commencement of the Poll, desire, so as the same do not exceed the number of rapes, &c. in the County, and not exceeding fifteen; and shall affix on the most public part of each of the said Booths, the name or names of the rape, &c. or rapes, &c. for which such Booth is allotted; and shall appoint a proper Clerk, or Clerks, at each of the said Booths, to take the poll (at the expence of the Candidates, not exceeding one guinea per day each Clerk) and the Sheriff, &c. shall also make out a list for each of the said Booths, of all the towns, &c. lying wholly or in part, in the rape or rapes, &c. for which such Booth is allotted; and shall, upon request, deliver a true copy thereof to any of the Candidates, or their Agents, taking for each copy Two Shillings.

No Sheriff, &c. shall admit any Person to vote for any Lands, &c. sworn by the said Oath to be lying at some parish or place, &c. not mentioned in the list so made out for such Booth, &c. unless such Lands, &c. lie, or be in some town or place not mentioned in any of the lists.

The Sheriff, &c. shall allow a Cheque Book for every Poll Book for each Candidate, to be kept by their Inspectors at every Place where the poll is carried on.

Whereas

Whereas by Stat. 7 and 8 William III. it is enacted, That upon every Election of any Knight, the Sheriff shall proceed to Election at the next County-Court, unless the same fall out within six days after the receipt of the Writ, or upon the same day, and then shall adjourn the same Court to some convenient day, giving ten days notice of the Time and Place of Election; and whereas Sheriffs have frequently, in such Cases, made long Adjournments of the County-Court, to delay the Election; it is enacted, that that no Sheriff shall, in such Case, adjourn such Court for longer than sixteen days.

Whereas by an Act of the 6th of Geo. II. it is enacted, That no County Court held in England, shall be adjourned to a Monday, a Friday, or Saturday; so much of the said Act is repealed.

If any Sheriff, &c. who shall preside at any Election of a Knight, &c. in England or Wales, shall wilfully offend against this Act, he shall be liable to be prosecuted by information or indictment in the Court of King's Bench at Westminster, or of great Sessions in Wales, or at the Sessions of Chester, Lancaster, or Durham, or at the Assizes, &c. in which no *Noli Prosequi*, or *Cessat Processus* shall be granted.

It shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to set forth, in the Declaration or Bill, that the Defendant is indebted to him in the sum of _____ and to alledge the particular Offence, &c. without mentioning the Writ of Summons, or Return thereof; so in an Indictment, &c. to alledge the particular Offence, &c. without mentioning the Writ or Return; and upon Trial, the Plaintiff, &c. shall not be obliged to prove the Writ or Return, or any Warrant, &c. to the Sheriff, grounded upon such Writ.

Provided that every Action, &c. shall be commenced within Nine Calendar Months after the Fact.

All the Statutes of Jeofails shall extend to all Proceedings given or allowed by this Act.

If the Plaintiff, &c. shall discontinue or be nonsuited, or
Judgement

Judgement be given against him, the Defendant shall recover his treble Costs.

By Stat. 19th Geo. II. Cap. 28. After the 24th June, 1746, Every Person demanding to vote for the Election of a Member, &c. for a City, or Town, being a County of itself, in England, in respect of a Freehold Estate of Forty Shillings a year, shall, before he is admitted to poll (if required by the Candidates, or any of them, or any Person having a right to vote) first take the Oath (or being a Quaker, the solemn Affirmation) following, &c.

“ YOU shall swear (or, being a Quaker, you shall solemnly
 “ affirm) That you have a Freehold Estate, consisting of (spec-
 “ ifying the nature of such Freehold Estate, whether Messuage,
 “ Land Rent, Tithe, or what else ; and if such Freehold Estate
 “ consists in Messuages, Lands, or Tithes, then specifying in
 “ whose Occupation the same are ; and if Rent, then specifying
 “ the Names of the Owners or Possessors of the Lands or Te-
 “ nements, out of which such Rent is issuing, or of some one
 “ of them) lying or being in the City and County, or Town and
 “ County (as the case may be) of of
 “ the clear yearly value of Forty Shillings, over and above all
 “ Rents and Charges payable out of, or in respect of the same ;
 “ and that you have been in the actual possession or receipt of
 “ the Rents and Profits thereof, for your own use, above
 “ twelve Kalendar Months ; or that the same came to you with-
 “ in the time aforesaid, by descent, marriage, marriage-settle-
 “ ment, devise, or promotion to a Benefice in the Church, or
 “ by promotion to an Office ; and that such Freehold Estate has
 “ not been granted or made to you fraudulently, on purpose to
 “ qualify you to give your vote ; and that the Place of your A-
 “ bode is at in
 “ and that you are Twenty-one Years of Age, as you believe ;
 “ that you have not been polled before at this Election.”

Which Oath, &c. the Sheriff, &c. is to administer ; and if

any Person taking the said Oath, &c. shall thereby commit wilful Perjury, and be thereof convicted; and if any Person do unlawfully and corruptly procure or suborn any Person to take the said Oath, &c. in order to be polled, whereby he shall commit such wilful perjury, and shall be thereof convicted, he, for every such offence, shall incur the pains, &c. in Stat. 5, Elizabeth, and Stat. 2, Geo. II.

Whereas by an Act, 10th Anne, it was enacted that no Person should vote for the electing of a Knight, &c. reciting part of Stat. 10th Anne, and part of Stat. 12th Anne, *ut supra* in Stat. 18th Geo. II. which said Provisions are recited in Stat. 13 Geo. II. and are therein enacted to extend to such Lands, &c. for which any Person shall vote for the Election of any Member for a City or Town, being a County of itself; it is, by this Stat. 19th Geo. II. enacted, That so much of the said Stat. 13th Geo. II. as extends the said Provisions to such Cities and Towns that are Counties of themselves, be repealed.

Provided that no Person shall vote for such City, &c. in Right of any Freehold Messuages, &c. of the yearly Value of Forty Shillings, which have not been charged to the Land Tax in Great Britain Twelve Kalendar Months before such Election.— Provided not to restrain any Person from voting in such Election, &c. in Right of any Rents, or Messuages, or Seats belonging to any Offices, by reason that the same have not been usually assessed to the Land Tax.

The like Provisions for Duplicates, &c. *ut supra*, in Stat. 18th Geo. II.

And the like qualification as to Freehold in the City, &c. and possession thereof; and a like remedy against fraudulent Voters; and a like clause that Taxes are not to be deemed a Charge upon the Freehold.

The Sheriff or Sheriffs, &c. shall allow a Cheque Book for every Poll-Book for each Candidate, to be kept by their Inspectors at the Place where the Poll shall be carried on.

The

The Sheriff, &c. shall forthwith, upon the receipt of the Writ, cause public Notice to be given of the Time and Place of Election, and proceed to Election within Eight Days next after that of his receipt of the Writ, and give Three Days Notice thereof at least, exclusive of the Day of the receipt of the Writ, and of the Day of Election.

If any Sheriff, &c. wilfully offend against this Act, he shall be liable to be prosecuted by Information or Indictment in the Court of King's Bench at Westminster, or at the Assizes, &c. in which no *Noli prosequi*, or *Cessat Processus* shall be granted.

The like Provision for the facility of Prosecution as in Stat. 18th Geo. II. *supra*.

And for commencing Suits within Nine Months.

And that the Statutes and Jeofails be allowed.

And that the Plaintiff discontinuing, &c. shall lose treble Costs.

This Act (except the Clauses for allowing Cheque Books, or for Notice to be given of the Time and Place of Election, and proceeding to Election) shall not extend to any City, &c. being a County of itself, or to any Person where the Right of voting for a Member is in respect of Burgage Tenure, or where the Right of voting for such Member in respect of a Freehold, does not require the same to be of the yearly Value of Forty Shillings.

Of Electors in Cities and Boroughs.

BY an old Statute (23d H. VI. Cap. 15.) Citizens are to be chosen by Citizens of the same City, and Burgesses by Burgesses of the same Borough. But certain it is, that many Corporations choose their Members in Right of other Qualifications, as of Freeholds, (see Cap. 3. § 1, against splitting Freeholds) or Inhabl-

Inhabitaney only; or of different Qualifications for the Right of Election in the same Borough. These depend on Charter or Prescription, which are in each Place, *Lex Loci*, and are very various.

But all intricacy of these Rights, and the danger of making an improper Return, is remedied and avoided in favour of the Returning Officer; for by Stat. 2. Geo. II. Cap. 24. such votes shall be deemed legal, which have been so declared by the last Determination in the House of Commons; which shall be final to all intents and purposes, &c.

Of Electors and Elections of Citizens in London.

UPON every Election, in case a poll be demanded by a Candidate, or two or more Electors, the presiding Officers shall appoint a convenient number of Clerks to take the same, who shall take it in the presence of the presiding Officers, and be sworn by such Officers, truly and indifferently to take the same, and to set down the Name of each Voter, and his Place of Residence or Abode, and for whom he polls; and to poll no Person, who shall not be sworn, or being a Quaker, shall not affirm, according to the direction of this Act; and every Person, before he is admitted to poll, shall take the Oath after mentioned, or being a Quaker, solemnly affirm the effect thereof.

“ You do swear, that you are a Freeman of London, and a
 “ Liveryman of the Company of _____ and so have
 “ been for the space of Twelve Calendar Months; and that the
 “ Place of your Abode is at _____ in
 “ _____ and that you have not been polled at this Election,
 “ So help you God.”

The Votes are void, of Persons who refuse the said Oath or Affirmation—11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

Each

Each Voter, upon every Election, shall, before he is admitted to poll, (if required by a Candidate, or two or more Electors) take the Oaths in Stat. 1. Geo. I. Sess. 1. Cap. 7. or being Quakers, shall solemnly affirm the effect thereof, and on refusal thereof, the Vote of such Person shall be rejected—11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

The presiding Officers and sworn Clerks, are to administer the said Oaths and Affirmations; and on neglect or refusal, or otherwise offending in the premises contrary to the intent of this Act; they forfeit L.60 and Costs, for each Offence—11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

Persons wilfully, falsely and corruptly swearing or affirming, as above, or suborning another, shall for every Offence incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury at Common Law—11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

If a Poll be demanded, the presiding Officer shall begin it the Day it is demanded, or the next Day following at farthest, unless it happens on a Sunday, and then on the next Day after, and shall duly proceed from Day to Day (Sundays excepted) till it be finished, and shall finish the Poll within Seven Days (exclusive of Sundays) after commencing the same, and shall upon adjourning the Poll each Day, seal up the Poll Books with the seals, and in the presence of such Candidates, or Persons deputed by them, as desire the same—11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

After the Poll is finished, the Poll Books sealed, as aforesaid, shall within Two Days after be publicly opened at the Place of Election, and truly cast up, and within Two Days after casting up, the Numbers of Votes for each Candidate shall be truly, fairly, and publicly declared to the Electors, at the Place of Election, by the Officers presiding—11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

And if a Scrutiny be lawfully demanded, it shall be immediately granted and proceeded upon, and the respective Candidates

shall immediately nominate to the presiding Officers, not exceeding Six Persons qualified to vote, to be Scrutineers for the Candidate or Candidates on each side, to whom the presiding Officers shall within Six Days after the Scrutiny demanded, upon request, and at the charge of the Candidate or any Scrutineers on his behalf, cause to be delivered a true copy of the Poll, signed by the said Officers; and the Scrutiny shall begin within Ten Days after the delivery of the copies of the Poll, and be proceeded on day by day (Sundays excepted) and be finished within Fifteen Days, after its commencement; and the presiding Officers shall, within Four Days after it is finished, publicly declare at the Place of Election, which Candidates are duly elected, and the Number of legal Votes appearing to him on the Scrutiny.

Presiding Officers offending in the premisses, forfeit for every Offence Two Hundred Pounds, and full costs.

After any Election and Scrutiny, the presiding Officers shall deliver under their hands a true List of the Voters disallowed upon the Scrutiny, to any Candidate, who shall, upon the final Declaration of the Election, demand the same, within Six Days after such demand, such Candidate paying for the same; provided no such List, or thing contained therein, shall be given in evidence on any action or occasion.

The Mayor, upon request by any Candidate, or his Agent, at any Election where a Scrutiny is demanded and granted, shall issue Precepts, as has been usual, requiring the Masters and Wardens of the Livery-Companies, to cause their Clerks forthwith to deliver two true Lists of all the Liverymen of their respective Companies; who shall return them on Oath within Three Days after the receipt of such Precept, one of which Lists the Mayor is to cause to be delivered to the Candidate or Candidates on each side at such Election, or their Agents.

No Person shall have a Right to vote who has not been Twelve Calendar Months upon the Livery, and who has not paid his Livery Fine; or, who having paid the same, has received it or
part

part of it back, or has had an Allowance in respect thereof; or who at any time within Two Years next before the Election, has requested to be, and accordingly has been discharged from paying the Rates and Taxes, to which the Citizens of London, inhabiting therein, are liable; or has received any alms whatsoever.

The above Forfeitures shall go One-Third to the King, One-Third to the Chamberlain, to the use of the City, and One-Third to him that will sue.

This is to be a public Act, 11th Geo. I. Cap. 18.

Of Cheshire, Wales, Durham, Scotland.

THE Statutes relating to these, are—34th and 35th Henry VIII. Cap. 13. for Cheshire.—35th Henry VIII. Cap. 11. for Wales.—25th Charles II. Cap. 9. for Durham.—5th Anne, Cap. 8. and 6th Anne, Cap. 6. and 6th Anne, Cap. 13. and 9th Anne, Cap. 5. and 12th Anne, Cap. 6. and 7th Geo. II. Cap. 16. for Scotland.

But as these are too numerous to be brought into this Treatise, let it suffice to say, that all the Laws which concern Elections throughout the Counties of England, are also in force throughout the United Kingdom.

By Stat. 16th Geo. II. Cap. 11. part of Stat. 12th Anne, is repealed, viz. That no Person who has not been enrolled and voted at former Elections, shall be enrolled, &c. unless he produces a sufficient Right, &c.

This Act establishes the Persons upon the Roll last made up, to be the original constituent Members at the next Meetings, to revise the Roll.

It gives a remedy by Summary Complaint to the Court of Session, if Persons are wrongfully refused to be admitted, or are wrongfully inrolled.

It inflicts a Penalty of L.100 on Officers not obeying such Decisions; and a Forfeiture of L.30 and Costs, on the Complainant, if the Freeholders Judgment be affirmed.

It directs Two Months Notice to be given of an intent to claim to be inrolled; and of an intent to object to a Freeholder.

It prohibits a splitting of the old Extent of Lands, provided that Lands paying Taxes in proportion to L.400 Scots, shall be a Qualification.

It directs what Purchasers and Heirs apparent are to do in order to their Inrollment, and enjoins Members to take an Oath.

It directs Extracts of the Minutes to be given to Persons desiring it, paying the usual Fees, and inflicts a penalty for refusing, or giving false Copies.

The Rolls so made up are to be called over at the next Election: taking false Votes in choosing a Preses or Clerk, incurs L.300 Forfeiture; the like for refusing good Votes; there are Penalties of L.200 on the Preses in like cases: on Equality of Votes he has the casting Voice.

Seceders, who set up a Preses or Clerk, in opposition to the Majority, forfeit L.50 each, and Persons acting as such, forfeit L.200.

Minutes of the Election of a Preses and Clerk, are to be signed by the Commissioner, &c. Refusing to sign Minutes, or signing false Minutes, incurs a Forfeiture of L.100.

Clerks not making a true Return forfeit L.500. so Sheriffs, &c. not annexing the Return to the Writ.

The Michaelmas Head-Court is to be held at the most usual time, on Fourteen Days Notice.

In Sutherland, none are to vote but such as pay in proportion to L.200 Scots Rent.

Vassals of Barons are not to vote.

At Elections for Boroughs, the Minority shall not separate; Persons acting by such authority forfeit L.100.

Wrongs

Wrongs done by the Majority, upon Complaint within Two Months, may be redressed by the Court of Session.

Magistrates, &c. of Boroughs, &c. may take the Oaths in the Boroughs.

The common Clerk is to make out a Commission for the Persons duly chosen, on forfeiture of L. 500.

In the Absence, &c. of the Commissioner of the presiding Borough, the next presiding shall have his Privilege of the casting Voice.

Non-residence is not to be an objection against Commissioners.

In choosing Members, none are to vote but Commissioners; the Penalty of a false Return is L. 500.

The Return is to be annexed to the Writ, on penalty of L. 500.

The Vote of a Person insisting that he was duly chosen a Commissioner, shall be recorded, but not allowed.

Electors of Commissioners shall be within the Bribery Act.—2d Geo. II.

Such Electors are to take an Oath against Corruption.

Another Oath is appointed for the Clerk.

And a third for the Clerk of the presiding Borough.

If he refuses it, he is incapable, and another shall be chosen.

Clerks for Counties are to be chosen by a Majority of Freeholders, and to take an Oath in lieu of that appointed by 2d Geo. II.

Writs shall be made out immediately, and delivered to the Sheriff, &c. who is to indorse the Day of the Receipt, and make out Precepts, &c. on penalty of L. 100.

The Borough Magistrate is to indorse the Precept, and within two Days summon the Council, on Forfeiture of L. 100.

The Penalties to be recovered by summary Complaint before the Court of Session, &c.

Prosecutions to be within a Year.

Of the Candidates.

BY an old Stat. 1st Henry V. Cap. 1. Knights of Shires were not to be chosen, unless resident within the Shire, the Day of the Date of the Writ; and the Citizens and Burgesses were to be chosen Men, Citizens and Burgesses, resident, dwelling, and free in the same Cities and Boroughs. But these Regulations, though not repealed, are neglected. By Stat. 8th Henry VI. Cap. 7. Such as have the greatest Number of them that are resident and may expend 40s. by the Year and above, shall be returned Knights of the Shire by Indenture, between the Sheriff and Electors. But the Non-residence of Elector or Elected is not regarded at this day. By Stat. 23d Henry VI. Cap. 15. Knights of Shires are to be notable Knights, or such notable Esquires or Gentlemen born, of the same Counties, as shall be able to be Knights. And no man to be such Knight which stands in the degree of a Yeoman or under. *Note.* At the time of making the last mentioned Statute, Freeholders of L.40 per Annum were compellable to take the Order of Knighthood, which Law was abolished by Stat. 16th Charles 1. Cap. 1. and there is at this Day a much larger Qualification required by Stat. 9th Anne, Cap. 5. viz. an Estate Freehold or Copyhold for his own Life, or for some greater Estate, either in Law or Equity, to his own use, in Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, above what will satisfy and clear all incumbrances within England, of the yearly value of L.600 above Reprizes for a Knight of a Shire, and L.300 for a Citizen, Burgess, &c. or the Election and Return to be void. But this is not to extend to the eldest Son or Heir apparent of any Peer or Lord of Parliament (therefore not to the eldest

eldest Son of a Bishop;) or of any Person qualified by this Act, to serve as Knight of a Shire, capable of being elected and returned, and sitting and voting as a Member (this exception is in favour of the eldest Sons of Landed Recusants, and will aid such whose Fathers have otherwise disqualified themselves) neither is it to extend to the two Universities. Persons are not qualified by virtue of a Mortgage, where the Equity of Redemption is in another, unless the Mortgagee has been in possession Seven Years before the Election; and every Candidate shall upon request to him to be made (at the time of such Election, or before the Day to be prefixed in the Writ, for the Meeting of the Parliament) by any other Candidate, or two more Electors, take the following corporal Oath:—

“ I A. B. do swear, that I truly, and *bona fide*, have such an
 “ Estate in Law or Equity to and for my own use and benefit,
 “ of or in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments (over and above
 “ what will satisfy and clear all incumbrances that may affect
 “ the same) of the annual value of L.600 above Reprizes, as
 “ doth qualify me to be elected and returned, to serve as a
 “ Member for the County of _____ according to
 “ the tenor and true meaning of the Act of Parliament in that
 “ behalf; and that my said Lands, Tenements, or Heredita-
 “ ments, are lying or being within the Parish, Township, or
 “ Precinct of _____ or in the several Parishes, Town-
 “ ships, or Precincts of _____ in the County of
 “ _____ or in the several Counties of
 “ _____ (as the case may be.)”

The like Oath (*mutatis mutandis*) as to value of L.300 per Annum, to be taken by Candidates for a City, Borough, &c.

The respective Oaths aforesaid shall be administered by the Officer who ought to take the Poll or make the Return, or by any two Justices of Peace in England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed; and they are to certify the taking thereof into the Chancery or King's Bench, within Three Months after the

taking the same, under the penalty of L.100 with full Costs; if any Candidates wilfully refuse upon reasonable request to take the said Oath, his Election and Return shall be void. One Shilling Fee for administering the said Oath, Two Shillings for making the Certificate, and Two Shillings for filing it. Officers taking a great Fee forfeit Twenty Pounds—9th Anne, Cap. 5.

Hitherto of the Condition or Fortune of a Candidate:—As to his Age, if he be under the Age of Twenty-one Years, the Return is declared null and void, and if he sits he incurs penalties as if not chosen, by 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. Besides the incapacities for want of fortune, and for nonage, there are several other species. 3. As the defect of Birth; as in case of an Alien, though naturalized, unless he be born of English Parents. 4. By omission, as in case of Recusants; and by Stat. 30th Charles II. Cap. 1. any Member who votes or sits after the Speaker is chosen, without taking the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, (which are altered by 1st William and Mary) and repeating the Declaration in said Act, in the full House, the Speaker in his Chair, shall be adjudged a Popish Recusant convict, and forfeit L.500. And Persons refusing said Oaths and Declaration when required by the House, and presuming to sit, shall be incapable to sit or vote during that Parliament. The Abjuration Oath is by Stat. 13th and 14th William III. Cap. 6. enjoined with like penalties, which Oath is settled as to the form, by 4th Anne, Cap. 8. 5. By Office, as Commissioners or Farmers of the Customs, or Persons enjoying such Office in the Name of others, or by Deputy, by 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 10. and by 2d and 3d Anne, Cap. 4. the Register of Deeds and Wills in the West-Riding of Yorkshire. And he (by 4th and 5th Anne, Cap. 8.) who shall have, in his own Name or in a Trustee, any new Office created after that Act, and Commissioners, &c. of Prizes, Comptroller of Army-Accounts, Commissioner of Transports, or of sick and wounded, or Agent of Regiment, or Commissioner of Wine-Licence, or Governor or Deputy

Deputy-Governor of Plantations, or Commissioner of the Navy employed in Out-Ports, or Pensioners of the Crown during pleasure, and by Stat. 1. Geo. I. Cap. 56. Pensioners for Years. And if any Member accepts any Office or Profit from the Crown during such time as he shall continue a Member, his Election is void, but he is capable of being re-elected; this does not extend to Officers in Army or Navy. If an incapacitated Member be returned, it is void, and if he fit he forfeits L.500, and by 6th Anne, Cap. 35. the Register of Deeds, &c. in the East-Riding of Yorkshire is incapable.

By Stat. 15th Geo. II. Cap. 22. After the Dissolution of that Parliament, no Commissioner of the Revenue in Ireland, or Commissioner of the Navy or Victualling Offices, nor any Deputies or Clerks of any of the said Offices; or in the Office of Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury, or of the Auditor of the Exchequer, or of the Tellers of the Exchequer, or of the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty; or of the Paymasters of the Army or of the Navy, or of the principal Secretaries of State, or of the Commissioners of the Salt, or of the Stamps, or of Appeals, or of Wine-Licenses, or of Hackney-Coaches, or of Hawkers and Pedlars, nor any Persons having any Office, Civil or Military, in Minorca or Gibraltar, other than Officers having Commissions in any Regiment there only, shall be capable of being elected in the House of Commons.

If any Person hereby disabled shall be returned as a Member, such Election and Return shall be void. And if any Person disabled by this Act shall sit or vote as a Member, he shall forfeit L. 20 for every Day in which he shall sit or vote, to such Person who shall sue for the same in any Court at Westminster, with full Costs by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in which no Essoin, &c. to be allowed, and only one Imparllance, and shall from thenceforth be incapable of any Office of Honour or Profit under the Crown.

Provided

Provided not to extend to exclude the Treasurer or Comptroller of the Navy, the Secretaries of the Treasury, the Secretary to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, or Secretaries of the Admiralty, the under Secretary to any of the principal Secretaries of State, or the Deputy Paymaster of the Army, or any Person having any Office for Life, or for so long as he shall behave himself well in his Office.

*Of the Time, Place, and Manner of Election, wherein
of Adjournments.*

STAT. 7th Henry 8. Cap. 15. Formerly Knights of the Shire were to be chosen at the next County (that is County-Court) to be holden after the delivery of the Writ, and accordingly in the reign of Queen Elizabeth an Election was made for the County of Norfolk the Day after the delivery of the Writ, which, with other incidents, occasioned a large Debate in the House, but was held to be good and legal.

By Statute 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. when any new Parliament shall be called, there shall be Forty Days between the Teste and Returns of the Writs, and the Writs shall issue with as much Expedition as may be. And as well upon calling a new Parliament, as in the case of any vacancy, the Writ shall be delivered to the proper Officer, and to no other Person. And he shall endorse thereon the Day he received it. and forthwith make out the Precepts to each Borough, &c. within his Jurisdiction where any Member is to be elected, and within Three Days after the receipt of the Writ, shall by himself or proper Agent, deliver such Precept to the proper Officer of such Borough, &c. to whom the Execution of it appertains, and to no other Person, and such Officer shall endorse thereon the Day of his Receipt thereof, in the presence of the Party from whom he receives it, and shall forthwith cause Notice to be given of the Time and Place of Election, and proceed to Election within
Eight

Eight Days next after the receipt of the Precept, and give Four Days Notice at least of the Day appointed for Election.

No Officer, to whom the Execution of such Writ or Precept belongs, shall give, pay, receive, or take any Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, for the making out Receipt, Delivery, Return, or Execution of such Writ or Precept.

Formerly the Sheriff had a discretionary Power of adjourning the Poll to another Place by common Law, (see No. 17.): By Statute 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25. he is to hold his County-Court for the Election at the most public and usual Place of Election in the County, and where the same has most usually been for Forty Years last past; and shall there proceed to Election at the next County-Court, unless it falls out to be held within Six Days after the receipt of the Writ, or on the same Day, and then shall adjourn the same Court to some convenient Day, giving Ten Days Notice of the Time and Place of Election. And if the Election be not determined on the View, with the consent of the Freeholders present, but that a Poll is required, then the Sheriff, or in his absence the under Sheriff, with such others as shall be deputed by him, shall forthwith there proceed to take the Poll at some public Place or Places: and the Sheriff, or in his absence the under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute, shall appoint such number of Clerks as to him shall seem meet, for taking thereof; which Clerks shall all take the Poll in presence of said Sheriff, or under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute; and before they begin, every such Clerk shall, by the Sheriff or under Sheriff, be sworn truly and indifferently to take the same poll, and to set down the Names of each Freeholder, and the Place of his Freehold, and for whom he shall poll, and to poll no Freeholder who is not sworn, if required by the Candidates, or any of them—7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25.

And the Sheriff or under Sheriff shall appoint for each Candidate, one Person nominated by each Candidate, to be inspectors of every Clerk so appointed.

If any Person taking said Oath, thereby commits wilful Perjury, or suborn another to commit such Perjury, they incur the Penalties of Stat. 5th Elizabeth.

The Sheriff, or in his absence the under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute, shall at the Place of Election proceed to polling all the Freeholders then and there present, and shall not adjourn to any other Town and Place, without consent of the Candidates, nor shall, by any unnecessary Adjournment in the same Place, protract or delay that Election; but shall duly and orderly proceed to take the Poll from day to day, and time to time, without any further or other Adjournment, without the consent of the Candidates, untill all the Freeholders then and there present shall be polled—7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25.

The Officer to whom the Execution of such Writ or Precept belongs, shall forthwith deliver to such Person as desires the same, a copy of the Poll, paying only a reasonable charge for writing the same; and every such Officer, for every wilful Offence against this Act, forfeits to the Party aggrieved L.500, and full Costs—7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25.

The County Court of Yorkshire which used to be on a Monday, shall hereafter be held on Wednesday, and so shall other County-Courts which used to be held on Monday—7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25.

The Sheriff of Hampshire, or his Deputy, at the request of one Candidate, may adjourn the poll for Winchester, after every Freeholder then and there present is polled, to Newport in the Isle of Wight—7th and 8th William III. Cap. 25.

On Election for Shires, every Freeholder, if required by a Candidate or other Voter, shall be sworn to his Freehold by the Sheriff, who in taking the Poll shall enter the Place of the Voter's Freehold, and of his Abode, and Jurat' against the Name of every one who takes the Oath hereby required; and the Returning-Officer shall, in Twenty Days after the Election, deliver over the Poll-Books to the Clerk of the Peace, upon Oath to
be

be administered by two next Justices, *Qu. unus*, &c.—Stat. 10th Anne, Cap. 23.

The Freeholders' Oath is as follows :

“ You shall swear that you are a Freeholder in the County of
 “ and have Freehold Lands, or Heredi-
 “ taments, lying or being at in the County of
 “ of the yearly value of Forty Shillings,
 “ above all charges payable out of the same, and that such Free-
 “ hold Estate hath not been made or granted to you fraudulent-
 “ ly, on purpose to qualify you to give your Vote ; and that
 “ the Place of your Abode is at in
 “ and that you have not been polled before at this Election.”

Of Returns.

THE Return of Knights is to be by Indentures sealed, to be made between the Sheriff and the Electors—Stat. 8th Henry VI. Cap. 7.

Sheriffs incur a Penalty of L.100 to the King for a false Return, being thereof duly attainted—Stat. 8th Henry VI. Cap. 7.

Sheriffs shall make their Precepts, &c. and Mayors, &c. shall lawfully return the Precepts, by Indenture between the same Sheriff and them, of the Names of the elected ; and the Sheriffs shall make good and rightful Returns of every Writ, and of every Return by Mayors, &c.—Stat. 23d Henry VI. Cap. 15.

The Statute last mentioned gives an Action against the Sheriff, his Executors and Administrators, for L.100 and Costs for a false Return, and L.40 to the King, and an Action for L.40 and Costs against a Mayor, &c. his Executors and Administrators, for the like Offence ; the Actions to commence in Three Months, and proceed effectually.

Returns contrary to the last Determination of the House of Commons, are to be deemed false, and the Plaintiff shall reco-

ver double Damages and full Costs, and the like for double Returns, and all Contracts to procure any Return are void; whoever makes such Contract, L.300 and Costs, Stat. 7th and 8th William III. Cap. 7. continued by Stat. 12th and 13th William III. Cap. 5. and made perpetual by 12th Anne, Stat. 1. Cap. 15.

Information on this Statute to be within Two Years—12th Anne, Stat. 1. Cap. 15.

Sheriffs, &c. shall return the Writs with all convenient Expedition, not exceeding Fourteen Days after the Election made, paying to the Clerk of the Crown, 4s. for every Knight, and 2s. for every Citizen, &c. which shall be allowed in his Account—Stat. 10th and 11th William III. Cap. 7.

Sheriffs, &c. not making Returns according to this Act, forfeit L.500. (See their Oath, Cap. 1.)

Standing Orders, Resolutions, &c.

November 14, 1689.

Resolved, That all Petitions presented to the House shall be signed by the Petitioners, with their own Hands, by their Names or Marks.

April 12, 1690.

Resolved, That after the Return made into the Crown Office, of Members to serve in Parliament, the Sheriff, Clerk of the Crown, or any other but the House, shall not alter the same.

This was in the case of the Borough of Bedford.

January 26, 1705.

Resolved, That it is the sole Right of the Commons of England in Parliament assembled (except in cases otherwise provided for by Act of Parliament) to examine and determine all Matters relating to the Right of Election of their own Members.

Resolved,

Resolved, also, That neither the Qualification of any Elector, nor the Right of any Person elected, is cognizable or determinable but as above. And that all Persons prosecuting such Right, &c. elsewhere, are guilty of a high Breach of Privilege.

The foregoing Resolutions in the case of Aylesbury.

April 4, 1707.

Resolved, *Nem. Con.* That when any Person ordered to be taken into Custody of the Serjeant at Arms, shall either abscond, or, having been in Custody, shall refuse to pay the just Fees, that in those cases, the Order for Commitment shall be renewed the beginning of next Session of Parliament.

This declared a standing Order.

February 18, 1709.

Resolved, *Nem. Con.* That all Matters that shall come in Question, touching Returns or Elections, shall be heard at the Bar of the House.

That all Questions at the Trial of Elections shall, if any Member insists upon it, be determined by Ballot.

The above Resolutions ordered to be standing Orders.

February 21, 1709.

Resolved, That Ballotting-Box and Balls be prepared. That two Clerks attend the Ballotting, also two Members by the Speaker's Appointment: That one Clerk deliver the Balls to the Members, the other to carry the Box.

That each Member present his Hand, bare and open, to receive the Ball, and that he hold it up between his Finger and Thumb before he put his Hand into the Box, and that the Box be immediately after brought to the Table, and the Votes counted there by the Clerks, in presence of the said two Members.

That

That all Members sit in their Places, till the Votes are given, and the Affirmative or Negative declared by the Speaker.

That the said Resolutions be standing Orders.

March 9, 1715.

Resolved, That notwithstanding the Oath taken by any Candidate at, or after any Election, his Qualification may be afterwards examined into.

That the Person whose Qualification is expressly objected to in any Petition relating to this Election, shall within Fifteen Days after the Petition read, give to the Clerk of the House of Commons, a Paper signed by himself, containing a Rental or Particular of the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, whereby he makes out his Qualification, of which any Person concerned may have a Copy.

That of such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, whereof the Party hath not been in Possession for Three Years before the Election, he shall also insert in the same Paper, from what Person, and by what Conveyance or Act in Law, he claims and derives the same; and also the Consideration, if any, and the Names, and Places of Abode, of the Witnesses of such Conveyance and Payment.

That if a sitting Member shall think fit to question the Qualification of a Petitioner, he shall, within Fifteen Days after the Petition read, leave Notice thereof in writing, with the Clerk of the House of Commons; and the Petitioner shall, in such case, within Fifteen Days after such Notice, leave with the Clerk of the House the like Account in writing of his Qualification, as is required from a sitting Member.

December 21, 1717.

N. B.—All the foregoing Resolutions of the Ninth of March, 1713, were repeated, and entered *Verbatim* this Day, and ordered to be standing Orders of the House.

March

March 18, 1729.

Resolved, That in all cases on Double 'Returns, where the same shall be controverted, either at the Bar of this House, or in Committees of Privileges and Elections, the Council for such Person who shall be first named in such Double Return, or whose Return shall be immediately annexed to the Writ or Precept, shall proceed in the first Place.

The above ordered to be a standing Order.

February 6, 1736.

This further standing Order was made, in Relation to examining into the Qualification of Members, viz. That on any Elector's petitioning, and complaining of an undue Election and Return, and alledging the due Election of some other Person, the sitting Member complained of may examine into the Qualification of the Person alledged by the Petitioners to be duly elected, in the same manner, as if such Person himself had been a Petitioner.

The following information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization. It is not to be used for any purpose other than that for which it was furnished. It is not to be used for any purpose other than that for which it was furnished. It is not to be used for any purpose other than that for which it was furnished.

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APPENDIX.

L I S T

OF

MEMBERS RETURNED

TO SERVE IN THE

FOURTH IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

Summoned to meet June 22, 1807.

* * The Members Names of the preceding Parliament are affixed, to shew the
Alterations which have taken place.

Parl. No. 1. *Bedford County.*

3 Francis Pym	John Osborne
4 Francis Pym, esq.	Hon. Richd. Fitzpatrick.

No. 2. *Bedford Town.*

3 Samuel Whitbread, esq.	Thomas Lee Antonie, esq.
4 Samuel Whitbread, esq.	Thomas Lee Antonie, esq.

No. 3. *Berks County.*

3 Geo. Vansittart, esq.	Charles Dundas, esq.
4 Geo. Vansittart, esq.	Charles Dundas, esq.

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No. 4.

Parl.

No. 4. *New Windsor.*

3 Edward Desbrowe, esq. Richd. Ramsbottom, esq.

4 Edward Desbrowe, esq. Richd. Ramsbottom, esq.

No. 5. *Reading.*

3 John Simeon, esq. Chas. Schaw Lefevre, esq.

4 John Simeon, esq. Chas. Schaw Lefevre, esq.

No. 6. *Wallingford.*

3 Richard Benyon, esq. William Lewis Hughes, esq.

4 Richard Benyon, esq. William Lewis Hughes, esq.

No. 7. *Abingdon.*

3 Sir Theop. Metcalfe,

4 George Knapp, esq.

No. 8. *Buckinghamshire.*3 Richard Earl Temple. W. H. Scott, Marquis of
Titchfield.¹4 Richard Earl Temple. W. H. Scott, Marquis of
Titchfield.

¹ Appointed one of the Commissioners of the Treasury. A new
Writ ordered March 26. 1807—he was re-elected.

No. 9.

Parl, No. 9. *Buckingham Town.*

3 Rt. Hon. Thos. Grenville. Vacant.

4 Rt. Hon. Thos. Grenville. Hon. Richard Neville.

No. 10. *Chipping Wycombe.*

3 Sir J. Dashwood King, bt. Thomas Baring, esq.

4 Sir J. Dashwood King, bt. Thomas Baring, esq.

No. 11. *Aylesbury.*

3 Sir Geo. Nugent, bt. Geo. H. C. Cavendish, esq.

4 Sir Geo. Nugent, bt. Geo. H. C. Cavendish, esq.

No. 12. *Agmondesham.*

3 Thos. D. T. Drake, esq. Thos. Tyr. Drake, esq.

4 Thos. D. T. Drake, esq. Thos. Tyr. Drake, esq.

No. 13. *Wendover.*

3 Geo. Smith, esq. Philip Lord Vt. Mahon.

4 Geo. Smith, esq. Philip Lord Vt. Mahon.

No. 14. *Great Marlow.*

3 Pascoe Grensell, esq. Owen Williams, esq.

4 Pascoe Grensell, esq. Owen Williams, esq.

Parl. No. 15. *Cambridgeshire.*

- 3 Rt. Hon. Chas. Yorke. Lord Chas. Som. Manners.
 4 Rt. Hon. Charles Yorke. Lord Chas. Som. Manners.

No. 16. *Cambridge University.*

- 3 Lord Henry Petty. Geo. Aug. Earl of Euston.
 4 Sir Vicary Gibbs, knt. Geo. Aug. Earl of Euston.

No. 17. *Cambridge Town.*

- 3 Robert Manners, esq. Hon. Edward Finch.
 4 Robert Manners, esq. Hon. Edward Finch.

No. 18. *Cheshire.*

- 3 Davies Davenport, esq. Thos. Cholmondeley, esq.
 4 Davies Davenport, esq. Thos. Cholmondeley, esq.

No. 19. *Chester City.*

- 3 Thomas Grosvenor, esq. Rich. Drax Grosvenor, esq.
 4 Thomas Grosvenor, esq. John Egerton, Esq.

No. 20. *Cornwall.*

- 3 Sir Wm. Lemon, bt. Henry H. Tremayne, esq.
 4 Sir Wm. Lemon, bt. Henry H. Tremayne, esq.

No. 21.

Parl. No. 21. *Launceston.*

- 3 Hugh Earl Percy. James Brogden, esq.
4 Hugh Earl Percy: James Brogden, esq.

No. 22. *Leskeard.*

- 3 Hon. Wm. Elliott.¹ Wm. Huskisson.²
4 Hon. Wm. Elliott. James Visc. Hamilton.

¹ Appointed one of the Commissioners of the Admiralty. A new Writ ordered April 8, 1807—he was re-elected.

² Captain Nicholas Tomlinson of the Royal Navy petitioned against the Return made in favour of Mr Elliott and Mr Huskisson.—The Committee that tried the Election found both Members duly elected; and the Petition against Mr Elliott was found to be frivolous and vexatious; but that the one against Mr Huskisson was not frivolous or vexatious. Feb. 19, 1807.

No. 23. *Lestwithiel.*

- 3 Cornelius Lord Lismore.¹ Wm. Dickenson, esq.²
Charles Cockerell, esq.
4 Ebenezer Maitland, esq. Geo. Holford, esq.

¹ Of the Kingdom of Ireland.

² Made his Election for Somersetshire. A new Writ ordered Jan. 12, 1807.

No. 24. *Truro.*

- 3 Edward Lev. Gower, esq. John Lemon, esq.
4 Hon. Ed. Boscawen. John Lemon, esq.

Parl.

No. 25. *Bodmyn.*

- 3 Wm. Wingfield, esq. Davies Giddy, esq.
 4 Sir Wm. Oglander, bt. Davies Giddy, esq.

No. 26. *Hellston.*

- 3 Rt. Hon. N. Vansittart.¹ John De Ponthieu, esq.
 4 Sir J. St. Aubin, bart. Richard Richards, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Old Sarum. A new Writ ordered Jan. 3, 1807.

No. 27. *Saltash.*

- 3 Matthew Russel, esq. Ar. Champernowne, esq.
 Hon. Richd. Neville. Wm. H. Freemantle, esq.
 4 W H. Freemantle, esq. } D. { T. F. Freemantle, esq.
 Matthew Russel, esq. } R. { John Pedley, esq.

No. 28. *Camelford.*

- 3 Robert Adair, esq. James Visc. Maitland.
 4 Robert Adair, esq. Lord Henry Petty.

No. 29. *West Looe.*

- 3 Ralph A. Daniel, esq. James Buller, esq.¹
 4 Ralph A. Daniel, esq. James Buller, esq.

¹ Appointed a Commissioner of the Admiralty. A new Writ issued Feb. 1807—he was re-elected.

No. 30.

Parl. No. 30. *Grampound.*

- 3 Henry Faucett, esq. Sir Christ. Hawkins, bt.
4 Hon. A. C. Johnstone. Hon. Geo. Aug. Cochrane.

No. 31. *East Looc.*

- 3 John Buller, Esq.¹ Edward Buller, esq.,
4 D. Vanderkeyden, esq. Edward Buller, esq.

¹ Hamlyn Trelawney of Trelawney, esq. and John Smith of Ed-
monton, esq. petitioned against the Return of Messrs. Bullers.

No. 32. *Penryn.*

- 3 Sir Christ. Hawkins, bt.¹ Henry Swan, esq.
J. T. P. B. Trevanion, esq.²
4 Charles Lemon, esq. Henry Swan, esq.

¹ Made Steward of the Three Chiltern Hundreds. A new Writ
ordered April, 1807.

² John Trevanion Purnel Bettesworth Trevanion, and William
Wingfield, esqrs. petitioned. The same was tried by a Select Com-
mittee, who found that Mr Trevanion was duly elected, ought to
have been returned; and Atkyns Wright, esq. Chairman of said
Committee, also acquainted the House, that the said Select Commit-
tee had come to several Resolutions, which they directed him to re-
port to the House—"That it appeared to the Committee that Sir
Christopher Hawkins, bart. had, by himself and his Agents, been
guilty of Bribery and corrupt Practices to enfluence the last Election
for the Borough of Penryn." Feb. 4, 1807.

No. 33.

Parl.

No. 33. *Tregony.*

- 3 John Nichols, esq. Jon. Miles, esq.
 God. Wentworth, esq. James O'Callaghan, esq.
 4 God. Wentworth, esq. James O'Callaghan, esq.

No. 34. *Bossiney.*

- 3 J. A. S. Wortley, esq. Henry Baring, esq.
 4 J. A. S. Wortley, esq. Pet. Isaac Lord Rendlesham.

No. 35. *St Ives.*

- 3 Samuel Stevens, esq. Francis Horner, esq.
 4 Samuel Stevens, esq. Sir Walter Stirling, bt.

No. 36. *Fowey.*

- 3 Reginald P. Carew, esq. Robert Wigram, esq.
 4 Reginald P. Carew, esq. Robert Wigram, esq.

No. 37. *St German's.*

- 3 Sir J. Sid. Yorke, knt. Matthew Montagu, esq.
 4 Sir J. Sid. Yorke, knt. Matthew Montagu, esq.

No. 38.

Parl.

No. 38. *St Mitchell.*

- 3 Sir C. Hawkins, *knt.*¹ Fred. Wm. French, *esq.*
 H. C. Montgomery, *esq.* Hon. Sir A. Wellesley, *K.B.*²
 4 Hon. — Gower G. Galway Mills, *esq.*

¹ Made Steward of the Three Chiltern Hundreds. A new Writ ordered Jan. 3, 1807.

² Brother of Marquis Wellesley; appointed Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. A new Writ ordered April 13, 1807—he was re-elected.

No. 39. *Newport.*

- 3 William Northey, *esq.* Edward Morris, *esq.*
 4 William Northey, *esq.* Edward Morris, *esq.*

No. 40. *St Maives.*

- 3 Sir John Newport, *bt.*¹ Scrope Bernard, *esq.*
 4 William Shipley Scrope Bernard, *esq.*

¹ Made his Election for Waterford in Ireland. A new Writ ordered Jan. 12, 1807.

No. 41. *Callington.*

- 3 William Wickham, *esq.* William Garrow, *esq.*
 4 Thos. Lord Binning. Thomas Carter, *esq.*

No. 42. *Cumberland.*

- 3 John Lowther, *esq.* George Viscount Morpeth.
 4 John Lowther, *esq.* George Viscount Morpeth.

No. 43.

Parl.

No. 43. *Carlisle.*

- 3 John C. Curwen, esq. Walter S. Stanhope, esq.
 4 John C. Curwen, esq. Walter S. Stanhope, esq.

No. 44. *Cockermouth.*

- 3 John Lowther, esq.¹ James Graham, esq.
 Thos. Lord Binning.
 4 John Lowther, esq. James Graham, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Cumberland. A new Writ ordered Jan. 3, 1807.

No. 45. *Derbyshire.*

- 3 Lord G. A. Cavendish. Ed. Miller Mundy, esq.
 4 Lord G. A. Cavendish. Ed. Miller Mundy, esq.

No. 46. *Derby.*

- 3 Edward Coke, esq.¹ William Cavendish, esq.
 Thomas Wm. Coke.²
 4 Edward Coke, esq. William Cavendish, esq.

¹ Made Steward of the three Chiltern Hundreds. A new Writ issued Feb. 18, 1807. He was chosen for the County of Norfolk.

² In this Parliament before for Norfolk County.

No. 47. *Devonshire.*

- 3 John P. Bastard, esq. Sir Laurence Palk, bt.
 4 John P. Bastard, esq. Sir Laurence Palk, bt.

No. 48.

Parl. No. 48. *Exeter.*

3 Sir C. W. Bampfylde, bt. James Buller, esq.

4 Sir C. W. Bampfylde, bt. James Buller, esq.

No. 49. *Totness.*

3 William Adams, esq. Benjamin Hall, esq.

4 William Adams, esq. Benjamin Hall, esq.

No. 50. *Plymouth.*

3 Thos. Tyrwhitt, esq. Sir Charles M. Pole, bt.¹

4 Thos. Tyrwhitt, esq. Sir Charles M. Pole, bt.

¹ Sir William Elford, bt. and Thomas Bewes, esq. petitioned.—
The Committee found the sitting Members duly elected. February
9, 1807.

No. 51. *Oakhampton.*

3 Richard B. Robson, esq. Jos. Foster Barham, esq.

4 Lloyd Wardell, esq. Albany Saville, esq.

No. 52. *Barnstaple.*

3 H. Lord Vis. Ebrington. William Tayler, esq.

4 Geo. W. Thelusson, esq. William Tayler, esq.

No. 53,

Parl. No. 53. *Plympton Earle.*

3 Sir S. Lushington, bt.¹ R. Lord Vis. Castlereagh.²
Hon. Wm. Harbord.

4 Hon. Wm. Harbord. R. Lord Vis. Castlereagh.

¹ Died, a new Writ issued, Jan. 29, 1807.

² Appointed one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.
A new Writ ordered March 25, 1807—he was re-elected.

No. 54. *Honiton.*

3 Hon. A. C. Bradshaw. Thomas Lord Cochrane.

4 Hon. A. C. Bradshaw. Sir Chas. Hamilton, bt.

No. 55. *Tavistock.*

3 Hon. R. Fitzpatrick. Lord Robert Spencer.

4 Hon. R. Fitzpatrick. Lord William Russell.

No. 56. *Ashburton.*

3 Walter Palk, esq. Hon. G. E. Kynynmound.

4 Walter Palk, esq. Lord Charles Bentinck.

No. 57. *Clifton Dartmouth.*

3 Edmund Bastard, esq. Arthur Holdesworth, esq.

4 Edmund Bastard, esq. Arthur Holdesworth, esq.

No. 58.

Parl.

No. 58. *Beeralston.*

3 Hon. Jocelyn Percy. George Lord Lovaine.¹

4 Hon. Jocelyn Percy. George Lord Lovaine.

¹ Appointed one of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India, with a Salary; a new Writ ordered, he was re-elected.

No. 59. *Tiverton.*

3 Hon. Richard Ryder. William Fitzhugh, esq.

4 Hon. Richard Ryder. William Fitzhugh, esq.

No. 60. *Dorsetshire.*

3 Wm. Mordaunt Pitt, esq. Ed. Berkeley Portman, esq.

4 Wm. Mordaunt Pitt, esq. Ed. Berkeley Portman, esq.

No. 61. *Poole.*

3 John Jeffery, esq. George Garland, esq.

4 John Jeffery, esq. George Garland, esq. } D.
Sir Rich. Bickerton, bt. } R.

No. 62. *Dorchester.*

3 Hon. Cropley Ashley.¹ Francis Fane, esq.

4 Hon. Cropley Ashley. Francis Fane, esq.

¹ Appointed Clerk of the Deliveries of the Ordnance; a new Writ ordered, April 8, 1807, he was re-elected.

No. 63.

Parl. No. 63. *Lyme-Regis.*

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 3 Henry Fane, esq. | John Lord Burghersh. |
| 4 Henry Fane, esq. | John Lord Burghersh. |

No. 64. and 65. *Weymouth and Melcomb-Regis.*

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 3 Sir J. Murray Pulteney, bt. | Gabriel T. Steward, esq. |
| Charles Adams, esq. | Rich. T. Steward, esq. |
| 4 Sir J. Murray Pulteney, bt. | Gab. T. Steward, esq. |
| Charles Adams, esq. | Gab. T. Steward, esq. |

Parl. 3. Wm. Williams, — Arbuthnot, and others, petitioned against this Return. The Committee that tried this Election found the Members returned duly elected—Feb. 2, 1807.

No. 66. *Bridport.*

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 3 George Barclay, esq. | Sir Evan Nepean, bart. |
| 4 Samuel Wood, esq. | Sir Evan Nepean, bart. |

No. 67. *Shaftesbury.*

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3 Ed. Loveden Loveden, esq. | Sir Home Popham, knt. |
| 4 Ed. Loveden Loveden, esq. | Thomas Wallace, esq. |

No. 68. *Wareham.*

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3 Andrew Strahan, esq. | Jonathan Raine, esq. |
| 4 J. T. Calcraft, esq. | Hon. John William Ward. |

No. 69.

Parl. No. 69. *Corfe Castle.*

- 3 Henry Bankes, esq. Nathaniel Bond, esq.
4 Henry Bankes, esq. P. W. Baker, esq.

No. 70. *Durham County.*

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 3 Sir R. Milbanke, bt. | Sir Thomas Liddel, bt. |
| 4 Sir R. Milbanke, bt. | Sir H. V. Tempest, bt. |

No. 71: *Durham City.*

- 3 John Lambton, esq. Richard Wharton, esq.
4 Rich. L. Lambton, esq. Richard Wharton, esq.

No. 72. *Essex County.*

- 3 John Bullock, esq. Eliab Harvey, esq.
4 John Bullock, esq. Eliab Harvey, esq.

No. 73. *Colchester.*

- 3 Robert Thornton, esq. William Tuffnell, esq.
4 Robert Thornton, esq. Richard Hart Davies, esq.

No. 74. *Maldon.*

- 3 John Holden Strutt, esq. Benjamin Gaskill, esq.
Charles Collis Western, esq.
4 John Holden Strutt, esq. Charles Collis Western, esq.

¹ Parl. 3. Chas. Collins Western, esq. petitioned, and the Election
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was tried by a Select Committee, who found Benjamin Gaskill, esq. not duly elected; and that Charles Collins Western, esq. was duly elected, and ought to have been returned. Feb. 2. 1807.

Parl.

No. 75. *Harwich.*

- 3 John H. Addington, esq. Wm. H. Freemantle, esq.¹
4 John H. Addington, esq. William Huskisson, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Saltash. A new Writ ordered 27th March, 1807.

No. 76. *Gloucester County.*

- 3 Hon. George Berkeley. Lord Robert Somerset.
4 Hon. George Berkeley. Lord Robert Somerset.

No. 77. *Gloucester City.*

- 3 Henry Howard, esq. Robert Morris, esq.
4 Henry Howard, esq. Robert Morris, esq.

No. 78. *Cirencester.*

- 3 M. Hicks Beach, esq. H. Jos. Cripps, esq.
4 M. Hicks Beach, esq. H. Jos. Cripps, esq.

No. 79. *Tewkesbury.*

- 3 James Martin, esq. Christopher Codrington, esq.
4 Henry Tracy, esq. Christopher Codrington, esq.

No. 80.

Parl. No. 80. *Hereford County.*

- 3 Sir G. A. Cornwall, bt. Sir John G. Cotterell, bt.
4 Sir G. A. Cornwall, bt. Sir John G. Cotterell, bt.

No. 81. *Hereford City.*

- 3 Tho. P. Symonds, esq. Rich. P. Scudamore, esq.
4 Tho. P. Symonds, esq. Rich. P. Scudamore, esq.

No. 82. *Leominster.*

- 3 Sir John Lubbock, bt. Henry Bonham, esq.
4 Sir John Lubbock, bt. Henry Bonham, esq.

No. 83. *Weobley.*

- 3 Lord George Thynne. Robert Steele, esq.
4 Lord George Thynne. Lord Guernsey.

No. 84. *Hertford County.*

- 3 William Plumer, esq. William Baker, esq.
4 Sir J. S. Sebright, bt. Hon. Thomas Brand.

No. 85. *St Albans.*

- 3 Wm. Stephen Poyntz. Hon. J. W. Grimstone.
4 Joseph Halsey, esq. Hon. J. W. Grimstone.

Parl. No. 86. *Hertford Town.*

- 3 Hon. Ed. S. Cowper. Nicholson Calvert, esq.
 4 Hon. Ed. S. Cowper. Nicholson Calvert, esq.

No. 87. *Huntingdon County.*

- 3 G.Ld.V.Hinchingbroke. John Lord Proby.
 4 G.Ld.V.Hinchingbroke. Wm. Hen. Fellowes, esq.

No. 88. *Huntingdon Town.*

- 3 Wm. H. Fellowes, esq. John Calvert, esq.
 4 Wm. M. Farmer, esq. John Calvert, esq.

No. 89. *Kent.*

- 3 Sir E. Knatchbull, bt. Wm. Honywood, esq.
 4 Sir E. Knatchbull, bt. Wm. Honywood, esq.

No. 90. *Canterbury.*

- 3 John Baker, esq. James Simmons, esq.
 Elias S. Sawbridge, esq.
 3 John Baker, esq. E. Taylor, esq.

¹ Died, a new Writ ordered. Feb. 26, 1807.

No. 91. *Rochester.*

- 3 John Calcraft, esq. James Barnet, esq.
 4 John Calcraft, esq. Sir Tho. B. Thompson, bt.

No. 92.

Parl.

No. 92. *Maidstone.*

3 Geo. Simson, esq.

George Longman, esq.¹

4 Geo. Simson, esq.

George Longman, esq.

¹ Sir Matthew Bloxam, knt. petitioned against the sitting Members, but the Committee found that they were both duly elected. Feb. 23, 1807.

No. 93. *Queenborough.*

3 Sir Sam. Romilly, knt.

Wm. Frankland, esq.

4 Hon. C. John Villiers.

Joseph Hunt, esq.

No. 94. *Lancashire.*

3 Thomas Stanley, esq.

John Blackburne, esq.

4 Thomas Stanley, esq.

John Blackburne, esq.

No. 95. *Preston.*

3 Edw. Lord Stanley.

Samuel Horrocks, esq.

4 Edw. Lord Stanley.

Samuel Horrocks, esq.

No. 96. *Lancaster.*

3 John Dent, esq.

John F. Cawthorne, esq.

4 John Dent, esq.

Peter Patten, esq.

No. 97. *Newton.*

3 Charles Brooke, esq.

Peter Heron, esq.

4 John Blackburne, esq.

Peter Heron, esq.

d d 3

No. 98.

Parl.

No. 98. *Wigan.*

- 3 Rob. Holt Leigh, esq. John Hodson, esq.
 4 Rob. Holt Leigh, esq. John Hodson, esq.

No. 99. *Clithero.*

- 3 Hon. Robert Curzon. Honourable John Cust.
 4 Hon. Robert Curzon. Honourable John Cust.

No. 100. *Liverpool.*

- 3 Isaac Gascoigne, esq. William Roscoe, esq.
 4 Isaac Gascoigne, esq. Benjamin Tarleton, esq.

No. 101. *Leicester County.*

- 3 Geo. A. L. Keck, esq. Lord Robert Manners.
 4 Geo. A. L. Keck, esq. Lord Robert Manners.

No. 102. *Leicester Town.*

- 3 Samuel Smith, esq. Thos. Babington, esq.
 4 Samuel Smith, esq. Thos. Babington, esq.

No. 103. *Lincoln County.*

- 3 Sir G. Heathcote, bt. Charles Chaplin, esq.
 4 Hon. Chas. A. Pelham. Charles Chaplin, esq.

No. 104.

Parl.

No. 104. *Lincoln City.*

- 3 Richard Ellison, esq. Hon. William Monson.
4 Richard Ellison, esq. Hon. William Monson.

No. 105. *Boston.*

- 3 Wm. A. Maddocks, esq. Thomas Fyde, junr. esq.
4 Wm. A. Maddocks, esq. Thomas Fyde, junr. esq.

No. 106. *Great Grimsby.*

- 3 Hon. C. A. Pelham. Hon. George A. Pelham.
4 William Ellis, esq. Hon. George A. Pelham.

No. 107. *Stamford.*

- 3 John Leland, esq. Albemarle Bertie, esq.
4 John Leland, esq. Albemarle Bertie, esq.

No. 108. *Grantham.*

- 3 Thomas Thornton, esq. Russell Manners, esq.
4 Thomas Thornton, esq. William Earl Welby, esq.

No. 109. *Middlesex.*

- 3 George Byng, esq. William Mellish, esq.
4 George Byng, esq. William Mellish, esq.

No. 110.

Parl. No. 110, *Westminster City.*

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 3 Sir Samuel Hood. | Richard Brin. Sheridan, esq. ¹ |
| 4 Sir F. J. Burdett, bt. | Thomas Lord Cochrane. |

¹ James Paull, esq. petitioned against Mr Sheridan's Election; and the same being tried by a Select Committee of the House, declared the sitting Member to be duly elected.

No. 111. *London City.*

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 3 Sir William Curtis bart. | Sir Charles Price, bart. |
| James Shaw, esq. | Harvey C. Combe, esq. |
| 4 Sir William Curtis, bart. | Sir Charles Price, bart. |
| James Shaw, esq. | Harvey C. Combe, esq. |

No. 112. *Monmouth County.*

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3 Sir Charles Morgan, bt. | Lord Arthur Somerset. |
| 4 Sir Charles Morgan, bt. | Lord Arthur Somerset. |

No. 113. *Monmouth Town.*

- | |
|--------------------------|
| 3 Lord Charles Somerset. |
| 4 Lord Charles Somerset. |

No. 114. *Norfolk County.*

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3 Thomas W. Coke, esq. ¹ | William Wyndham, esq. |
| Edward Coke, esq. | Sir Jacob Astley, bt. |
| 4 Thomas W. Coke, esq. | Sir Jacob Astley, bt. |

¹ 3d Parl. Several of the Freeholders petitioned against the Election of Thomas William Coke, and William Wyndham, esqrs. The Committee found that neither of these two Gentlemen were duly elected. A new Writ ordered Feb. 19, 1807.

No. 115.

Parl. No. 115. *Norwich City.*

- 3 Robert Fellowes, esq. John Patteson, esq.
4 William Smith, esq. John Patteson, esq.

No. 116. *Lynn-Regis.*

- 3 Horatio Lord Walpole. Sir Martin B. Folkes, bt.
4 Horatio Lord Walpole. Sir Martin B. Folkes, bt.

No. 117. *Great Yarmouth.*

- 3 Hon. Ed. Harbord. Stephen Lushington, esq.
4 Hon. Ed. Harbord. Stephen Lushington, esq.

No. 118. *Thetford.*

- 3 Lord William Fitzroy. James Mingay, esq.
Thomas Creevey, esq.
4 Lord William Fitzroy. Thomas Creevey, esq.

* Tho. Creevey, esq. and several of the Freemen petitioned against the Election of James Mingay, esq.; and the Committee, who tried the Merits of this Election, found, that James Mingay, esq. was not duly elected, and that Thomas Creevey, esq. was duly elected, and ought to have been returned. Feb. 4, 1807.

No. 119. *Castle Rising.*

- 3 Charles Chester, esq. Richard Sharpe, esq.
4 Hon. Charles Bagot. Richard Sharpe, esq.

No. 120.

Parl. No. 120. *Northampton County.*

3 Wm. R. Cartwright, esq. John C. Viscount Althorpe.

4 Wm. R. Cartwright, esq. John C. Viscount Althorpe.

No. 121. *Peterborough.*

3 French Lawrence, L.L.D. Right Hon. William Elliot.

4 French Lawrence, L.L.D. Right Hon. William Elliot.

No. 122. *Northampton Town.*

3 Hon. Edward Bouverie. Hon. Spencer Perceval.¹

4 Hon. Edward Bouverie. Hon. Spencer Perceval.

¹ Appointed Chancellor and Under-Treasurer of his Majesty's Exchequer. March 26, 1807.

No. 123. *Brackley.*

3 Robt. H. Bradshaw, esq. Anthony Henderson, esq.

4 Robt. H. Bradshaw, esq. Anthony Henderson, esq.

No. 124. *Higham Ferrers.*

3 Francis Ferrard Foljambe, esq.

4 Right Hon. William Wyndham.

No. 125. *Northumberland.*

3 Charles Visc. Howick, Thos. Rich. Beaumont, esq.

4 Hugh Earl Percy. Thos. Rich. Beaumont, esq.

No. 125.

Parl. No. 126. *Newcastle-upon-Tyne.*

3 Sir M. W. Ridley, bt. Charles J. Brandling, esq.

4 Sir M. W. Ridley, bt. Charles J. Brandling, esq.

No. 127. *Morpeth.*

3 William Ord, esq. Hon. William Howard.

4 William Ord, esq. Hon. William Howard.

No. 128. *Berwick-upon-Tweed.*

3 Sir John Callander, bt. Alexander Tower, esq.

4 Sir A. L. McDonald, bt. Alexr. Allan, esq.

No. 129. *Nottinghamshire.*

3 Chas. Viscount Newark. Anthony H. Eyre, esq.

4 Chas. Viscount Newark. Anthony H. Eyre, esq.

No. 130. *Nottingham Town.*

3 Dan. Parker Coke, esq. John Smith, esq.

4 Dan. Parker Coke, esq. John Smith, esq.

No. 131. *East Retford.*

3 Charles Craufurd, esq. Thomas Hugham, esq.

4 Charles Craufurd, esq. William Ingilby, esq.

No. 132.

Parl.

No. 132. *Newark.*

3 Henry Willoughby, esq. Stapleton Cotton, esq.

4 Henry Willoughby, esq. Stapleton Cotton, esq.

No. 133. *Oxfordshire.*

3 Lord F. A. Spencer. John Fane, esq.

4 Lord F. A. Spencer. John Fane, esq.

No. 134. *Oxford University.*

3 Sir William Scott, knt. Right Hon. Charles Abbot.

4 Sir William Scott, knt. Right Hon. Charles Abbot.

No. 135. *Oxford City.*

3 Francis Burton, esq. John Atkins Wright, esq.

4 Francis Burton, esq. John Ingram Lockhart, esq.

No. 136. *Woodstock.*

3 Sir F. W. Dashwood, bt. Hon. Wm. F. Eden.

4 Sir F. W. Dashwood, bt. Hon. Wm. F. Eden.

No. 137. *Banbury.*

3 William Pread, esq.

4 Wm. Pread, esq. } Equal in the Poll.
Dudley North. }

No 138

Parl. No. 138. *Rutland County.*

- 3 Gerard Noel Noel, esq. John Lord Henniker.
- 4 Gerard Noel Noel, esq. John Lord Henniker.

No. 139. *Salop County.*

- 3 John K. Powell, esq. John Cotes, esq.
- 4 John K. Powell, esq. John Cotes, esq.

No. 140. *Shrewsbury.*

- 3 Hon. William Hill. Hon. Henry G. Bennett.
- 4 Hon. William Hill. Thomas Jones, esq.

No. 141. *Bridgenorth.*

- 3 Isaac H. Browne, esq. John Whitmore, esq.
- 4 Isaac H. Browne, esq. John Whitmore, esq.

No. 142. *Ludlow.*

- 3 Hon. Robert Clive. Edward Viscount Clive.
- 4 Hon. Henry Clive. Edward Viscount Clive.

No. 143. *Great Wenlock.*

- 3 Cecil Forrester, esq. Hon. John Simpson.
- 4 Cecil Forrester, esq. Hon. John Simpson.

No. 144.

Parl. No. 144. *Bishop's Castle.*

- 3 William Clive, esq. John Robinson, esq.
4 William Clive, esq. John Robinson, esq.

No. 145. *Somersetshire.*

- 3 Wm. Dickinson, esq. Tho. B. Lethbridge, esq.
4 Wm. Dickenson, esq. Tho. B. Lethbridge, esq.

No. 146. *Bristol City.*

- 3 Charles Bathurst, esq. Evan Baillie, esq.
4 Charles Bathurst, esq. Evan Baillie, esq.

No. 147. *Bath City.*

- 3 Lord John Thynne. John Palmer, esq.
4 Lord John Thynne. John Palmer, esq.

No. 148. *Wells City.*

- 3 Clement Tudway, esq. Charles William Taylor, esq.
4 Clement Tudway, esq. Charles William Taylor, esq.

No. 149. *Taunton.*

- 3 John Hammet, esq. Alexr. Baring, esq.
4 John Hammet, esq. Alexr. Baring, esq.

No. 150.

Parl. No. 150. *Bridgewater.*

- 3 John Langston, esq. Hon. Vere Paulett.
4 William Thornton, esq. George Pocock, esq.

No. 151. *Minehead.*

- 3 G. A. H. A. Ld. Rancliffe. Sir John Lethbridge, bt.
John Fownes Luttrell, esq.
4 John Luttrell, esq. John Dennison, esq.

¹ Made Steward of the Manor of East Hendred. A new Writ ordered Jan. 20th, 1807.

No. 152. *Ilchester.*

- 3 Sir Wm. Manners, bt. Nathaniel Saxon, esq.
4 Michael A. Taylor. Rt. Hon. R. B. Sheridan.

No. 153. *Milborne Port.*

- 3 Hugh Leycester, esq.¹ Henry Wm. Lord Paget.
4 Hugh Leycester, esq. Henry Wm. Lord Paget.

¹ Emanuel Samuel and William Samuel Davison, &c. petitioned. By neglecting to enter into proper recognizances, the same was discharged by Order of the House, Jan. 1807.

No. 154. *Southampton County.*

- 3 Tho. Thistlethwaite, esq. Hon. William Herbert.
4 William Chute, esq. Sir H. P. St John Mildmay, bt.

No. 155.

Parl. No. 155. *Winchester City.*

- 3 Sir Richard Gamon, bt. Sir H. P. St John Mildmay, bt.
4 Sir Richard Gamon, bt. Henry C. Mildmay, esq.

No. 156. *Southampton.*

- 3 Geo. Henry Rose, esq. Arthur Atherley, esq.
4 Geo. Henry Rose, esq. Josias Jackson, esq.

No. 157. *Portsmouth.*

- 3 Sir Thomas Miller, bt. John Markham, esq.
4 Sir Thomas Miller, bt. John Markham, esq.

No. 158. *Yarmouth, Isle of Wight.*

- 3 Jer. Clerk Jervoise, esq. Tho. William Plumer, esq.
4 Jer. Clerk Jervoise, esq. Hon. Powlett Powlett.

No. 159. *Petersfield.*

- 3 Hylton Joliffe, esq. Hon. John William Ward.
4 Hylton Joliffe, esq. Hon. Booth Grey.

No. 160. *Newport, Isle of Wight.*

- 3 Sir John Doyle, K.B. Isaac Corry, esq.
4 Hen. J. Lord Palmerston. Sir John Doyle, K.B.

No. 161.

Parl. No. 161. *Stockbridge.*

- 3 George Porter, esq. Jos. Foster Barham, esq.¹
4 George Porter, esq. Jos. Foster Barham, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Oakhampton. A new Writ ordered Jan. 5, 1807.

No. 162. *Newton, Isle of Wight.*

- 3 Sir Robert Barclay, bt. George Canning, esq.¹
4 Dudley North, esq. Bar. Pope Blachford, esq.

¹ Appointed one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.—A new Writ ordered March 25, 1807—he was re-elected.

No. 163. *Christ Church.*

- 3 Right Hon. Geo. Rose.¹ William Sturges Bourne.¹
4 Right Hon. Geo. Rose. William Sturges Bourne.

¹ Several Electors having presented a Petition against their Elections, but desiring to withdraw the same, and the Right Hon. Geo. Rose having been appointed Treasurer of the Navy, and William Sturges Bourne, esq. being appointed one of the Commissioners of the Treasury, new Writs were ordered April 10, 1807, and they were re-elected.

No. 164. *Lymington.*

- 3 John Kingston, esq. Sir H. B. Neale, bt.
4 John Kingston, esq. George Duckett, esq.

Parl. No. 165. *Whitechurch.*

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 3 Hon. Wm. Broderick. | Hon. Wm. A. Townshend. |
| 4 Hon. Wm. Broderick. | Hon. Wm. A. Townshend. |

No. 166. *Andover.*

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3 Tho. Ash. Smith, esq. | Thomas Everitt, esq. |
| 4 Tho. Ash. Smith, esq. | Hon. Newton Fellowes. |

No. 167. *Staffordshire.*

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| 3 Sir Edward Littleton, bt. | Lord G. Leveson Gower. |
| 4 Sir Edward Littleton, bt. | Lord G. Leveson Gower. |

No. 168. *Litchfield City.*

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| 3 George Anson, esq. | G. Gran. Ven. Vernon, esq. |
| 4 George Anson, esq. | G. Gran. Ven. Vernon, esq. |

No. 169. *Stafford Town.*

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| 3 Hon. Edward Monckton. | Richard Mansel Philips, esq. |
| 4 Hon. Edward Monckton. | Richard Mansel Philips, esq. |

No. 170. *Newcastle-under-Line.*

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 3 Edward W. Bootle, esq. | James McDonald, esq. |
| 4 Edward W. Bootle, esq. | James McDonald, esq. |

No. 171.

Parl. No. 171. *Tamworth.*

3 Sir Robert Peele, bt.	William Loftus, esq.
4 Sir Robert Peele, bt.	William Loftus, esq.

No. 172. *Suffolk County.*

3 Sir Charles Bunbury, bt.	Thomas Sher. Gooch, esq.
4 Sir Charles Bunbury, bt.	Thomas Sher. Gooch, esq.

No. 173. *Ipswich.*

3 Richard Wilson, esq.	Hon. Robert Stopford.
4 Sir Home Popham, knt.	Robert Alexr. Crickett, esq.

No. 174. *Dunwich.*

3 Joshua Lord Huntingfield.	Snowdon Barne, esq.
4 Joshua Lord Huntingfield.	Snowdon Barne, esq.

No. 175. *Orford.*

3 Lord Robert Seymour.	Lord Henry Moore.
4 Lord Robert Seymour.	Lord Henry Moore.

No. 176. *Aldborough.*

3 Sir John Aubrey, bt.	John McMahon, esq.
4 Sir John Aubrey, bt.	John McMahon, esq.

Parl.

No. 177. *Sudbury.*3 Sir J. Cox Hippesley, bt. John Pytches, esq.¹

4 Sir J. Cox Hippesley, bt. Emanuel Felix Agar, esq.

¹ Several of the Freemen petitioned against the Election of John Pytches, esq. The Committee that tried the Petition found that John Pytches, esq. was duly elected, and that the Petition was not frivolous. Feb. 20, 1807.

No. 178. *Eye.*3 Hon. Wm. Cornwallis.¹ George Marquis of Huntly.²

James Cornwallis, esq. Hon. Henry Wellesley.

4 Mark Singleton, esq. Hon. Henry Wellesley.

¹ Made Steward of the Chiltern Hundreds. A new Writ ordered Jan. 5, 1807.

² Summoned to the House of Peers as Baron Gordon of Huntly, in Gloucestershire. A new Writ ordered April 13, 1807.

No. 179. *St Edmundsbury.*

3 Lord Charles Fitzroy. John Hen. Vis. Templeton.

4 Lord Charles Fitzroy. John Hen. Vis. Templeton.

No. 180. *Surrey.*

3 Lord William Russell. Sir John Frederick, bt.

4 Samuel Thornton, esq. George H. Sumner, esq.

No. 181.

Parl. No. 181. *Southwark.*

- 3 Henry Thornton, esq. Sir Thomas Turton, bt.
4 Henry Thornton, esq. Sir Thomas Turton, bt.

No. 182. *Bletchingly.*

- 3 Josias D. Porcher, esq.¹ William Kenrick, esq.
John Bannerman, esq.
4 Thomas Heathcote, esq. William Kenrick, esq.

¹ Made Steward of the Chiltern Hundreds. A new Writ ordered Jan. 15, 1807—he was chosen for Tralee in Ireland.

No. 183. *Ryegate.*

- 3 Philip Viscount Royston. Hon. Edward C. Cocks.
4 Philip Viscount Royston. Hon. Edward C. Cocks.

No. 184. *Guilford.*

- 3 Thomas C. Onslow, esq. George H. Sumner, esq.¹
Hon. Chapple Norton.²
4 Thomas C. Onslow, esq. Hon. Chapple Norton.

¹ Parl. 3. Hon. Chapple Norton petitioned against the Return of G. H. Sumner, esq. and the Committee that tried the Merits of this Election, found that G. H. Sumner, esq. was not duly elected, and ought not to have been returned; and that

² The Hon. Chapple Norton was duly elected, and ought to have been returned. March 16, 1807.

Parl.

No. 185. *Gatton.*

3 Mark Wood, esq.

James Athol Wood, esq.

4 Mark Wood, esq.

Geo. Bellas Greenough, esq.

No. 186. *Haslemere.*3 Right Hon. Chas. Long.¹ George Lord Garies.¹Robert Ward, esq.²

4 Right Hon. Chas. Long. Robert Ward, esq.

¹ Succeeded his Father as Earl of Galloway. A new Writ ordered Jan. 3, 1807.

² Appointed Paymaster-General of the Land Forces. A new Writ ordered March 26, 1807—he was re-elected.

³ Appointed one of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.—A new Writ ordered April 8, 1807—he was re-elected.

No. 187. *Sussex County.*3 Charles Lennox, esq.¹ John Fuller, esq.

Hon. William Wyndham

4 Hon. William Wyndham. John Fuller, esq.

¹ Succeeded his Uncle as Duke of Richmond. A new Writ ordered Jan. 9, 1807.

No. 188. *Chichester City.*

3 Right Hon. Tho. Steele. Geo. White Thomas, esq.

4 James Dupré, esq.

Geo. White Thomas, esq.

No. 189.

Parl. No. 189. *Horsham.*

- 3 Jas. Ed. Vis. Fitzharris. }¹ { Henry J. Vis. Palmerston.
 Francis E. Wilder, esq.² } { Love Parry Jones, esq.
 Sir Samuel Romilly, knt.
 4 Sir Samuel Romilly, knt. Love Parry Jones, esq.

¹ A double Return. The Committee that tried the Merits of this Election, found that Viscount Fitzharris, and Viscount Palmerston were not duly elected, and that Francis Edward Wilder, esq. and Love Parry Jones, esq. were duly elected, and ought to have been returned. Jan. 8, 1807.

² Being also chosen for the Borough of Arundel, he made Choice to represent Arundel. A new Writ issued for Horsham. Jan. 1807.

No. 190. *Midhurst.*

- 3 John Smith, esq.¹ Right Hon. W. Wickham.
 H. Williams Wynne, esq. Wm. Con. Plunkett, esq.
 4 Hon. James Abercromby. Samuel Smith, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Nottingham. A new Writ ordered Jan. 20, 1807.

² Made his Election for Callington. A new Writ ordered Jan. 21, 1807.

No. 191. *Lewes.*

- 3 Henry Shelley, esq. Thomas Kemp, esq.
 4 Henry Shelley, esq. Thomas Kemp, esq.

No. 192. *Shoreham.*

- 3 Timothy Shelley, esq. Sir Charles M. Burrell, bt.
 4 Timothy Shelley, esq. Sir Charles M. Burrell, bt.

Parl. No. 193. *Bramber.*

3 Henry Jodrell, esq. John Irving, esq.
 4 Henry Jodrell, esq. John Irving, esq.

No. 194. *Steyning,*

3 James Martin Lloyd, esq. Robert Hurst, esq.
 4 James Martin Lloyd, esq. Robert Hurst, esq.

No. 195. *East Grinstead.*

3 Sir Henry Strachey, bt. Daniel Giles, esq.
 4 Sir Nathaniel Holland, bt. Charles Rose Ellis, esq.

No. 196. *Arundel.*

3 Sir Arthur Pigot, knt. Francis John Wilder, esq.¹
 Charles James Lord Lecale.
 4 Sir Arthur Pigot, knt. Francis John Wilder, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Horsham. A new Writ ordered Jan, 21, 1807.

No. 197. *Warwick County.*

3 Dugdale S. Dugdale, esq. Sir Charles Mordaunt, bt.
 4 Dugdale S. Dugdale, esq. Sir Charles Mordaunt, bt.

No. 198.

Parl. No. 198. *Coventry City.*

3 Peter Moore, esq.	William Mills, esq.
4 Peter Moore, esq.	William Mills, esq.

No. 199. *Warwick Town.*

3 Henry Ric. Lord Brooke.	Charles Mills, esq.
4 Henry Ric. Lord Brooke.	Charles Mills, esq.

No. 200. *Westmoreland County.*

3 James Lowther, esq.	John Lord Muncaster.
4 James Lowther, esq.	John Lord Muncaster.

No. 201. *Appleby.*

3 Rt. Hon. John Courteney.	Sir Philip Francis, K.B.
4 Charles Visct. Howick.	James Cuth. Ramsay, esq.

No. 202. *Wiltshire.*

3 Henry P. Wyndham, esq.	Richard Long, esq.
4 Henry P. Wyndham, esq.	Richard Long, esq.

No. 203. *New Sarum.*

3 William Hussey, esq.	Wm. Viscount Folkestone.
4 William Hussey, esq.	Wm. Viscount Folkestone;

No. 204.

Parl.

No. 204. *Wilton.*

3 Ralph Sheldon, esq. Hon. Charles Herbert.
 4 Ralph Sheldon, esq. Hon. Charles Herbert.

No. 205. *Downton.*

3 Hon. Bart. Bouverie, esq. Hon. Duncombe Bouverie.
 4 Hon. Bart. Bouverie, esq. Sir Thomas Plomer, knt.

No. 206. *Hindon.*

3 William Beckford, esq. Benjamin Hobhouse, esq.
 4 William Beckford, esq. Benjamin Hobhouse, esq.

No. 207. *Heytesbury.*

3 Sir P. Ashe A'Court, esq.¹ Charles Abbot, esq.²
 4 — Visct. Fitzharris. Charles Moore, esq.

¹ Made Steward of the Manor of East Hendred, Berks; a new Writ ordered, January 20, 1807.

² Made his Election for Oxford City; a new Writ ordered, Jan. 20, 1807.

No. 208. *Westbury.*

3 William Jacob, esq. William Woolmore, esq.
 4 Hon. Ed. Lascelles. Glynn Wynn, esq.

No. 209.

Parl. No. 209. *Calne.*

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 3 Joseph Jekyll, esq. | Osborne Markham, esq. ¹ |
| | Henry Smith, esq. |
| 4 Joseph Jekyll, esq. | Henry Smith, esq. |

¹ Appointed one of the Commissioners of the Barracks; a new Writ ordered, March 24, 1807.

No. 210. *Devizes.*

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 3 Joshua Smith, esq. | Tho. G. Estcourt, esq. |
| 4 Joshua Smith, esq. | Tho. G. Estcourt, esq. |

No. 211. *Chippenham.*

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 3 John Maitland, esq. | Charles Brooke, esq. | |
| | James Dawkins, esq. | |
| 4 John Maitland, esq. | James Dawkins, esq. | } Equal
Votes. |
| | William Blake, esq. | |

Parl. 3.—James Dawkins, esq. petitioned against this Election, and the Committee before which it was tried found that Charles Brooke, esq. was not duly elected, and ought not to have been returned. That James Dawkins, esq. was duly elected, and ought to have been returned. That the Opposition of Charles Brooke, esq. to the Petition was not frivolous or vexatious, Feb. 23, 1807.

No. 212. *Malmesbury.*

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| 3 Robert Ladbroke, esq. | Wm. Ridley Colborne, esq. ¹ |
| 4 Sir George Bowyer, bt. | Philip Gill, esq. |

¹ Charles Saxton, and Charles Henry Bouverie, esqrs. petitioned against the Election of Messrs Ladbroke and Colborne. The Committee

mittee that tried this Election found the sitting Members duly elected, and that the Petition did not appear to be frivolous or vexatious, March 2, 1807.

Parl. No. 213. *Cricklade.*

3 H. G. Lord Porchester. Thomas Goddard, esq.

4 H. G. Lord Porchester. J. Estcourt, esq.

No. 214. *Great Bedwin.*

3 Geo. Jas. Visct. Stopford. James Henry Leigh, esq.
Sir Vicary Gibbs, knt.

4 Sir John Nicoll, knt. James Henry Leigh, esq.

¹ Made Comptroller of his Majesty's Household; a new Writ ordered, April 13, 1807.

No. 215. *Luggershall.*

3 Thomas Everitt, esq. Magnens D. Magnens, esq.

4 Thomas Everitt, esq. Magnens D. Magnens, esq.

No. 216. *Old Sarum.*

3 Thomas Lord Blaney. Rt. Hon. Nich. Vansittart.

4 John Dupré Porcher, esq. Rt. Hon. Nich. Vansittart.

No. 217. *Wotton Bassett.*

3 Robert Williams, esq. Robert Knight, esq.

4 John Murray, esq. J. Cheesment, esq.

No. 218.

Parl. No. 218. *Marlborough.*

- 3 Charles Lord Bruce. Cha. Wm. Earl of Dalkeith.¹
James Geo. Visct. Stopford.²
4 Charles Lord Bruce. James Geo. Visct. Stopford.

¹ Eldest Son of the Duke of Buccleuch ; called up to the House of Peers as Baron Tynedale of Tynedale in Northumberland ; a new Writ ordered, April 13, 1807.

² In this Parliament before for Great Bedwin.

No. 219. *Worcester County.*

- 3 Hon. Wm. B. Lygon. Hon. Wm. Henry Lyttelton.
4 Hon. Wm. B. Lygon. Hon. Wm. Henry Lyttelton.

No. 220. *Worcester City.*

- 3 Abram Robarts, esq. Henry Bromley, esq.¹
William Gordon, esq.
4 Abram Robarts, esq. William Gordon, esq.

¹ Made Steward of the Three Chiltern Hundreds ; a new Writ ordered, Feb. 6, 1807.

Parl. 4. John Attersol, esq. petitioned against Mr Gordon's Election. The Petitioner having neglected to enter into Recognizances, the Petition was discharged by order of the House, May 19, 1807.

No. 221. *Droitwich.*

- 3 Hon. Andrew Foley. Sir Th. Ed. Winnington, bt.
4 Hon. Andrew Foley. Sir Th. Ed. Winnington, bt.

No. 222.

Parl. No. 222. *Evesham.*

- 3 William Manning, esq. Humphrey Howorth, esq.
4 William Manning, esq. Sir M. M. Lopez, bart.

No. 223. *Bewdley.*

- 3 Miles P. Andrews, esq.
4 Miles P. Andrews, esq.

No. 224. *York County.*

- 3 Wm. Wilberforce, esq. Walter Fawkes, esq.
4 Wm. Wilberforce, esq. Chas. Wm. Lord Milton.

No. 225. *York City.*

- 3 Sir Wm. M. Milner, bt. Hon. Laurence Dundas:
4 Sir Wm. M. Milner, bt. Sir Mark M. Sykes, bart.

No. 226. *Kingston-upon-Hull.*

- 3 John Staniforth, esq. Wm. John Dennison, esq.
4 John Staniforth, esq. Philip Lord Viscount Mahon.

No. 227. *Knaresborough.*

- 3 John Lord Townshend. Charles Lord Ossulston.
4 John Lord Townshend. Charles Lord Ossulston.

No. 228.

Parl. No. 228. *Scarborough.*

- 3 Hon. Edmund Phipps. Chas. Manners Sutton, esq.
4 Hon. Edmund Phipps. Chas. Manners Sutton, esq.

No. 229. *Rippon.*

- 3 Sir James Graham, bart. Charles Lord Headley.
4 Sir James Graham, bart. George Gipps, esq.

No. 230. *Richmond.*

- 3 Arthur Shakespeare, esq. Hon. Chas. Lau. Dundas.
4 Arthur Shakespeare, esq. Hon. Chas. Lau. Dundas.

No. 231. *Hedon.*

- 3 George Johnstone, esq.¹ Anthony Browne, esq.
4 George Johnstone, esq. Anthony Browne, esq.

¹ Appointed a Commissioner for managing the Affairs of India; a new Writ issued, he was re-elected.

No. 232. *Boroughbridge.*

- 3 Henry Hawkins, esq. William Henry Clinton, esq.
4 Henry Hawkins, esq. William Henry Clinton, esq.

No. 233. *Malton.*

- 3 Bryan Cooke, esq. Chas. Wm. Visct. Milton.
4 Cha. A. Lord Headley. Hon. Charles Dundas.

No. 234.

Parl.

No. 234. *Thirske.*

3 James Topping, esq.	Robert Greenhill, esq.
4 ——— Frankland, esq.	Robert Greenhill, esq.

No. 235. *Aldborough.*

3 Gilbert Jones, esq.	Henry Fynes, esq.
4 Gilbert Jones, esq.	Henry Fynes, esq.

No. 236. *Beverley.*

3 John Wharton, esq.	Richard Vyse, esq.
4 John Wharton, esq.	Wm. Howard Vyse, esq.

No. 237. *Northallerton.*

3 Henry Pierce, esq.	Hon. Edward Lascelles.
4 Henry Pierce, esq.	Hon. Edward Lascelles.

No. 238. *Pontefract.*

3 Rt. Hon. John Smyth.	Robt. Pemb. Milnes, esq.
4 John Lord Pollington.	Robt. Pemb. Milnes, esq.

CINQUE-PORTS.

No. 239. *Hastings.*

- 3 Sir Wm. Middleton, bt. Sir John Nicholl, knt.
4 Rt. Hon. Geo. Canning. Sir Abram Hume, bart.

No. 240. *Dover.*

- 3 Charles Jenkinson, esq. John Jackson, esq.
4 Charles Jenkinson, esq. John Jackson, esq.

No. 241. *Sandwich.*

- 3 Sir Horace Mann, bart. Tho. F. Freemantle, esq.
4 Hon. Cha. Cecil Jenkinson. Peter Rainier, esq.

No. 242. *Hythe.*

- 3 Thomas Godfrey, esq. Chas. Visct. Marsham.
4 William Deeds, esq. Thomas Godfrey, esq.

No. 243. *New Romney.*

- 3 Rt. Hon. W. Windham. John Perring, esq.
4 Thos. Earl of Clonmell. Hon. George Ashburnham.

Parl.

No. 244. *Rye.*

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3 Crauford Bruce, esq. | Michael Angelo Taylor, esq. |
| 4 Sir John Nicholl, knt. | Richard Earl of Clancarty. |

No. 245. *Winchelsea.*

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3 Sir F. Fletcher Vane, bt. | Calverly Bewick, esq. |
| 4 Sir F. Fletcher Vane, bt. | Calverly Bewick, esq. |

No. 246. *Seaford.*

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 3 John Leach, esq. | George Hibbert, esq. |
| 4 John Leach, esq. | George Hibbert, esq. |

WALES.

No. 247. *Anglesea.*

- | |
|--------------------------------|
| 3 Hon. Sir Arthur Paget, K. B. |
| 4 Hon. Berkeley Paget. |

No. 248. *Beaumaris.*

- | |
|---------------------------|
| 3 Thomas Lord Newborough. |
| 4 Thomas Lord Newborough. |

No. 249.

Parl. No. 249. *Brecon County.*

3 Sir Thomas Wood, bart.

4 Sir Thomas Wood, bart.

No. 250. *Brecon Town.*

3 Sir Robert Salusbury, bart.

4 Sir Robert Salusbury, bart.

No. 251. *Cardigan County.*

3 Thomas Johnes, esq.

4 Thomas Johnes, esq.

No. 252. *Cardigan Town.*

3 Hon. John Vaughan.

4 Hon. John Vaughan.

No. 253. *Cardmarthen County.*

3 Sir William Paxton, bart.

4 Lord Robert Seymour.

No. 254. *Cardmarthen Town.*

3 George Campbell, esq.

4 George Campbell, esq.

Parl. No. 255. *Carnarvon County.*

- 3 Sir Robert Williams, bart.
- 4 Sir Robert Williams, bart.

No. 256. *Carnarvon Town.*

- 3 Hon. Charles Paget.
- 4 Hon. Charles Paget.

No. 257. *Denbigh County.*

- 3 Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, bart.
- 4 Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, bart.

No. 258. *Denbigh Town.*

- 3 Robert Middleton Biddulph, esq.
- 4 Robert Middleton Biddulph, esq.

No. 259. *Flint County.*

- 3 Sir Thomas Mostyn, bart.
- 4 Sir Thomas Mostyn, bart.

No. 260. *Flint Town.*

- 3 Sir Edward Price Lloyd, bart.
- 4 William Shipley, esq.

No. 261.

No. 261. *Glamorgan County.*

- 3 Thomas Wyndham, esq.
- 4 Thomas Wyndham, esq.

No. 262. *Cardiff.*

- 3 Lord William Stuart.
- 4 Lord William Stuart.

No. 263. *Merioneth County.*

- 3 Sir Robert Williams Vaughan, bart.
- 4 Sir Robert Williams Vaughan, bart.

No. 264. *Montgomery County.*

- 3 Charles Williams Wynne, esq.
- 4 Charles Williams Wynne, esq.

No. 265. *Montgomery Town.*

- 3 Whitshed Keene, esq.
- 4 Whitshed Keene, esq.

No. 266. *Pembroke County.*

- 3 Richard Lord Milford.
- 4 Richard Lord Milford.

Parl. No. 267. *Pembroke Town.*

3 Hugh Barlow, esq.

4 Hugh Barlow, esq.

No. 268. *Haverford West.*

3 William Lord Kensington.

4 William Lord Kensington.

No. 269. *Radnor County.*

3 Walter Williams, esq.

4 Walter Williams, esq.

No. 270. *New Radnor.*

3 Richard Price, esq.

4 Richard Price, esq.

SCOTLAND.

SCOTLAND.

COUNTIES.

Parl. No. 271. *Aberdeenshire.*

3 James Ferguson, esq.

4 James Ferguson, esq.

No. 272. *Ayrshire.*

3 Sir Hugh Dalrymple Hamilton, bart.

4 David Boyle, esq. Solicitor-General.

No. 273. *Argyllshire.*

3 Lord John Douglas Hamilton Campbell.

4 Lord John Douglas Hamilton Campbell.

No. 274. *Banffshire.*

3 Right Hon. Sir William Grant, knt.

4 Right Hon. Sir William Grant, knt.

No. 275. *Berwickshire.*

3 George Baillie, esq.

4 George Baillie, esq.

Parl. No. 276. *Bute and Caithness-shires by Turns.*

- 3 B. Hon. James Stuart Wortley Mackenzie.
- 4 C. Sir John Sinclair, bart.

No. 277. *Clackmannan and Kinross-shires by Turns.*

- 3 C. Hon. George Abercromby.
- 4 K. William Adam, esq.

No. 278. *Cromarty and Nairn-shires by Turns.*

- 3 N. Henry Frederick Campbell, esq.
- 4 C. Robert Bruce Æneas Macleod, esq.

No. 279. *Dumbartonshire.*

- 3 Charles Edmonstone, esq.
- 4 Henry Glassford, esq.

No. 280. *Dumfries-shire.*

- 3 George Johnstone Hope, esq.¹
- 4 George Johnstone Hope, esq.

¹ Appointed a Commissioner of the Admiralty; a new Writ issued, April 10, 1807, he was re-elected.

No. 281. *Edinburghshire.*

- 3 Hon. Robert Saunders Dundas.
- 4 Hon. Robert Saunders Dundas.¹

¹ Appointed

¹ Appointed one of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India, with a Salary; a new Writ ordered, March 26, 1807, he was re-elected.

No. 282. *Elginshire.*

- 3 James Brodie, esq.
- 4 Francis William Grant, esq.

No. 283. *Fifeshire:*

- 3 Robert Ferguson, esq.
- 4 William Wemyss, esq.

No. 284. *Forfarshire.*

- 3 Hon. William Maule.
- 4 Hon. William Maule.

No. 285. *Haddingtonshire.*

- 3 Hon. Charles Hope.
- 4 Hon. Charles Hope,

No. 286. *Invernessshire.*

- 3 Charles Grant, esq.
- 4 Charles Grant, esq.

No. 287. *Kincardineshire.*

- 3 William Adam, esq.
- 4 William Adam, esq.

No. 288.

Parl. No. 288. *Kirkcudbright Stewartry.*

3 Hon. Montgomery Granville John Stewart.

4 Hon. Montgomery Granville John Stewart.

No. 289. *Lanarkshire.*

3 Lord Archibald Hamilton.

4 Lord Archibald Hamilton.

No. 290. *Linlithgowshire.*

3 Hon. Alexander Hope.

9 Hon. Alexander Hope.

No. 291. *Orkney and Zetland-shires.*

3 Robert Honyman, esq.

4 Malcolm Laing, esq.

No. 292. *Peebles-shire.*

3 Sir James Montgomery, bart.

4 Sir James Montgomery, bart.

No. 293. *Perthshire.*

3 Thomas Graham, esq.

4 Lord James Murray.

No. 294.

Parl. No. 294. *Renfrewshire.*

- 3 William Macdouall, esq.
- 4 William Macdouall, esq.

No. 295. *Ross-shire.*

- 3 Alexander Mackenzie Fraser, esq.
- 4 Alexander Mackenzie Fraser, esq.

No. 296. *Roxburghshire.*

- 3 John Rutherford, esq.
- 4 John Rutherford, esq.

No. 297. *Selkirkshire.*

- 3 William Elliot Lockhart, esq.
- 4 William Elliot Lockhart, esq.

No. 298. *Stirlingshire.*

- 3 Hon. Charles Elphinstone Fleming.
- 4 Hon. Charles Elphinstone Fleming.

No. 299. *Sutherlandshire.*

- 3 Right Hon. William Dundas.
- 4 Right Hon. William Dundas.

No. 300.

Parl. No. 300. *Wigtonshire.*

3 William Maxwell, junr. esq.

4 William Maxwell, junr. esq.

BOROUGHES.

No. 301. *Edinburgh City.*

3 Sir Patrick Murray, bart.

4 Sir Patrick Murray, bart.

No. 302. *Kirkwall, Wick, Dornoch, Tain, and Dingwall.*

3 John Randol Mackenzie, esq.¹

4 John Randol Mackenzie, esq.

¹ Sir John Sinclair, bart. presented a Petition against Mr Mackenzie's Election, but the Committee that tried the same found the sitting Member duly elected, March 6, 1807.

No. 303. *Inverness, Nairn, Fortrose, and Forres.*

3 Francis William Grant, esq.

4 Peter Baillie, esq.

No. 304

No. 304. *Banff, Inverury, Kintore, Elgin, and Cullen.*

Parl.

3 George Skene, esq.

4 Archibald Colquhoun Campbell, esq. Lord Advocate.

No. 305. *Inverbervie, Aberdeen, Montrose, Aberbrothock, and Brechin.*

3 Hon. John Ramsay.

4 James Farquhar, esq.

No. 306. *Perth, Dundee, St Andrews, Cupar, and Forfar.*

3 Sir David Wedderburn, bart.

4 Sir David Wedderburn, bart.

No. 307. *Anstruther Easter, Anstruther Wester, Killyrenny, Pittenweem, and Crail.*

3 Sir John Anstruther, bart.

4 Sir John Anstruther, bart.

No. 308. *Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Kinghorn, and Burntisland.*

3 Ronald Crauford Ferguson, esq.

4 Ronald Crauford Ferguson, esq.

No. 308.

No. 309. *Culross, Dumfermline, Stirling, Inverkeithing,
and Queensferry.*

Parl.

3 Sir John Henderson, bart.

4 Alexander Campbell, esq.

No. 310. *Glasgow, Dumbarton, Renfrew, and Rutherglen.*

3 Archibald Campbell, esq.¹

4 Archibald Campbell, esq.

¹ Several of the Electors petitioned against Mr Campbell's Election.

No. 311. *Linlithgow, Selkirk, Peebles, and Lanark.*

3 Sir Charles Ross, bart.¹

4 William Maxwell, esq.

¹ William Maxwell, esq. petitioned against the Election of Sir Charles Ross, bart. The Committee found Sir Charles Ross, bart. duly elected, March 25, 1807.

No. 312. *Haddington, Dunbar, Lauder, North Berwick, and Jedburgh.*

3 Hon. William Lamb.

4 Sir Patrick Warrender, bart.

No. 313. *Dumfries, Annan, Kirkcudbright, Lochmaben,
and Sanguhar.*

3 Hon. Henry Erskine.

4 Sir J. H. Maxwell, bart.

No. 314.

No. 314. *New Galloway, Stranraer, Wigton, and
Whithorn.*

Parl.

3 Hon. Edward Richard Stewart.

4 Hon. Edward Richard Stewart.

No. 315. *Irvine, Campbelton, Inverary, Ayr, and
Rothsay.*

3 John Campbell, esq.

4 John Campbell, esq.

IRELAND.

IRELAND.

Parl. No. 316. *Antrim County.*

3 Alexr. McNaghten, esq. Hon. John Bruce O'Neil.

4 Alexr. McNaghten, esq. Hon. John Bruce O'Neil,

No. 317. *Lisburn,*

3 Francis Earl of Yarmouth.

4 Francis Earl of Yarmouth.

No. 318. *Belfast.*

3 Edward May, esq.

4 Edward May, esq.

No. 319. *Carrickfergus,*3 Lord Spencer Chichester.¹

James Craig, esq.

4 James Craig, esq.

¹ Appointed Steward of the Three Chiltern Hundreds; a new Writ ordered, March 5, 1807.

No. 320.

Parl. No. 320. *Armagh County.*

- 3 Hon. Henry Caulfield. Right Hon. W. Brownlow.
4 William Richardson, esq. Right Hon. W. Brownlow.

No 321. *Armagh Town.*

- 3 Patrick Duigenan, L.L.D.
4 Patrick Duigenan, L.L.D.

No. 322. *Catherlough County.*

- 3 David Latouche, esq. Walter Bagenal, esq.
4 D. Latouche, junr. esq. Walter Bagenal, esq.

No. 323. *Catherlough Town.*

- 3 Hon. Frederick Robinson.
4 Andrew Strahan, esq.

No. 324. *Cavan County.*

- 3 Nathaniel Sneyd, esq. John Maxwell Barry, esq.
4 Nathaniel Sneyd, esq. John Maxwell Barry, esq.

No. 325. *Clare County.*

- 3 Hon. F. N. Burton. Sir Edward O'Brien, bt.
4 Hon. F. N. Burton. Sir Edward O'Brien, bt.

Parl. No. 326. *Ennis.*

3 Right Hon. James Fitzgerald.

4 Right Hon. James Fitzgerald.

No. 327. *Cork County.*

3 Henry Viscount Boyle. Hon. George Ponsonby.

4 James Viscount Barnard. Hon. George Ponsonby.

No. 328. *Cork City.*

3 Mount. Longfield, esq. Hon. C. H. Hutchinson.

4 Mount. Longfield, esq. Hon. C. H. Hutchinson.

No. 329. *Youghall.*

3 James Viscount Barnard.

4 Henry Viscount Boyle, (now Earl of Shannon.)

No. 330. *Bandon Bridge.*

3 Hon. Courtenay Boyle.

4 Hon. Courtenay Boyle.

No. 331. *Kinsale.*

3 Henry Martin, esq.

4 Henry Martin, esq.

No. 332.

Parl. No. 332. *Mallow.*

- 3 Denham Jephson, esq.
- 4 Denham Jephson, esq.

No. 333. *Donegal County.*

- 3 James Stewart, esq. Henry Vaug. Brooke, esq.
- 4 James Stewart, esq. Henry Vaug. Brooke, esq.

No. 334. *Downe County.*

- 3 Francis Savage, esq. Hon. John Meade.
- 4 Francis Savage, esq. Hon. John Meade.

No. 335. *Newry.*

- 3 Hon. Francis Needham.
- 4 Hon. Francis Needham.

No. 336. *Downpatrick.*

- 3 Edward Southwell Ruthven, esq.
- John Wilson Croker, esq.¹
- 4 John Wilson Croker, esq.

¹ John Wilson Croker, esq. petitioned.

Parl. No. 337. *Drogheda.*

- 3 Henry Meade Ogle, esq.
- 4 Hon. Thomas Henry Foster.

No. 338. *Dublin County.*

- 3 Hans Hamilton, esq. Frederick John Falkiner, esq.
- 4 Hans Hamilton, esq. Richard Wogan Talbot, esq.

No. 339. *Dublin City.*

- 3 Right Hon. H. Grattan.¹ Robert Shaw, esq.
- 4 Right Hon. H. Grattan. Robert Shaw, esq.

¹ Several Electors petitioned against the Election of Mr Grattan.

No. 340. *Dublin University.*

- 3 Hon. George Knox.
- 4 John Leslie Forster, esq.

No. 341. *Fermanagh County.*

- 3 Mervyn Archdall, esq. Hon. G. Lowry Cole.
- 4 Mervyn Archdall, esq. Hon. G. Lowry Cole;

No. 342. *Enniskillen.*

- 3 Nathaniel Sneyd, esq.¹
- 4 Charles Pochin, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Cavan County; a new Writ ordered, January 5, 1807.

No. 343.

Parl. No. 343. *Galway County.*

- 3 Richard Martin, esq. Denis Bowes Daly, esq.
4 Richard Martin, esq. Denis Bowes Daly, esq.

No. 344. *Galway Town.*

- 3 James Daly, esq.
4 James Daly, esq.

No. 345. *Kerry County.*

- 3 Rt. Hon. M. Fitzgerald. Henry Arthur Herbert, esq.
4 Rt. Hon. M. Fitzgerald. Henry Arthur Herbert, esq.

No. 346. *Tralee.*

- 3 Rt. Hon. M. Fitzgerald.¹
Samuel Boddington, esq.²
John Metge, esq.³
Josias Dupré Porcher, esq.
4 Right Hon. Sir Arthur Wellesley, K.B.

¹ Made his Election for the County of Kerry; a new Writ ordered, January 3, 1807.

² Made Steward of the Chiltern Hundreds.

³ Made Escheator of Munster.

No. 347. *Kildare County.*

- 3 Lord Robt. Fitzgerald. Robert Latouche, esq.
4 Lord Robt. Fitzgerald. Robert Latouche, esq.

Parl: No. 348 *Kilkenny County.*

3 Hon. James Butler.	Hon. Frederick Ponsonby.
4 Hon. James Butler.	Hon. Frederick Ponsonby.

No. 349. *Kilkenny Town.*

3 Hon. Charles Howard Butler.	
4 Hon. Charles Howard Butler.	

No. 350. *King's County.*

3 Sir Law. Parsons, bt.	Thomas Bernard, esq.
4 Hardress Lloyd, esq.	Thomas Bernard, esq.

No. 351. *Leitrim County.*

3 Henry J. Clements, esq.	Hon. William Gore.
4 Henry J. Clements, esq.	John Latouche, jun. esq.

No. 352. *Limerick County.*

3 William Odell, esq.	Hon. Windham Quin.
4 William Odell, esq.	Hon. Windham Quin.

No. 353. *Limerick City.*

3 Charles Vereker, esq.	
4 Charles Vereker, esq.	

No. 354.

Parl. No. 354. *Londonderry County.*

- 3 Lord Geo. Beresford.¹ Hon. Chas. W. Stewart.
4 Lord Geo. Beresford. Hon. Chas. W. Stewart.

¹ The Honble. William Ponsonby, and Samuel Lisle, esq. petitioned, 29th December 1806.

No. 355. *Londonderry City.*

- 3 Sir George Fitzgerald Hill, bt.
4 Sir George Fitzgerald Hill, bt.

No. 356. *Coleraine.*

- 3 Sir George Fitzgerald Hill, bt.¹
Walter Jones, esq.
4 Walter Jones, esq.

¹ Made his Election for Londonderry City; a new Writ ordered, January 21, 1807.

No. 357. *Longford County.*

- 3 Sir T. Fetherstone, bt. George Lord Forbes.
4 Sir T. Fetherstone, bt. George Lord Forbes.

No. 358. *Louth County*

- 3 Right Hon. J. Foster. Robert Viscount Jocelyn.
4 Right Hon. J. Foster. Robert Viscount Jocelyn.

Parl. No. 359. *Dundalk.*

3 John Metge, esq.¹

4 Richard Archdall, esq.

¹ Made Escheator of Munster; a new Writ ordered, January 5, 1807.

No. 360. *Mayo County.*

3 Hon. Dennis Browne. Hon. Henry Aug. Dillon.¹

4 Hon. Dennis Browne. Hon. Henry Aug. Dillon.

¹ Sir John Edmund Browne petitioned.

No. 361. *Meath County.*

3 Sir M. Somerville, bt. Thomas Bligh, esq.

4 Sir M. Somerville, bt. Thomas Bligh, esq.

No. 362. *Monaghan County.*

3 Richard Dawson, esq. Charles Powell Leslie, esq.

4 Richard Dawson, esq. Charles Powell Leslie, esq.

No. 363. *Queen's County.*

3 Hon. W. Wel. Pole.¹ Henry Parnell, esq.

4 Hon. W. Wel. Pole. Henry Parnell, esq.

¹ Appointed Clerk of his Majesty's Ordnance; a new Writ ordered, March 26, 1807.

No. 364.

Parl. No. 364. *Portarlington.*

- 3 Sir Oswald Moseley, bt.
- 4 Hon. William Lamb.

No. 365. *Roscommon County.*

- 3 Arthur French, esq. Hon. Stephen Mahon.
- 4 Arthur French, esq. Hon. Stephen Mahon.

No. 366. *Sligo County.*

- 3 Charles O'Hara, esq. Edward Sing. Cooper, esq.
- 4 Charles O'Hara, esq. Edward Sing. Cooper, esq.

No. 367. *Sligo Town.*

- 3 George Canning, esq.
- 4 George Canning, esq.

No. 368. *Tipperary County.*

- 3 Hon. Fran. A. Prittie. Hon. Montagu Matthew.
- 4 Hon. Fran. A. Prittie. Hon. Montagu Matthew.

No. 369. *Cashell City.*

- 3 Archibald Lord Viscount Primrose.
- 4 Archibald Lord Viscount Primrose.

No. 370.

Parl. No. 370. *Clonmell.*

3 William Bagwell, esq.

4 William Bagwell, esq.

No. 271. *Tyrone County.*

3 James Stewart, esq.

Hon. Thomas Knox.

4 James Stewart, esq.

Hon. Thomas Knox.¹

No. 372. *Dungannon.*

3 Hon. George Knox.¹

4 John Claude Hamilton.

¹ Made his Election for the University of Dublin; a new Writ ordered, January 8, 1807.

No. 373. *Waterford County.*

3 John Claud. Beresford.

Richard Power, esq.

4 John Claud. Beresford.

Richard Power, esq.

No. 374. *Waterford City.*

3 Sir John Newport, bt.

4 Sir John Newport, bt.

No. 375. *Dungarvan.*

3 Hon. George Walpole.

4 Hon. George Walpole.

No. 376.

Parl. No. 376. *Westmeath County.*

- 3 Gust. H. Rochfort, esq. William Smyth, esq.
- 4 Gust. H. Rochfort, esq. William Smyth, esq.

No. 377. *Athlone.*

- 3 Right Hon. George Tierney.
- 4 Hon. Henry Wellesley.

No. 378. *Wexford County.*

- 3 John Shap. Carew, esq. John Colclough, esq.
- 4 Abel Ram, esq. William Cong. Alcock, esq.

No. 379. *Wexford Town.*

- 3 Robert Wigram, esq.
- 4 Richard Nevill, esq.

No. 380. *New Ross.*

- 3 Charles Leigh, esq.
- 4 William Wigram, esq.

No. 381. *Wicklow County.*

- 3 Wm. Hoare Hume, esq. William Tighe, esq.
- 4 Wm. Hoare Hume, esq. William Tighe, esq.

RETURNED

RETURNED FOR TWO PLACES.

Kincardineshire and Kinrossshire,

William Adam, esq.

Flint and St Maw's,

William Shipley, esq.

Eye and Athlone,

Hon. Henry Wellesley.

Kingston-upon-Hull and Wendover,

Philip Lord Viscount Mahon.

Cumberland and Cockermouth,

John Lowther, esq.

Banbury and Newton, Hants,

Dudley North, esq.

Northumberland and Launceston,

Hugh Earl Percy.

Bedfordshire and Tavistock,

Hon. Richard Fitzpatrick.

Lincolnshire and East Grimsby,

Hon. Charles Pelham.

Carmar-

Carmarthenshire and Orford,

Lord Robert Seymour.

Northallerton and Rye,

Hon. Edward Lascelles.

IN the First Session of the Fourth Imperial Parliament, Petitions were presented from the following Places, against undue Elections for the same, all which Petitions were ordered to be taken into Consideration on the Meeting of the Second Session of the said Parliament, viz.—

COUNTIES.

Dublin.	Renfrew.
Kincardine.	Tipperary.
Kinross.	Wexford, <i>Two Petitions.</i>

BOROUGHs, &c.

Bridgewater.	Malmesbury.
Chippenham.	Newcastle-under-Line.
Christ-Church.	New Malton.
East Grinstead.	Newry.
Grampound.	Nottingham.
Lancaster.	Poole, <i>Two Petitions.</i>
Liverpool.	Saltash.
Maldon.	Westminster.

Dublin University.

NEW WRITS

Were also ordered in room of the following, viz.—

<i>Cockermouth,</i>	- - - vice	John Lowther.
<i>Launceston,</i>	- - - vice	Earl Percy.
<i>Northallerton,</i>	- - - vice	Mr Lascelles.
<i>St Michael's,</i>	- - - vice	Ed. L. Gower.
<i>Tavistock,</i>	- - - vice	General Fitzpatrick.
<i>Tralee,</i>	- - - vice	Sir Ar. Wellesley.
<i>Westbury,</i>	- - - vice	Hon. Ed. Lascelles.
<i>St Mawes,</i>	- - - vice	—— Shipley.

ERRATUM.

Page 354, for Scotch Peerages forfeited in 1715, read Scotch Peerages forfeited in 1745.

END OF VOLUME THIRD.

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DO NOT CIRCULATE



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